REPARATION TO NONREPATRIABLE VICTIMS OF GERMAN ACTION

Agreement signed at Paris June 14, 1946, with annex
Entered into force June 14, 1946

61 Stat. 2649; Treaties and Other International Acts Series 1594.

AGREEMENT ON A PLAN FOR ALLOCATION OF A REPARATION SHARE TO NONREPATRIABLE VICTIMS OF GERMAN ACTION

In accordance with the provisions of Article 8 of the Final Act of the Paris Conference on Reparation,1 the Governments of the United States of America, France, the United Kingdom, Czechoslovakia and Yugoslavia, in consultation with the Inter-Governmental Committee on Refugees, have worked out, in common agreement, the following plan to aid in the rehabilitation and resettlement of nonrepatriable victims of German action. In working out this plan the signatory Powers have been guided by the intent of Article 8, and the procedures outlined below are based on its terms:

In recognition of special and urgent circumstances, the sum of $25,000,000, having been made available by Allied governments as a priority on the proceeds of the liquidation of German assets in neutral countries, is hereby placed at the disposal of the Inter-Governmental Committee on Refugees or its successor organization for distribution to appropriate public and private field organizations as soon as they have submitted practicable programs in accordance with this Agreement.

A. It is the unanimous and considered opinion of the Five Powers that in light of Paragraph H of Article 8 of the Paris Agreement on Reparation, the assets becoming available should be used not for the compensation of individual victims but for the rehabilitation and resettlement of persons in eligible classes, and that expenditures on rehabilitation shall be considered as essential preparatory outlays to resettlement. Since all available statistics indicate beyond any reasonable doubt that the overwhelming majority of eligible persons under the provisions of Article 8 are Jewish, all assets except as specified in Paragraph B below are allocated for the rehabilitation and resettlement of eligible Jewish victims of Nazi action, among whom children

1 TIAS 1655, ante, p. 12.
should receive preferential assistance. Eligible Jewish victims of Nazi action are either refugees from Germany or Austria who do not desire to return to these countries, or German and Austrian Jews now resident in Germany or Austria who desire to emigrate, or Jews who were nationals or former nationals of previously occupied countries and who were victims of Nazi concentration camps or concentration camps established by regimes under Nazi influence.

B. The sum of $2,500,000, amounting to ten percent, arising out of the $25,000,000 priority on the proceeds of German assets in neutral countries, ten percent of the proceeds of the "non-monetary gold", and five percent of the "heirless funds" shall be administered by the Inter-Governmental Committee on Refugees or its successor organization through appropriate public and private organizations for the rehabilitation and resettlement of the relatively small numbers of non-Jewish victims of Nazi action who are in need of resettlement. Eligible non-Jewish victims of Nazi action are refugees from Germany and Austria who can demonstrate that they were persecuted by the Nazis for religious, political, or racial reasons and who do not desire to return, or German and Austrian nationals, similarly persecuted, who desire to emigrate.

C. The Director of the Inter-Governmental Committee on Refugees or the Director General of the successor organization shall under the mandate of this Agreement make funds available for programs submitted by the appropriate field organizations referred to in Paragraphs A and B above as soon as he has satisfied himself that the programs are consistent with the foregoing. Only in exceptional circumstances may the cost of resettlement programs exceed a maximum of $1,000 per adult and $2,500 per child under twelve years of age. The action of the Inter-Governmental Committee on Refugees or its successor organization shall be guided by the intent of Article 8 and by this Agreement which is to place into operation as quickly as possible practicable programs of rehabilitation and resettlement submitted by the appropriate field organizations.

D. In addition to the $25,000,000 sum the Inter-Governmental Committee on Refugees or its successor organization is hereby authorized to take title from the appropriate authorities to all "non-monetary gold" found by the Allies in Germany and to take such steps as may be needed to liquidate these assets as promptly as possible, due consideration being given to secure the highest possible realizable value. As these assets are liquidated, the funds shall be distributed in accordance with Paragraphs A and B above.

E. Furthermore, pursuant to Paragraphs C and E of Article 8, in the interest of justice, the French Government on behalf of the Five Govern-

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2 The agreement of Nov. 15 and 16, 1950, between the United States and the International Refugee Organization states: "With respect to non-Jewish victims, the nationality restrictions of the Five Power Agreement of June 14, 1946 shall not be applicable" (5 UST 2170; TIAS 3080).
ments concluding this Agreement, are making representations to the neutral Powers to make available all assets of victims of Nazi action who died without heirs. The Governments of the United States of America, the United Kingdom, Czechoslovakia, and Yugoslavia are associating themselves with the French Government in making such representations to the neutral Powers. The conclusion that ninety-five percent of the “heirless funds” thus made available should be allocated for the rehabilitation and resettlement of Jewish victims takes cognizance of the fact that these funds are overwhelmingly Jewish in origin, and the five percent made available for non-Jewish victims is based upon a liberal presumption of “heirless funds” non Jewish in origin. The “heirless funds” to be used for the rehabilitation and resettlement of Jewish victims of Nazi action should be made available to appropriate field organizations. The “heirless funds” to be used for the rehabilitation and resettlement of non-Jewish victims of Nazi action should be made available to the Inter-Governmental Committee on Refugees or its successor organization for distribution to appropriate public and private field organizations. In making these joint representations, the signatories are requesting the neutral countries to take all necessary action to facilitate the identification, collection, and distribution of these assets which have arisen out of a unique condition in international law and morality. If further representations are indicated the governments of the United States of America, France, and the United Kingdom will pursue the matter on behalf of the Signatory Powers.

F. To insure that all funds made available shall inure to the greatest possible benefit of the victims whom it is desired to assist, all funds shall be retained in the currency from which they arise and shall be transferred therefrom only upon the instructions of the organization to which the Inter-Governmental Committee on Refugees or its successor organization has allocated the funds for expenditure.

G. The Director of the Inter-Governmental Committee on Refugees shall carry out his responsibilities to the Five Governments in respect of this Agreement in accordance with the terms of the Letter of Instruction which is being transmitted to him by the French Government on behalf of the Governments concluding this Agreement.

In witness whereof the undersigned have signed the present Agreement.

Done in Paris on the 14th of June, 1946, in the English and French Languages, the two texts being equally authentic, in a single original, which shall be deposited in the Archives of the Government of the French Republic, certified copies thereof being furnished by that Government to the signatories of this present Agreement.

Delegate of the United States of America
ELI GINZBERG
Delegate of Czechoslovakia
J. V. KLvANA
Delegate of France
PHILIPPE PERIER
Delegate of Yugoslavia
M. D. JAKSIC
Delegate of the United Kingdom of
Great Britain & Northern Ireland
DOUGLAS MACKILLOP
ANNEX TO THE AGREEMENT ON A PLAN FOR ALLOCATION OF A REPARATION SHARE TO NON-REPATRIABLE VICTIMS OF GERMAN ACTION

DECLARATION BY THE CZECHOSLOVAK AND YUGOSLAV DELEGATES

In accepting the phrasing of Paragraph E of the Agreement, the Czechoslovak and Yugoslav Delegates have declared that the Republic of Czechoslovakia and the Republic of Yugoslavia have not by so accepting, given up their claim to the forthcoming inheritances mentioned therein which, according to the provisions of international law, belong to their respective States.

PARIS, 14th June, 1946

The Czechoslovak Delegate: J. V. Klvana

The Yugoslav Delegate: M. D. Jaksic