

tenure, and upon the same terms, for the support of schools in such fractional townships, as sections numbered sixteen are, or may be, held in the State of Missouri.

Approved, June 22, 1874.

CHAP. 423.—An act authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to deliver to the Connecticut Historical Society certain papers on file as vouchers for the discharged claims of the heirs of Silas Deane.

June 22, 1874.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to deliver to the Connecticut Historical Society the papers now on file in the Treasury Department as vouchers in support of the claims of the heirs of Silas Deane, it being understood that those claims have been fully satisfied and discharged, and that the heirs aforesaid have transferred to said historical Society all the papers of historical interest left by said Silas Deane: *Provided,* That copies of said papers shall be left on file in said Department.

Vouchers of heirs of Silas Deane to be transferred to Connecticut Historical Society.

Copies to be left on file in Treasury Department.

Approved, June 22, 1874.

CHAP. 424.—An act to extend the act of March third, eighteen hundred and seventy-three, entitled "An act for the extension of time to the Saint Paul and Pacific Railroad Company for the completion of its roads.

June 22, 1874.

1873, ch. 331, vol. xvii, p. 631.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the provisions of the act of Congress approved March third, eighteen hundred and seventy-three, entitled "An act for the extension of time to the Saint Paul and Pacific Railroad Company for the completion of its roads," be, and the same are hereby revived and extended until the third day of March, A. D. eighteen hundred and seventy-six, and no longer upon the following conditions: That all rights of actual settlers and their grantees who have heretofore in good faith entered upon and actually resided on any of said lands prior to the passage of this act, or who otherwise have legal rights in any of such lands shall be saved and secured to such settlers or such other persons in all respects the same as if said lands had never been granted to aid in the construction of the said lines of railroad.

Time for completing Saint Paul and Pacific Railroad extended.

Rights of settlers.

SEC. 2. That the company taking the benefit of this act shall before acquiring any rights under it, by a certificate made and signed by the president and a majority at least of the directors, and sealed with the corporate seal, accept the conditions contained in this act, and file such acceptance in the Department of the Interior for record and preservation.

Acceptance of conditions by company.

Approved, June 22, 1874.

CHAP. 453.—An act to prevent hazing at the Naval Academy

June 23, 1874.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That in all cases when it shall come to the knowledge of the superintendent of the Naval Academy, at Annapolis, that any cadet-midshipman or cadet-engineer has been guilty of the offense commonly known as hazing, it shall be the duty of said superintendent to order a court-martial, composed of not less than three commissioned officers, who shall minutely examine into all the facts and circumstances of the case and make a finding thereon; and any cadet-midshipman or cadet-engineer found guilty of said offense by said court shall, upon recommendation of said court be dismissed; and

Hazing at Naval Academy.

Offenders to be court-martialed.

Cadet found guilty to be dismissed.

such finding, when approved by said superintendent, shall be final; and the cadet so dismissed from said Naval Academy shall be forever ineligible to appointment and the cadet so dismissed from said Naval Academy shall be forever ineligible to re-appointment to said Naval Academy.

Approved, June 23, 1874.

June 23, 1874.
1863, ch. 91, vol.
xii, p. 762.

Justice of supreme
court District of Co-
lumbia, holding
term of criminal
court, may also hold
sittings of the cir-
cuit court.

CHAP. 454.—An act to amend the act entitled "An act to reorganize the courts in the District of Columbia, and for other purposes," approved March 3, 1863.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the justice of the supreme court of the District of Columbia, holding a criminal term for said District, may, when not engaged in the proper business of the criminal term, hold sittings of the circuit court, and employ the petit juries drawn for the criminal term in the trial of such cases depending in said circuit court as the justice presiding therein may assign to him for that purpose; and the business done at such sittings shall be recorded in the minutes of the circuit court.

Approved, June 23, 1874.

June 23, 1874.

CHAP. 455.—An act making appropriations for sundry civil expenses of the Government for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and seventy-five, and for other purposes.

Appropriation for
sundry civil ex-
penses for year end-
ing June 30, 1875.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be, and the same are hereby, appropriated, for the objects hereinafter expressed, for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and seventy-five, namely:

PUBLIC PRINTING AND BINDING.

For the public printing, for the public binding, and for paper for the public printing, including the cost of printing the debates and proceedings of Congress in the Congressional Record, one million six hundred and forty-five thousand five hundred and seven dollars and sixty-six cents; and out of the sum hereby appropriated, printing and binding may be done by the Congressional Printer to the amounts following, namely:

<p>Court of claims. Executive Depart- ments. Supreme Court of United States. Supreme court of District of Columbia. Congress. Printing of annual reports of Executive Departments lim- ited. No expensive maps or illustra- tions without spe- cial order of Con- gress. Lithographing, &c., for Congress, Supreme Court, and Court of Claims. Compiling, &c., Congressional Di- rectory. How expended.</p>	<p>For the Court of Claims, ten thousand dollars; for the Department of State, twenty-five thousand dollars; for the Treasury Department, three hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars; for the War Department, one hundred thousand dollars; for the Navy Department, seventy-five thousand dollars; for the Interior Department, two hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars; for the Agricultural Department, twenty thousand dollars; for the Department of Justice and the Attorney-General's Office, ten thousand dollars; for the Supreme Court of the United States, twenty-five thousand dollars; for the supreme court of the District of Columbia, five thousand dollars; for the Post-Office Department, one hundred and seventy-five thousand dollars; and for both Houses of Congress, six hundred and fifty thousand five hundred and seven dollars and sixty-six cents: <i>Provided</i>, That hereafter the Congressional Printer shall print, upon the order of the heads of the Executive Departments, respectively, only such limited number of the annual reports of such Departments and necessary accompanying reports of subordinates as may be deemed necessary for the use of Congress: <i>Provided, however</i>, That no expensive maps or illustrations shall be printed without the special order of Congress. For lithographing, mapping, and engraving for both Houses of Congress, the Supreme Court, and the Court of Claims, thirty thousand dollars. For the expenses of compiling and preparing the Congressional Directory, twelve hundred dollars; which shall be expended under the</p>
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