within each grade their names shall appear in the order of their precedence determined by the total amount of service creditable to them for promotion purposes under existing law and in cases of an equal amount of such service, the officer with the greatest amount of continuous commissioned service on the active list of the Regular Army shall have precedence, and, in cases where this is the same, precedence shall be in accordance with permanent seniority standing as established at time of original appointment in the Regular Army, and in cases not covered by the foregoing, precedence shall be established by the Secretary of the Army: Provided, That in rearranging the officers on the promotion list as provided in this Act no officer who has once failed of selection for promotion under the provisions of any section of the Officer Personnel Act of 1947 shall have his name advanced above that of any other officer who was considered at the same time and selected for promotion to the grade involved.

Approved July 16, 1949.

[CHAPTER 342]  
JOINT RESOLUTION

Extending section 1302 (a) of the Social Security Act, as amended, until June 30, 1950.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 1302 (a) of the Social Security Act is amended by striking out "1949" and inserting in lieu thereof "1950".

Sec. 2. Section 1302 (c) of the Social Security Act is hereby amended to read as follows:

"(c) The term "Federal maritime service" means service performed prior to July 1, 1949, which is determined to be employment pursuant to section 209 (o)."

Sec. 3. Section 1302 (d) of the Social Security Act is hereby amended to read as follows:

"(d) The term "Federal maritime wages" means remuneration determined pursuant to section 209 (o) to be remuneration for service referred to in section 209 (o) (1) which was performed prior to July 1, 1949."

Approved July 16, 1949.

[CHAPTER 343]  
AN ACT

To make effective in the District Court for the Territory of Alaska rules promulgated by the Supreme Court of the United States governing pleading, practice, and procedure in the district courts of the United States.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That a new section be inserted in the Act entitled "An Act making further provision for a civil government for Alaska, and for other purposes", approved June 6, 1900 (31 Stat. 321), as amended, immediately following section 5 of title I thereof, to read as follows:

"5a. That the rules heretofore or hereafter promulgated and made effective by the Supreme Court of the United States under authority of title 28, United States Code, section 2072, or under authority of any other statute, regulating the forms of process, writs, and motions, and the pleadings, practice, and procedure, in actions of a civil nature in the district courts of the United States, and regulating appeals therefrom, shall apply to the District Court for the Territory of Alaska and to appeals therefrom."
SEC. 2. The first paragraph of section 2072 of title 28, United States
Code, is amended to read as follows:

“The Supreme Court shall have the power to prescribe, by general
rules, the forms of process, writs, pleadings, and motions, and the
practice and procedure of the district courts of the United States
and of the District Court for the Territory of Alaska in civil actions.”

Approved July 18, 1949.

[CHAPTER 351]   JOINT RESOLUTION

To provide an increase in the authorization for the Federal National Mortgage
Association.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United
States of America in Congress assembled, That section 302 of the
National Housing Act, as amended, is amended to read as follows:

“SEC. 302. The total amount of investments, loans, purchases, and
commitments made by the Association shall not exceed $1,500,000,000
outstanding at any one time. The Association is authorized to issue
and have outstanding at any one time notes and other obligations in
an aggregate amount sufficient to enable it to carry out its functions
under this Act or any other provision of law.”

Approved July 19, 1949.

[CHAPTER 352]   AN ACT

To clarify the overtime compensation provisions of the Fair Labor Standards
Act of 1938, as amended.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the
United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 7 of
the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, as amended, is amended by
adding at the end thereof a new subsection (e), to read as follows:

“(e) For the purpose of computing overtime compensation payable
under this section to an employee—

(1) who is paid for work on Saturdays, Sundays, or holidays,
or on the sixth or seventh day of the workweek, at a premium
rate not less than one and one-half times the rate established in
good faith for like work performed in nonovertime hours on other
days, or

(2) who, in pursuance of an applicable employment contract
or collective bargaining agreement, is paid for work outside of
the hours established in good faith by the contract or agreement
as the basic, normal, or regular workday (not exceeding eight
hours) or workweek (not exceeding forty hours), at a premium
rate not less than one and one-half times the rate established in
good faith by the contract or agreement for like work performed
during such workday or workweek,

the extra compensation provided by such premium rate shall not be
deemed part of the regular rate at which the employee is employed
and may be credited toward any premium compensation due him
under this section for overtime work.”

Approved July 20, 1949.