#### 1

### 700-75X Added Entries

## 700 Added entry–personal name(R)

## First indicator-Type of personal name entry element

- **0** Forename
- 1 Surname
- **3** Family name [Pre-AACR2]

### Second indicator-Type of added entry

- # No information provided
- 2 Analytical entry

### **Subfields**

### Name portion of heading

- a Personal name (NR)
- **b** Numeration (NR)
- c Titles and other words associated with a name (R)
- d Dates associated with a name (NR)
- e Relator term (R)
- h Medium (NR)
- k Form subheading (R)
- q Fuller form of name (NR)

### Title portion of heading

- f Date of a work (NR)
- 1 Language of a work (NR)
- m Medium of performance for music \*(1) (R)
- n Number of part/section of a work (R)
- o Arranged statement for music \*(2) (NR)
- p Name of part/section of a work (R)
- g Miscellaneous information (NR)
- r Key for music \*(3) (NR)
- s Version (NR)
- t Title of a work (NR)
- u Affiliation [Not applicable]
- v International Standard Serial Number [Not used]

### **Control subfields**

3 Materials specified [Not applicable]

- 4 Relator code (R)
- 5 Institution to which field applies (NR)
- 6 Linkage (NR)

### **Description/Instructions**

Field 700 contains personal names used as added entries. Words, phrases, initials, or symbols used by an author to conceal his identity are considered personal names.

For serials, this field is most commonly used for editors of serials or for persons responsible for the publishing/issuing of a serial. For integrating resources, it may be used for persons credited with having some role in creating the content of the resource, but not chosen as the main entry for the record.

#### First indicator

The first indicator describes the form of the name.

#### 0 - Forename.

Consider as forenames: names having the structure of forenames (direct order), initials in direct order, or a characterizing phrase in direct order. In case of doubt as to whether a name is a forename or a surname, consider it a forename.

```
700 0# Father Divine.
700 0# Adunis, $d 1930-
```

#### 1 - Surname.

Consider as surnames: names formatted in inverted order (surname, forename) or names without forenames when known to be surnames. If there is uncertainty that a name without forename(s) is a surname, use first indicator value "0." Prases, when formulated with inversion and an entry element similar to a surname, are treated as a surname.

```
700 1# Fairfield, Richard, $d 1937-
700 1# Powers, Judith.
700 1# LaGorce, John Oliver, $d 1880-1949.
700 1# Senger und Etterlin, Ferdinand Maria von.
```

### **Second indicator**

Second indicator value "2" is used for analytical added entries. For other added entries, the 2nd indicator value is left blank (#).

#### **Subfields**

For continuing resources, the most commonly used subfields, in input order, are: \$a, \$q, \$e (rare serials only), \$d, \$t. For a description and examples of other subfields defined for this field, see Headings--General Information.

### \$a Personal name

```
700 1# Thallmann, Hans Ernst. 700 1# Sawyer, Susan.
```

### \$q Fuller form of name.

Use for parenthetical qualifiers which are expansions of initials in personal names. Also use when an unused forename (i.e., a forename not represented by an initial) is present in a parenthetical qualifier.

```
700 1# Edwards, R. G. $q (Robert Geoffrey), $d 1924-700 1# Rose, F. Clifford $q (Frank Clifford) 700 1# Huggins, Kenneth $q (Kenneth Royce), $d 1949-
```

#### **Se Relator term.**

According to CONSER policy, give the designation of function only for illustrators (ill.), except when cataloging rare serials. (Cf. *LCRI* 21.0D.)

#### \$d Dates associated with a name.

Dates may be qualified by letters, month and day, and/or marks of punctuation. Common date qualifiers are "b.", "d.", "ca.", "fl.", etc.

```
700 1# Crosby, Everett Uberto, $d 1871-1960.
700 1# Kim, In-sik, $d fl. 1972-
```

### **St Title of a work.**

Use in author/title added entries for related works (100/245 or 100/240) or analytics.

```
700 1# Robinson, Gerald J. $t Going public.
700 1# Gropp, Arthur Eric, $d 1902-. $t Bibliography of Latin American bibliographies.
```

### Related fields, etc.

Headings--General Information, 100, 500, 600, 800, App. L

710 Added entry–corporate name (R)

## First indicator-Type of corporate name entry element

- **0** Inverted surname [Pre-AACR2]
- 1 Jurisdiction name
- 2 Name in direct order

## Second indicator-Type of added entry

# No information provided

2 Analytical entry

#### **Subfields**

### Name portion of heading

- a Corporate name or jurisdiction name as entry element (NR)
- **b** Subordinate unit (R)
- c Location of meeting (NR)
- **d** Date of meeting or treaty signing (R)
- e Relator term (R)
- **k** Form subheading (R)

### Title portion of heading

- **f** Date of a work (NR)
- g Miscellaneous information (NR)
- **h** Medium [Not used]
- i Relationship information (NR)
- 1 Language of a work (NR)
- m Medium of performance for music \*(4) (R)
- **n** Number of part/section/meeting (R)
- Arranged statement for music \*(5) (NR)
- p Name of part/section of a work (R)
- r Key for music \*(6) (NR)
- s Version (NR)
- t Title of a work (NR)
- **u** Affiliation [Not applicable]
- v International Standard Serial Number (NR)

#### **Control subfields**

- 3 Materials specified (NR)
- 4 Relator code (R)
- 5 Institution to which field applies (NR)
- 6 Linkage (NR)

### **Description/Instructions**

Field 710 contains names of corporate bodies used as added entries. (For a definition of a corporate body, see field 110.) Conferences are also recorded in field 710 when they are entered subordinate to a corporate body.

#### First indicator

The first indicator is based on the type of corporate name. First indicator value "1" is used when the corporate body is a jurisdiction or a jurisdiction followed by a name. Value "2" is used when the corporate body is entered directly under its own name.

#### 1 - Jurisdiction name.

```
710 1# United States. $b Dept. of the Interior. 710 1# New York (N.Y.)
```

#### 2 - Name in direct order.

```
710 2# Association of Research Libraries.
```

#### Second indicator

Second indicator value "2" is used for analytical added entries. For other added entries, the 2nd indicator is blank.

#### Subfields

For serials, the most commonly used subfields, in input order, are: \$3, \$a, \$b, \$t, \$x. For a description of other subfields defined for this field, see Headings--General Information.

### \$a Corporate name or jurisdiction name as entry element.

Input the first unit of the name in subfield \$a. Explanatory data occurring in parentheses following a corporate name which does not pertain to a conference, etc. is considered part of the name and is included in the subfield.

```
710 2# Burns Federation.
710 2# National Association of Business Economists (U.S.)
710 2# O.R.S.T.O.M. (Agency: France)
710 2# Belgian Chamber of Commerce in Great Britain.
710 1# Great Britain.
```

#### \$b Subordinate unit.

- 710 2# Université de Rouen. \$b Centre d'étude de la civilisation médiévale.
- 710 1# Cameroon. \$b National Office for Scientific and Technical Research.
- 710 1# Santa Catarina (Brazil : State). \$b Secretaria da Educação. \$b Unidade de Documentação e Informática.
- 710 2# American Chemical Society. \$b Southeastern Regional Meeting.

#### **St** Title of a work.

Use for author/title added entries for related works or analytics entered under corporate body (110/245, 110/240).

```
710 1# Brookfield (Conn.). $t Charter.
710 1# United States. $b Dept. of State. $t Department of State bulletin.
```

### \$3 Materials specified.

Use to indicate applicable dates for the new name or the new body in the access point.

These dates can be provided in field 550, issuing body note.

Note: Per MARC 21 instructions (http://www.loc.gov/marc/bibliographic/bdx10.html) punctuation of the subelements of a heading is generally dictated by descriptive cataloging or subject heading system/thesaurus rules. These input conventions clarify MARC punctuation

practices. Fields 110, 610, 710, and 810 end with a mark of punctuation or a closing parenthesis. If the final subfields are subfield \$0, \$3, \$4, or \$5, the mark of punctuation or closing parenthesis precedes those subfields.

#### **Sx International Standard Serial Number.**

ISSN for a serial contained in the title portion of a name/title field. The ISSN is an agency-assigned data element. ISSNs are assigned to serial publications by national centers under the auspices of the ISSN Network.

710 2# American Veterinary Medical Association. \$b Public Information Division. \$t Annual report \$x 1552-6267.

### Related fields, etc.

Headings--General Information, 110, 550, 610, 810

## 711 Added entry-meeting name(R)

## First indicator-Type of meeting name entry element

- **0** Inverted name [Pre-AACR2]
- 1 Jurisdiction name [Pre-AACR2]
- 2 Name in direct order

## Second indicator-Type of added entry

# No information provided

2 Analytical entry

#### **Subfields**

### Name portion of heading

- a Meeting name or jurisdiction name as entry element (NR)
- c Location of meeting (NR)
- d Date of meeting (NR)
- e Subordinate unit (R)
- g Miscellaneous information [Pre-AACR2] (R)
- k Form subheading (R)
- q Name of meeting following jurisdiction name entry element [pre-AACR2] (NR)

## Title portion of heading

- **f** Date of a work (NR)
- h Medium [Not used]
- 1 Language of a work (NR)

- n Number of part/section/meeting (R)
- **p** Name of part/section of a work (R)
- s Version (NR)
- t Title of a work (NR)
- u Affiliation [Not applicable]
- v International Standard Serial Number [Not used]

### **Control subfields**

- 3 Materials specified [Not applicable]
- 4 Relator code (R)
- 5 Institution to which field applies (NR)
- 6 Linkage (NR)

### **Description/Instructions**

Field 711 contains added entries for conferences or meetings entered directly under name, including exhibitions, expositions, athletic events, fairs, festivals, etc. Added entries for conferences entered as subheadings under a corporate body are tagged 710.

#### First indicator

The first indicator is coded according to the type of conference name. Under AACR2, only value "2" is valid.

#### 2 Name in direct order

711 2# International Meeting on Future Trends in Inflammation.

#### Second indicator

Second indicator value "2" is used for analytical added entries. For all other added entries, the second indicator is blank.

### **Subfields**

For serials, the most commonly used subfields are: \$a, \$t. Other subfields occasionally used are: \$n, \$d, \$c. For a description of other subfields defined for this field, see Headings--General Information.

### \$a Meeting name or jurisdiction name as entry element.

```
711 2# International Photo- and Cine Exhibition.
711 2# World Peace Conference.
711 2# International Cartography Symposium.
```

### \$n Number of part/section/meeting, \$d Date of meeting, and \$c Location of meeting.

These subfields contain information that is usually too specific for serials, but may be applicable in rare instances. Subfield \$c is most apt to be used as it is possible for a conference or exhibit to be continually held in the same place.

#### **St Title of a work.**

Subfield \$t is used for author/title added entries for conferences.

```
520 ## Vols. 1-6 comprise Proceedings of the Machine Intelligence Workshop.711 22 Machine Intelligence Workshop. $t Proceedings.
```

### Related fields, etc.

Headings--General Information, 111, 611, 811

### 730 Added entry-uniform title (R)

### First indicator-Nonfiling characters

**0-9** Number of nonfiling characters

### Second indicator—Type of added entry

# No information provided

2 Analytical entry

### **Subfields**

- a Uniform title (NR)
- **d** Date of treaty signing (R)
- **f** Date of a work (NR)
- g Miscellaneous information [Pre-AACR2] (NR)
- h Medium [Not used]
- k Form subheading (R)
- 1 Language of a work (NR)

m Medium of performance for music \*(7) (R)

- n Number of part/section of a work (R)
- o Arrangement statement for music \*(8) (R)
- p Name of part/section of a work (R)
- r Key for music \*(9) (NR)
- s Version (NR)
- t Title of a work [Pre-AACR2] (NR)
- x International Standard Serial Number [Not used]
- 3 Materials specified [Not applicable]
- 5 Institution to which field applies (NR)
- 6 Linkage (NR)
- **8** Field link and sequence number (R)

### **Description/Instructions**

Field 730 is used in serial records for authoritative added entries for works entered under title that have a relationship to the serial being cataloged. An "authoritative" entry is one that is represented in the name authority file or by a bibliographic record. Headings for non-authoritative title added entries not relating to the title given in field 245, such as titles of portions of a work, are tagged 740. Field 730 is also used for names of radio and television programs, motion pictures and video recordings, and anonymous works.

The title proper or the uniform title heading, whichever is appropriate as the main entry, is used as the added entry for the related record. For related publications such as supplements and online versions, the 730 may duplicate the linking entry field, and neither field should be omitted.

Titles for related serials given in field 730 must be represented by either an AACR2 CONSER record, an added entry on an AACR2 CONSER bibliographic record, or a name authority record. If an AACR2 CONSER representation is not available, create a NAR or code the record as "msc" (for minimal level cataloging). When authoritative, code "lc", "nlc" or "lcd" is used on the serial being cataloged, regardless of whether the authoritative form of the 730 is in the bibliographic data base or in the name authority file.

### Examples of 730 usage:

1. The editors or the commercial publisher of another serial are responsible for the work in hand.

```
245 04 The book of lists.
580 ## Compiled from the magazine: Caribbean business.
730 0# Caribbean business.
```

2. One publication is a supplement to another, and each is separately cataloged. (See also tag 772.)

3. A publication is published in more than one edition and an added entry is desired for the other edition(s). (See also tag 775.)

```
245 00 Client characteristic & population movement report for calendar
    year ... $p Probation subsidy.
580 ## Also published in a quarterly edition: Client characteristic &
    population movement report for quarter ... Probation subsidy.
730 0# Client characteristic & population movement report for quarter
    ... $p Probation subsidy.
775 1# $t Client characteristic & population movement report for
    quarter ... Probation subsidy $w (OCoLC)1258055
```

4. One publication is related in a non-specific manner to another publication. (See also field 787.)

```
245 00 Community cross-reference guide to--Phonefiche.
580 ## Guide to the microfiche collection: Phonefiche.
730 0# Phonefiche.
787 1# $t Phonefiche $w (OCoLC)3636262

245 00 Foreign affairs bibliography.
580 ## Based on bibliographical notes appearing quarterly in: Foreign affairs (Council on Foreign Relations).
730 0# Foreign affairs (Council on Foreign Relations)
787 1# $t Foreign affairs (Council on Foreign Relations)
```

5. A separately published work is also issued with the work in hand. (See also field 777.)

6. For names of radio or television programs.

```
245 04 The people speak newsletter. 500 ## A summary of a radio program, "People speak."
```

```
730 0# People speak (Radio program)
```

#### **Indicators**

The first indicator specifies the number of nonfiling characters to be ignored for sorting purposes. Initial articles are omitted according to CONSER policy; therefore, always set the first indicator to value "0".

Use second indicator value "2" when the item in hand contains the work that is represented by the added entry. For other added entries, use second indicator value "#".

#### **Subfields**

For serials, the most commonly used subfields, in input order, are: \$a, \$n, \$p. For a description of other subfields defined for this field, see Headings--General Information.

#### \$a Uniform title.

Subfield \$a contains the title proper, the common title, or the uniform title and the parenthetical qualifier when present. The qualifier is not separately subfielded.

```
730 0# Automatic heat and air conditioning.
730 0# Booklist (Chicago, Ill.: 1969)
730 0# CCA reports.
730 0# Canadian books in print.
730 0# 60 minutes (Television program)
```

### \$n Number of part/section of a work.

```
730 0# Southern reporter. $n Second series.
730 0# Economics library selections. $n Series I, $p New books in economics.
730 0# Current physics microform. $n Section I.
```

### \$p Name of part/section of a work.

```
730 0# Statistics of income. $p Individual income tax returns.
730 0# Progress of education in the Asian region. $p Statistical review.
```

### Related fields, etc.

Headings--General Information, 130, 630, 740, 830

### 740 Added entry-uncontrolled related/analytical title (R)

### First indicator-Nonfiling characters

0 Number of nonfiling characters to 9

## Second indicator—Type of added entry

- # No information provided
- 2 Analytical entry

#### **Subfields**

- a Uncontrolled related/analytical title (NR)
- h Medium [Not used]
- n Number of part/section of a work (R)
- p Name of part/section of a work (R)
- 5 Institution to which field applies (NR)
- 6 Linkage (NR)

### **Description/Instructions**

Field 740 is used for title added entries that are not authoritative. "Non-authoritative" titles are those that are not represented by a name authority record or by an *AACR2* CONSER bibliographic record in which that title appears in field 245. For serials, field 740 may be used for titles of sections/parts or works contained within the item that are not authoritative (e.g., supplements that are not separately cataloged). Field 740 is also used to record the title for an online version when that format is not cataloged separately and the title differs.

Input variant titles of the work being cataloged in field 246. Input titles of related works that are authoritative in field 730.

### Examples of 740 usage:

```
245 00 Democracia sindical.
500 ## Some issues include section: Formación sindical.
740 02 Formación sindical.

130 0# Independent Republican (Norwalk, Conn.)
245 00 Independent Republican.
500 ## Intended to be published as: Independent Whig. Cf.
```

```
Advertisement, New London Bee, May 12, 1802.
740 0# Independent Whig.

245 00 Hystrio.
525 ## Accompanied by supplement entitled: Quaderni di Hystrio.
740 02 Quaderni di Hystrio.

530 ## Also available to subscribers via the World Wide Web as:
Hematology and therapy electronic edition.
740 0# Hematology and therapy electronic edition.
856 7# #u http://science.springer.de/hct/hct.html $2 http
```

### **Indicators**

The first indicator specifies the number of nonfiling characters to be ignored for sorting purposes. Initial articles are omitted according to CONSER policy, therefore, the first indicator is always set to value "0".

Second indicator value "2" is used for titles contained within the item (i.e., analytical entries). Title added entries that are not analytical entries are coded as blank. See examples above.

### **Subfields**

### \$a Uncontrolled related/analytical title.

Input in subfield \$a the title proper or a common title/part title construction. For titles that conflict with titles for different works in the database, do not construct a uniform title by adding a parenthetical qualifer.

For instructions on the use of subfields \$n and \$p, see field 730.

### Related fields, etc.

246, 730

## 752 Hierarchical place name (R)

### First and second indicators

# Undefined

#### **Subfields**

- a Country (NR)
- **b** State, province, or territory (NR)
- c County, region, islands area (NR)

d City (NR)

### **Description/Instructions**

Field 752 contains the hierarchy of geographic entries representing place of publication. This field is used only in records for newspapers and rare serials. The 752 field can be used to generate machine-ordered lists of catalog records, arranged by place name, and some catalog systems index the field. The current *AACR2* form of the place name is recorded, including the country name and subordinate units (subfields \$a through \$d).

```
130 O# Financial times (London, England)
245 O4 The financial times.
260 ## London [England] : $b MacRae, Murtice, & Co., $c 1888-
651 #0 London (England) $v Newspapers.
752 ## Great Britain $b England $d London.
```

This field is established as a core element for newspaper records although only subfields \$a and \$d are considered mandatory (*CEG* B6.4.2; *CCM* 33.14). When a newspaper changes its place of publication an additional 752 field is input for the new place name.

Under earlier practice field 752 was used for a newspaper's area of coverage, if it differed from the place of publication. The 651 field is currently used for a newspaper's area of coverage. The 752 field was also used to record unauthorized, and earlier forms of place names, This information can be recorded in reference in authority records.

#### **Subfields**

## \$b State, province, or territory.

For U.S. titles, record the currently established form of the state name in subfield \$b. For parts of Great Britain, record the appropriate name in subfield \$b (e.g., England, Northern Ireland, Scotland, Wales). Record the provice or territory in subfield \$b for Australia, Canada, Malaysia, and Yugoslavia.

```
245 04 The Sydney morning herald $h [microform].
260 ## Sydney, N.S.W.: $b John Fairfax & Sons
651 #0 Sydney (N.S.W.) $v Newspapers.
752 ## Australia $b New South Wales $d Sydney.
```

### \$c County, region, islands area.

If a U.S. city is divided between two counties, enter one 752 field with subfield \$c representing the geographically or historically dominant county. If a city is currently divided among three or more counties, omit subfield \$c. If a place of publication is not located within a county or has no political ties to the county in which it lies, do not enter subfield \$c. See CCM 33.14.2 for

examples and more detailed instructions.

### \$d City.

Use the current authorized form of the city, town, or village. Use the city name if the newspaper is published in a section of the city. (City sections, or neighborhoods can be included in a place name subject heading.)

### Related fields, etc.

260, 651, App. L, CCM Module 33

# 753 System details access to computer files (R)

### First and second indicators

# Undefined

#### **Subfields**

- a Make and model of machine (NR)
- **b** Programming language [Not used]
- c Operating system (NR)
- 6 Linkage (NR)

### **Description/Instructions**

Field 753 is used to access records via the type of computer and/or operating system used with a computer file serial and its accompanying material. This kind of added entry is also assigned to facilitate the capability of selecting and arranging records for production of printed indexes.

### **Editing instructions**

Do not input a period at the end of the field unless the field ends with data that ends with a mark of punctuation.

### **Subfields**

### \$a Make and model of machine.

Input in subfield \$a the make and model of the hardware on which the computer file is operated.

```
753 ## Apple II
```

### \$c Operating system.

Input the name of the operating system in subfield \$c.

```
753 ## IBM PC $c DOS
753 ## Macintosh II $c System 6.0.7 or higher
```

### \$6 Linkage.

For instructions on the use of subfield \$6, see Field 880.

### Related fields, etc.

538

# 755 Added entry-physical characteristics [Obsolete(10)]

### First and second indicators

# Undefined

#### **Subfields**

- a Access term (NR)
- **x** General subdivision (R)
- y Chronological subdivision (R)
- **z** Geographic subdivision (R)
- 2 Source of term (NR)
- 3 Materials specified [Not used]
- 6 Linkage (NR)

### **Description/Instructions**

Field 755 is used to indicate the physical characteristics of the material described. Standard published lists are used for genre and form terms and the list is identified in subfield \$2 (Source of term).

## **Editing instructions**

- 1. Input a period preceding subfield \$2, unless the last word in the preceding subfield ends in an abbreviation, initial/letter, or other data that ends with a mark of punctuation.
- 2. Do not input punctuation between other subfields.

#### **Subfields**

#### \$a Access term.

Input in subfield \$a the term that describes the physical characteristics of the material.

```
755 ## Video disks $z France. $2 [source code]
```

#### \$x General subdivision.

Subfield \$x contains a subject subdivision that is not more appropriately contained in subfields \$y or \$z. Subfield \$x is appropriate in field 755 only when a general or form subject subdivision is added to the main term.

```
755 ## Photoparts x Color z Panama Canal Zone y 20th century. z gmgpc
```

### \$y Chronological subdivision.

Record in subfield \$y a subject subdivision that represents a period of time. Subfield \$y is appropriate in field 755 only when a chronological subject subdivision is added to the main term.

```
755 ## Bas reliefs $y 15th century. $2 [source code]
```

### \$z Geographic subdivision.

Subfield \$z contains a geographic subject subdivision. Subfield \$z is appropriate in field 755 only when a geographic subdivision is added to the main term.

```
755 ## Phonograph records $z Morocco. $2 [source code]
```

### \$2 Source of term.

Record in subfield \$2 the MARC 21 code that identifies the source list from which the term in

the added entry was assigned. (The source code is an authoritative-agency data element. The Library of Congress maintains the *MARC Code List for Relators, Sources, Description Conventions* and is the authoritative agency.)

755 ## Lithographs \$z Germany \$y 1902. \$2 gmgpc

# \$6 Linkage.

For instructions on the use of subfield \$6, see Field 880.

# Related fields, etc.

655, Appendix L

#### **Endnotes**

# 1 (Popup - Asterisk (\*) after field name, value, code)

\* The asterisk appearing after a field name or a value or code name means the following:

LC does not use (in all cases).

LC will distribute if used in an authenticated record (in all cases).

LC will not authenticate the validity of the information provided (in all cases). The code is defined for use by other national libraries (e.g., field 055) (in some cases).

### 2 (Popup - Asterisk (\*) after field name, value, code)

\* The asterisk appearing after a field name or a value or code name means the following:

LC does not use (in all cases).

LC will distribute if used in an authenticated record (in all cases).

LC will not authenticate the validity of the information provided (in all cases). The code is defined for use by other national libraries (e.g., field 055) (in some cases).

# 3 (Popup - Asterisk (\*) after field name, value, code)

\* The asterisk appearing after a field name or a value or code name means the following:

LC does not use (in all cases).

LC will distribute if used in an authenticated record (in all cases).

LC will not authenticate the validity of the information provided (in all cases). The code is defined for use by other national libraries (e.g., field 055) (in some cases).

## 4 (Popup - Asterisk (\*) after field name, value, code)

\* The asterisk appearing after a field name or a value or code name means the following:

LC does not use (in all cases).

LC will distribute if used in an authenticated record (in all cases).

LC will not authenticate the validity of the information provided (in all cases). The code is defined for use by other national libraries (e.g., field 055) (in some cases).

## 5 (Popup - Asterisk (\*) after field name, value, code)

\* The asterisk appearing after a field name or a value or code name means the following:

LC does not use (in all cases).

LC will distribute if used in an authenticated record (in all cases).

LC will not authenticate the validity of the information provided (in all cases). The code is defined for use by other national libraries (e.g., field 055) (in some cases).

## 6 (Popup - Asterisk (\*) after field name, value, code)

\* The asterisk appearing after a field name or a value or code name means the following:

LC does not use (in all cases).

LC will distribute if used in an authenticated record (in all cases).

LC will not authenticate the validity of the information provided (in all cases). The code is defined for use by other national libraries (e.g., field 055) (in some cases).

### 7 (Popup - Asterisk (\*) after field name, value, code)

\* The asterisk appearing after a field name or a value or code name means the following:

LC does not use (in all cases).

LC will distribute if used in an authenticated record (in all cases).

LC will not authenticate the validity of the information provided (in all cases). The code is defined for use by other national libraries (e.g., field 055) (in some cases).

## 8 (Popup - Asterisk (\*) after field name, value, code)

- \* The asterisk appearing after a field name or a value or code name means the following:
  - LC does not use (in all cases).
  - LC will distribute if used in an authenticated record (in all cases).
- LC will not authenticate the validity of the information provided (in all cases). The code is defined for use by other national libraries (e.g., field 055) (in some cases).

## 9 (Popup - Asterisk (\*) after field name, value, code)

- \* The asterisk appearing after a field name or a value or code name means the following:
  - LC does not use (in all cases).
  - LC will distribute if used in an authenticated record (in all cases).
- LC will not authenticate the validity of the information provided (in all cases). The code is defined for use by other national libraries (e.g., field 055) (in some cases).

## 10 (Popup - Popup)

Field 655, Index Term-Genre/Form, is to the used in place of field 755, when appropriate.