by the Secretary of the Interior, ratify the provisions of this Act and accept same: Provided further, That the money paid to the Indians as authorized herein shall not be subject to any lien or claim of attorneys or other parties.

Approved, January 25, 1924.

January 25, 1924.


CHAP. 3.—Joint Resolution Extending the time during which certain domestic animals which have crossed the boundary line into foreign countries may be returned duty free.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That despite the provisions of paragraph 1506 of Title II of the Tariff Act of 1922, horses, mules, asses, cattle, sheep, goats, and other domestic animals, which heretofore have strayed across the boundary line into any foreign country, or been driven across such boundary line by the owner for temporary pasturage purposes only, or which may so stray or be driven before May 1, 1924, shall, together with their offspring, be admitted free of duty under regulations to be prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury, if brought back to the United States at any time before December 31, 1924.

Sec. 2. Any duties paid on any such domestic animals and offspring thereof returned to the United States after March 1, 1923, and before the enactment of this resolution shall be refunded by the Secretary of the Treasury, and the necessary moneys to make such refunds are hereby authorized to be appropriated.

Approved, January 25, 1924.

January 30, 1924.

[Pub. No. 3.]

CHAP. 5.—An Act To extend the time for the completion of the construction of a bridge across the Columbia River between the States of Oregon and Washington at or within two miles westerly from Cascade Locks in the State of Oregon.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the time for the completion of the construction of a bridge and approaches thereto across the Columbia River at a point suitable to the interests of navigation at or near a point within two miles westerly from Cascade Locks, in the county of Hood River, State of Oregon, authorized by the Act of Congress approved February 3, 1920, is hereby extended to February 15, 1926.

Sec. 2. That the right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved, January 30, 1924.

January 30, 1924.

CHAP. 6.—An Act Granting the consent of Congress to the construction, maintenance, and operation by the Valley Transfer Railway Company, its successors and assigns, of a bridge across the Mississippi River between Hennepin and Ramsey Counties, Minnesota.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the consent of Congress is hereby granted to the Valley Transfer Railway Company, a corporation organized and existing under the laws of Minnesota, its successors and assigns, to construct, maintain, and operate a bridge and approaches thereto across the Mississippi River between Hennepin and Ramsey Counties, Minnesota, at a point suitable to the interests of navigation and near where the line between
the city of Minneapolis and the Fort Snelling Military Reservation, extended, would cross said river, in accordance with the provisions of the Act entitled, "An Act to regulate the construction of bridges over navigable waters," approved March 23, 1906.

Sec. 2. That the right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved, January 30, 1924.

CHAP. 7.—An Act Granting the consent of Congress to the State of South Dakota for the construction of a bridge across the Missouri River between Brule County and Lyman County, South Dakota.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the consent of Congress is hereby granted to the State of South Dakota to construct, maintain, and operate a bridge and approaches thereto across the Missouri River, at a point suitable to the interests of navigation between Brule County and Lyman County, South Dakota, in accordance with the provisions of an Act entitled “An Act to regulate the construction of bridges over navigable waters,” approved March 23, 1906.

Sec. 2. That the right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved, January 30, 1924.

CHAP. 8.—An Act Granting the consent of Congress to the State of South Dakota for the construction of a bridge across the Missouri River between Walworth County and Corson County, South Dakota.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the consent of Congress is hereby granted to the State of South Dakota to construct, maintain, and operate a bridge and approaches thereto across the Missouri River at a point suitable to the interests of navigation between Walworth County and Corson County, South Dakota, in accordance with the provisions of an Act entitled “An Act to regulate the construction of bridges over navigable waters,” approved March 23, 1906.

Sec. 2. That the right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved, January 30, 1924.

CHAP. 9.—An Act To authorize the National Society United States Daughters of 1812 to place a bronze tablet on the Francis Scott Key Bridge.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the National Society United States Daughters of 1812 is authorized to place, on the Francis Scott Key Bridge across Potomac River, a bronze tablet, inscribed with the insignia of such society and with the last verse of the Star Spangled Banner, after the plans and specifications for such tablet have been submitted to, and approved by the Commission of Fine Arts on such plans and specifications, the installation of said tablet to be under the direction of the Commissioners of the District of Columbia.

Sec. 2. Such tablet shall be erected without expense to the Government of the United States.

Approved, January 30, 1924.