BACKGROUND: Information applicable to the usage of a name heading in subject cataloging may appear in a 667 field in the name authority record. Because the 667 field is also used for descriptive cataloging information, there may be more than one such field in a given NAR. The field that carries subject cataloging information always begins with the words SUBJECT USAGE. The information is presented using standardized wording. The procedures for adding the information to a name authority record are described in this and other individual Subject Headings Manual instruction sheets, as noted below. The following are examples of the types of subject cataloging information that can appear in this field:

**LINEAR NAME CHANGE IN POLITICAL JURISDICTION**

[See procedures in H 708]

151 ## $a Ceylon.
667 ## $a SUBJECT USAGE: This heading is not valid for use as a subject. Works about this place are entered under Sri Lanka.

**SCOPE NOTE FOR SUBJECT USAGE**

110 2# $a Musée du Louvre.
667 ## $a SUBJECT USAGE: This heading is used for works on the museum housed within the Louvre Palace. Works on the building are entered under the subject heading Louvre (Paris, France).

**INFORMATION REGARDING A NAME HEADING NOT VALID FOR SUBJECT USAGE**

110 2# $a Commune de Paris (France : 1871)
667 ## $a SUBJECT USAGE: This heading is not valid for use as a subject. Works about this entity are entered under the subject heading Paris (France)--History--Commune, 1871.

110 1# $a United States. $b President (1801-1809 : Jefferson)
667 ## $a SUBJECT USAGE: This heading is not valid for use as a subject. Works about this person are entered under Jefferson, Thomas, 1743-1826.

Information regarding the usage of geographic headings as subdivisions, which was formerly provided in this field, is now provided in a 781 field (see H 835).
**LC practice:**
Add the note to newly-created authority records and to existing records according to the above guidelines. In complex cases, or in case of doubt, consult the Policy, Training, and Cooperative Programs Division.