have been filed when such amendment was filed; except that an amend-
ment filed with the consent of the Commission, prior to the effective
date of the registration statement, or filed pursuant to an order of the
Commission, shall be treated as a part of the registration statement.”
Approved, August 22, 1940.

[CHAPTER 687]

AN ACT

Relating to the issuance by the Secretary of the Interior of a patent to the State
of Minnesota for certain lands in that State.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the
United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary
of the Interior may cancel the patent issued on August 24, 1886, to
Joe Blair, as allottee numbered 4 of the Fond du Lac Indian Reser-
vation, Minnesota, for the north half of the northeast quarter of
section 30, township 49 north, range 17 west, of the fourth principal
meridian in Minnesota, and may issue to the State of Minnesota
as a fee-simple patent for the tract of land described. If issued,
the fee-simple patent shall operate as a full and complete convey-
ance of any and all right, title, or interest that the heirs of Joe
Blair, deceased allottee numbered 4 of the Fond du Lac Indian Reser-
vation, Minnesota, and that the United States of America may
have in and to said described lands. Prior to the issuance of such
patent, the Secretary of the Interior may require the State of Minne-
sota, at its expense, to furnish satisfactory evidence that there are
no outstanding liens, encumbrances, or other conveyances of record
against said lands other than the original patent issued under
date of August 24, 1886, to the said Joe Blair covering the lands
hereinabove described.

Approved, August 22, 1940.

[CHAPTER 688]

AN ACT

To provide for the deposit of certain collections for overtime immigration services
to the credit of the appropriation chargeable with the payment for such serv-
ices, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the
United States of America in Congress assembled, That moneys col-
lected on or after July 1, 1941, as extra compensation for overtime
service of inspectors and employees of the Immigration Service pur-
suant to the Act of March 2, 1931 (46 Stat. 1467), shall be deposited in
the Treasury of the United States to the credit of the appropriation for
the payment of salaries, field personnel of the Immigration and Natu-
ralization Service, and the appropriation so credited shall be available
for the payment of such compensation.

Approved, August 22, 1940.

[CHAPTER 689]

JOINT RESOLUTION

To strengthen the common defense and to authorize the President to order
members and units of reserve components and retired personnel of the Regular
Army into active military service.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United
States of America in Congress assembled, That during the period
ending June 30, 1942, the President be, and is hereby, authorized
from time to time to order into the active military service of the
United States for a period of twelve consecutive months each, any
or all members and units of any or all reserve components of the Army of the United States (except that any person in the National Guard of the United States under the age of 18 years so ordered into the active military service shall be immediately issued an honorable discharge from the National Guard of the United States), and retired personnel of the Regular Army, with or without their consent, to such extent and in such manner as he may deem necessary for the strengthening of the national defense: Provided, That the members and units of the reserve components of the Army of the United States ordered into active Federal service under this authority shall not be employed beyond the limits of the Western Hemisphere except in the territories and possessions of the United States, including the Philippine Islands.

Sec. 2. All National Guard, Reserve, and retired personnel ordered into the active military service of the United States under the foregoing special authority, shall from the dates on which they are respectively required by such order to report for duty in such service, be subject to the respective laws and regulations relating to enlistments, reenlistments, employment, conduct, rights, and privileges, and discharge of such personnel in such service to the same extent in all particulars as if they had been ordered into such service under existing general statutory authorizations.

Sec. 3. (a) Any member of any reserve component of the land or naval forces who is on active duty or who may be assigned to active duty and who, in the judgment of those in authority over him, satisfactorily completes such active duty, and any person so ordered into the active military service of the United States who, in the judgment of those in authority over him, satisfactorily completes the period of service required under this joint resolution, shall be entitled to a certificate to that effect upon the completion of such active duty or such period of service, which shall include a record of any special proficiency or merit attained. In addition, each such person who is assigned to such active duty or ordered into such active military service shall be given a physical examination at the beginning of such active duty or service and a medical statement showing any physical defects noted upon such examination; and upon the completion of the period of such active duty or service, each such person shall be given another physical examination and shall be given a medical statement showing any injuries, illnesses or disabilities suffered by him during such period of active duty or service.

(b) In the case of any such person who, in order to perform such active duty or such service, has left or leaves a position, other than a temporary position, in the employ of any employer and who (1) receives such certificate, (2) is still qualified to perform the duties of such position, and (3) makes application for reemployment within forty days after he is relieved from such active duty or service—

(A) if such position was in the employ of the United States Government, its Territories or possessions, or the District of Columbia, such person shall be restored to such position or to a position of like seniority, status and pay;

(B) if such position was in the employ of a private employer, such employer shall restore such person to such position or to a position of like seniority, status and pay unless the employer's circumstances have so changed as to make it impossible or unreasonable to do so;

(C) if such position was in the employ of any State or political subdivision thereof it is hereby declared to be the sense of the Congress that such person should be restored to such position or to a position of like seniority, status and pay.
Reemployment without loss of seniority, etc.  
*Post*, p. 891.

Discharge restriction.

Proceedings against noncomplying employers.  
*Post*, p. 891.

Hearing.

U. S. district attorneys to represent claimants.

(c) Any person who is restored to a position in accordance with the provisions of paragraphs (A) or (B) of subsection (b) shall be so restored without loss of seniority, insurance participation or benefits, or other benefits, and such person shall not be discharged from such position without cause within one year after such restoration.

(d) In case any private employer fails or refuses to comply with the provisions of subsection (b) or subsection (c), the district court of the United States for the district in which such private employer maintains a place of business shall have power, upon the filing of a motion, petition, or other appropriate pleading by the person entitled to the benefits of such provisions, to specifically require such employer to comply with such provisions. The court shall order a speedy hearing in any such case and shall advance it on the calendar. Upon application to the United States district attorney for the district in which such private employer maintains a place of business, by any person claiming to be entitled to the benefits of such provisions, such United States district attorney, if reasonably satisfied that the person so applying is entitled to such benefits, shall appear and act as attorney for such person in the amicable adjustment of the claim or in the filing of any motion, petition or other appropriate pleading and the prosecution thereof to specifically require such employer to comply with such provisions: Provided, That no fees or court costs shall be taxed against the person so applying for such benefits.

(e) Any member of any reserve component of the Army of the United States below the rank of captain who is ordered into the active military service of the United States pursuant to this joint resolution, who has any person or persons dependent solely upon him for support, and who has no other means of support except the wages, salary or other compensation for personal services that he earns, may resign or shall be discharged upon his own request made within twenty days of the date of his entry into such active military service.

SEC. 4. (a) The benefits of the Soldiers and Sailors Civil Relief Act, approved March 8, 1918, are hereby extended to all National Guard, Reserve, and retired personnel ordered into the active military service under authority of this joint resolution, so long as such personnel are in such service and for sixty days thereafter, and except as hereinafter provided, the provisions of such Act shall be effective for such purposes.

(b) For the purposes of this section—

(1) the following provisions of such Act of March 8, 1918, shall be inoperative: Section 100; and paragraphs (1), (2), and (5) of section 101; article 4; article 5; paragraph (2) of section 601; and section 603.

(2) the term “persons in military service”, when used in such Act, shall be deemed to mean persons ordered into the active military service under the authority of this joint resolution.

(3) the term “period of military service”, when used in such Act, when applicable with respect to any person, shall be deemed to mean the period beginning with the date on which such person is ordered into such active military service and ending with the date on which he is relieved from such service.

SEC. 5. All laws and parts of laws in conflict herewith are hereby suspended to the extent that they may be in conflict with any provision hereof.

Approved, August 27, 1940.