PUBLIC LAWS OF THE SIXTY-EIGHTH CONGRESS
OF THE
UNITED STATES

Passed at the first session, which was begun and held at the city of Washington, in the
District of Columbia, on Monday, the third day of December, 1923, and was adjourned without day on Saturday, the seventh day of June, 1924.

CALVIN COOLIDGE, President; ALBERT B. CUMMINS, President of the Senate pro tempore; CHARLES CURTIS, Acting President of the Senate pro tempore, March 7, 12, and 13, 1924; GEORGE H. MOSES, Acting President of the Senate pro tempore, March 10, 24, and 25, May 26, 1924; JAMES W. WADSWORTH, Jr., Acting President of the Senate pro tempore, March 14 to 18, 1924; SELDEN P. SPENCER, Acting President of the Senate pro tempore, May 24, 1924; FREDERICK H. GILLETT, Speaker of the House of Representatives.

CHAP. 1.—Joint Resolution Authorizing payment of the salaries of the officers and employees of Congress for December, 1923, on the 20th day of that month. (Pub. Res., No. 1.)

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Senate and the Clerk of the House of Representatives are authorized and directed to pay to the officers and employees of the Senate and House of Representatives, including the Capitol police, the Legislative Drafting Service, and employees paid on vouchers under authority of resolutions, their respective salaries for the month of December, 1923, on the 20th day of that month.

Approved, December 18, 1923.

CHAP. 2.—An Act Providing for a per capita payment of $100 to each enrolled member of the Chippewa Tribe of Minnesota from the funds standing to their credit in the Treasury of the United States. (Pub. No. 1.)

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Interior be, and he is hereby, authorized to withdraw from the Treasury of the United States so much as may be necessary of the principal fund on deposit to the credit of the Chippewa Indians in the State of Minnesota, arising under section 7 of the Act of January 14, 1889 (Twenty-fifth Statutes at Large, 642), entitled “An Act for the relief and civilization of the Chippewa Indians in the State of Minnesota,” and to make therefrom a per capita payment or distribution of $100 to each enrolled member of the tribe, under such rules and regulations as the said Secretary may prescribe: Provided, That before any payment is made hereunder the Chippewa Indians of Minnesota shall, in such manner as may be prescribed


Chippewa Indians of Minnesota.
Per capita payment from principal fund to tribal members.
Vol. 25, p. 642.

January 25, 1924. [H. R. 183.] [Public, No. 1.]

Proviso.
Acceptance by tribe.
SIXTY-EIGHTH CONGRESS. Sess. I. Chs. 2, 3, 5, 6. 1924.

by the Secretary of the Interior, ratify the provisions of this Act and accept same: Provided further, That the money paid to the Indians as authorized herein shall not be subject to any lien or claim of attorneys or other parties.

Approved, January 25, 1924.

CHAP. 3.—Joint Resolution Extending the time during which certain domestic animals which have crossed the boundary line into foreign countries may be returned duty free.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That despite the provisions of paragraph 1506 of Title II of the Tariff Act of 1922, horses, mules, asses, cattle, sheep, goats, and other domestic animals, which heretofore have strayed across the boundary line into any foreign country, or been driven across such boundary line by the owner for temporary pasturage purposes only, or which may so stray or be driven before May 1, 1924, shall, together with their offspring, be admitted free of duty under regulations to be prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury, if brought back to the United States at any time before December 31, 1924.

Sec. 2. Any duties paid on any such domestic animals and offspring thereof returned to the United States after March 1, 1923, and before the enactment of this resolution shall be refunded by the Secretary of the Treasury, and the necessary moneys to make such refunds are hereby authorized to be appropriated.

Approved, January 25, 1924.

CHAP. 5.—An Act To extend the time for the completion of the construction of a bridge across the Columbia River between the States of Oregon and Washington at or within two miles westerly from Cascade Locks in the State of Oregon.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the time for the completion of the construction of a bridge and approaches thereto across the Columbia River at a point suitable to the interests of navigation at or near a point within two miles westerly from Cascade Locks, in the county of Hood River, State of Oregon, authorized by the Act of Congress approved February 3, 1920, is hereby extended to February 15, 1926.

Sec. 2. That the right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved, January 30, 1924.

CHAP. 6.—An Act Granting the consent of Congress to the construction, maintenance, and operation by the Valley Transfer Railway Company, its successors and assigns, of a bridge across the Mississippi River between Hennepin and Ramsey Counties, Minnesota.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the consent of Congress is hereby granted to the Valley Transfer Railway Company, a corporation organized and existing under the laws of Minnesota, its successors and assigns, to construct, maintain, and operate a bridge and approaches thereto across the Mississippi River between Hennepin and Ramsey Counties, Minnesota, at a point suitable to the interests of navigation and near where the line between