

quitclaim deed, and to deposit the proceeds of said sale in the Treasury of the United States as a miscellaneous receipt.

Approved, February 25, 1919.

February 25, 1919.
[H. R. 10663.]

[Public, No. 233.]

CHAP. 27.—An Act To convey a strip of land on the site of the Federal building at Princeton, Indiana.

Princeton, Ind.
Strip from public
building site conveyed
to.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and empowered to convey, by quit-claim deed, to the city of Princeton, Indiana, for the purpose of a public alley, and for no other purpose, all the right, title, and interest of the United States of America in and to a strip of land off the rear of the Federal building site in said city five feet in width to provide, in connection with land adjacent thereto, a ten-foot alley: *Provided,* That the city of Princeton shall open said alley and improve and maintain the same as other public alleys of said city are improved and maintained.

Proviso.
Condition.

Approved, February 25, 1919.

February 25, 1919.
[H. R. 11948.]

[Public, No. 264.]

CHAP. 28.—An Act Granting the consent of Congress to the Great Southern Lumber Company, a corporation of the State of Pennsylvania, doing business in the State of Mississippi, to construct a bridge across Pearl River, at or near the north line of section twenty-two, township eight north, range twenty-one west, west of the basis meridian, in the land district east of Pearl River, in the State of Mississippi.

Pearl River.
Great Southern Lum-
ber Company may
bridge, in Mississippi.

Location.

Construction.
Vol. 34, p. 84.

Amendment.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the consent of Congress is hereby granted to the Great Southern Lumber Company, a corporation of the State of Pennsylvania, doing business in the State of Mississippi, its successors and assigns, to construct, maintain, and operate a bridge and approaches thereto across the Pearl River at a point suitable to the interests of navigation, at or near the north line of section twenty-two, in township eight north, range twenty-one west, of the basis meridian, in the land district east of Pearl River, in the State of Mississippi, in accordance with the provisions of an Act entitled "An Act to regulate the construction of bridges over navigable waters," approved March twenty-third, nineteen hundred and six.

SEC. 2. That the right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved, February 25, 1919.

February 25, 1919.
[H. R. 12001.]

[Public, No. 265.]

CHAP. 29.—An Act To amend an Act entitled "An Act to codify, revise, and amend the laws relating to the judiciary," approved March third, nineteen hundred and eleven.

Judicial Code amend-
ments.

District judges.
Pay increased.
Vol. 36, p. 1087, amend-
ed.

Circuit courts of ap-
peals.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section two of the Act entitled "An Act to codify, revise, and amend the laws relating to the judiciary," approved March third, nineteen hundred and eleven, be, and the same hereby is, amended so as to read as follows:

"SEC. 2. Each of the district judges, including the judges in Porto Rico, Hawaii, and Alaska exercising Federal jurisdiction, shall receive a salary of \$7,500 a year, to be paid in monthly installments."

SEC. 2. That section one hundred and eighteen of the Act aforesaid be, and the same is hereby, amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 118. There shall be in the second, seventh, and eighth circuits, respectively, four circuit judges; in the fourth circuit, two circuit judges; and in each of the other circuits, three circuit judges, to be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. All circuit judges shall receive a salary of \$8,500 a year each, payable monthly. Each circuit judge shall reside within his circuit. The circuit judges in each circuit shall be judges of the circuit court of appeals in that circuit, and it shall be the duty of each circuit judge in each circuit to sit as one of the judges of the circuit court of appeals in that circuit from time to time according to law: *Provided*, That nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent any circuit judge holding district court or otherwise, as provided for and authorized in other sections of this Act."

Circuit judges authorized.
Vol. 36, p. 1131, amended.

Salary increased.
Residence.
Service.

Proviso.
In district courts, etc.

District of Columbia.
Pay of judges, supreme court, and court of appeals.
Vol. 32, p. 825, amended.

SEC. 3. That the judges of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia shall receive salaries the same as salaries provided by this Act to be paid to judges of district courts of the United States, and such salaries shall be paid as now provided by law. The judges of the Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia shall receive salaries the same as the salaries provided by this Act to be paid to judges of the circuit court of appeals of the United States, and such salaries shall be paid as now provided by law.

Court of Claims.

SEC. 4. That section one hundred and thirty-six of the Act aforesaid be, and the same is hereby, amended so as to read as follows:

Constitution of.
Vol. 36, p. 1135, amended.

"SEC. 136. The Court of Claims established by Act of February twenty-fourth, eighteen hundred and fifty-five, shall be continued. It shall consist of a Chief Justice and four judges, who shall be appointed by the President by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, and hold their offices during good behavior. Each of them shall take an oath to support the Constitution of the United States and to discharge faithfully the duties of his office. The Chief Justice shall be entitled to receive an annual salary of \$8,000, and each of the other judges an annual salary of \$7,500, payable monthly from the Treasury."

Pay of judges increased.

SEC. 5. That the judges of the United States Court of Customs Appeal shall receive salaries equal in amount to the salaries provided by this Act to be paid judges of the Circuit Court of Appeals of the United States, payable monthly from the Treasury.

Court of Customs Appeals.
Pay of judges increased.
Vol. 36, p. 1143, amended.

SEC. 6. That section two hundred and sixty of the Act aforesaid be, and the same is hereby, amended so as to read as follows:

Retired judges.

"SEC. 260. That when any judge of any court of the United States, appointed to hold his office during good behavior, resigns his office after having held a commission or commissions as judge of any such court or courts at least ten years continuously, and having attained the age of seventy years, he shall, during the residue of his natural life, receive the salary which is payable at the time of his resignation for the office that he held at the time of his resignation. But, instead of resigning, any judge other than a justice of the Supreme Court, who is qualified to resign under the foregoing provisions, may retire, upon the salary of which he is then in receipt, from regular active service on the bench, and the President shall thereupon be authorized to appoint a successor; but a judge so retiring may nevertheless be called upon by the senior circuit judge of that circuit and be by him authorized to perform such judicial duties in such circuit as such retired judge may be willing to undertake, or he may be called upon by the Chief Justice and be by him authorized to perform such judicial duties in any other circuit as such retired judge may be willing to undertake, or he may be called upon either by the presiding judge or senior judge of any other such court and be by him authorized to perform such judicial duties in such court as such retired judge may be willing to undertake.

Resigning after specified service to have pay continued.
Vol. 36, p. 1161, amended.

Retiring from active service, a successor to be appointed.

Voluntary service may be assigned.

Additional judge may be appointed when incapacitated judge entitled to retire does not resign.

Retired or incapacitated judge to be junior to remaining judges.

Senior judge to appoint officials in case of disagreement.

If additional judge appointed, vacancy by death, etc., of retired, not to be filled.

Effective date.

February 25, 1919.
[H. R. 12881.]

[Public, No. 266.]

El Dorado, Kans.
Limit of cost increased for public building.
Vol. 37, p. 874, amended.

"In the event any circuit judge, or district judge, having so held a commission or commissions at least ten years continuously, and having attained the age of seventy years as aforesaid, shall nevertheless remain in office, and not resign or retire as aforesaid, the President, if he finds that any such judge is unable to discharge efficiently all the duties of his office by reason of mental or physical disability of permanent character, may, when necessary for the efficient dispatch of business, appoint, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, an additional circuit judge of the circuit or district judge of the district to which such disabled judge belongs. And the judge so retiring voluntarily, or whose mental or physical condition caused the President to appoint an additional judge, shall be held and treated as if junior in commission to the remaining judges of said court, who shall, in the order of the seniority of their respective commissions, exercise such powers and perform such duties as by law may be incident to seniority. In districts where there may be more than one district judge, if the judges or a majority of them can not agree upon the appointment of officials of the court, to be appointed by such judges, then the senior judge shall have the power to make such appointments.

"Upon the death, resignation, or retirement of any circuit or district judge, so entitled to resign, following the appointment of any additional judge as provided in this section, the vacancy caused by such death, resignation, or retirement of the said judge so entitled to resign shall not be filled."

SEC. 7. That this Act shall take effect and be in force on and after the first day of the month next following its approval.

Approved, February 25, 1919.

CHAP. 30.—An Act To increase the cost of the public building at El Dorado, Kansas.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section four of the Act of Congress approved March fourth, nineteen hundred and thirteen, authorizing and directing the Secretary of the Treasury to contract for the acquisition by purchase or otherwise of a site and to contract for the erection and completion thereon of a suitable building, including fireproof vaults, heating and ventilating apparatus, and approaches, complete, for the use and accommodation of the United States post office and other Government offices at El Dorado, Kansas, be, and the same is hereby, amended so as to increase the limit of cost for said building from \$60,000 to \$95,000.

Approved, February 25, 1919.

February 25, 1919.
[H. R. 12996.]

[Public, No. 267.]

Mahoning River.
Youngstown Sheet and Tube Company may bridge, East Youngstown, Ohio.

CHAP. 31.—An Act Granting the consent of Congress to the Youngstown Sheet and Tube Company to construct, maintain, and operate a bridge across the Mahoning River, in the State of Ohio.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the consent of Congress is hereby granted to the Youngstown Sheet and Tube Company, its successors and assigns, to construct, maintain, and operate a bridge and approaches thereto for carrying water lines, electric transmission lines, and so forth, across the Mahoning River, at a point suitable to the interests of navigation at or near the town of East Youngstown, County of Mahoning, State of Ohio, in accordance with the provisions of an Act entitled "An Act to regulate the construction

Construction.
Vol. 34, p. 84.