Philadelphia North American and United States Gazette, Wednesday Morning, April 19, 1865.

American and Gazette.

PHILADELPHIA.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 19, 1865.

CAPTURE OF SALISBURY.

Steadily onward goes the victorious career of the Union cause in the rebel States, and the movement progresses with such rapidity as to leave no room to doubt that the extinguishment of the rebellion must be as speedy as it is certain. Mobile was taken on the very same day that Lee surrendered his army, the 9th inst., so that the previous fighting in both cases was simultaneous. On the 12th inst., only three days subsequently, General Stoneman captured Salisbury, N. C., on the great railway route between Charlotte and Danville, and at the junction of that road with the line running westward into Tennessee. By this event Johnston lost nineteen pieces of artillery, 1164 soldiers, and an immense amount of rebel supplies of clothing, rations, ammunition, etc., all of which had just reached Salisbury from Raleigh. From this latter fact it would seem as though Johnston were evacuating Raleigh and falling back upon the line of the western railroad. Since the war broke out and the rebels lost the East Tennessee railroad, as well as the seaboard lines of railroad, the town of Salisbury has become a point of great importance in rebel operations. Stoneman's success, in addition to the destruction of the rebel stores in the place, has caused the ruin of the railroads north, south, east and west of Salisbury for many miles. This is the first effort of our troops against the railroad between Charlotte and Danville, and its success deprives Johnston of the use of that line. As Sherman was in communication with Johnston, and had offered him the same terms of surrender given to Lee by Grant, this capture of Salisbury and destruction of his stores and railroad lines must hasten the end materially. With this attack in his rear Johnston will not be able to do much against Sherman, if disposed to hold out.

Since the above was written we have a report by telegraph which, however, is not official, that Governor Vance has been captured by Sherman's cavalry, that he had been sent by Johnston to surrender the State of North Carolina to Sherman, that his orders having been countermanded, he was returning without having seen Sherman when he was captured. This countermand was the work of Jeff. Davis, who seems disposed to stick to his confederacy to the last. Unless he can manage better than any one else yet has on that side, the game will soon be up, for Sherman has occupied Raleigh, and Stoneman has gone toward Charlotte to cut off Johnston's retreat in that direction.

Summary of the Daily Intelligence.

The order of the President's obsequies is arranged at Washington.

The sculptor of the funeral train with the remains of President Lincoln is published.

A meeting of citizens of Illinois was held in Washington on the 17th. The members waited upon President Johnson with resolutions expressing confidence in his capacity and patriotism.

A man who was recognized by the servant of Mr. Seward as the assassin of Mr. S., was arrested yesterday while going into Surratt's house, in Washington. The man was disguised.

Thomas, the "French lady," is one of the persons arrested for the assault on Mr. Seward.

Booth and some thirty other conspirators are reported to be in St. Mary's county, Md., heavily armed, and endeavoring to cross the Potomac. A small squad of cavalry had a collision with them on Sunday evening, and was repulsed. The cavalry were reinforced, and there are hopes of capturing the whole party.

A man who confesses to being "Sam," who wrote the letter found in Booth's trunk, was arrested in Baltimore yesterday.

A public Union prayer meeting was held in Montreal on Monday night, to express sympathy for the death of President Lincoln.

Governor Curtin, being unwell, has delegated Adjutant General Russell to represent the State government at the Presidential funeral.

The Governors of Indiana and Kentucky have issued proclamations for proper observances on the day of the President's funeral.

Governor Boreman, of West Virginia, has appointed to-day for fasting and prayer, in respect to the deceased President.

A meeting was held at San Francisco on the 16th to commemorate Mr. Lincoln's death. The resolutions passed were very strong and exasperated against rebels.

The Mayor of Montreal has called upon the citizens to observe the day of Mr. Lincoln's funeral with proper solemnities.

At Halifax yesterday the Common Council passed resolutions of sympathy at the death of President Lincoln. The American residents did the same.

Toronto, Canada, by its Council, sympathizes with the Union in Lincoln's loss, and sustends business for two hours on the 19th.

Those connected with the State and Revenue Departments have been ordered to wear crape for six months.

The British residents of New York held a meeting yesterday, to testify their regard for the late President.

A number of Democratic newspaper offices in San Francisco have been closed on account of the opposition to the government expressed.

General Stoneman captured Salisbury, North Carolina, on the 12th, with eight stands of colors, nineteen guns, 1164 prisoners, 1000 stand of arms and accoutrements, 2000 rounds of small ammunition, 1000 rounds of field ammunition and shells, 60,000 pounds of powder, 75,000 complete suits of clothing, 350,000 army blankets, 20,000 pounds of bacon, 100,000 pounds of salt, 20,000 pounds of sugar, 27,000 pounds of rice, 10,000 pounds of saltpetre, 50,000 bushels of meal, one hundred thousand dollars' worth of medical supplies and 7000 bales of cotton. Twenty locomotives were brought away, and all the other stores not needed by the command were destroyed. The greater part of the supplies had just been received from Raleigh. Our loss was very few in killed and wounded.

General Grant's official report of the capture of Fort Blakely and the Spanish Fort at Mobile has been received. At the latter 25 officers and 520 men, 5 mortars and 25 guns were captured. The most of the prisoners escaped by water. At Blakely 4000 men and 20 guns fell into our possession.

General Sherman captured Raleigh on Thursday, the 12th, Johnston retreating. The supplies for our army are at Roanoke Island.

A report from Southern states that Gov. Vance was captured in North Carolina on the 13th, and gives some particulars. Jeff. Davis, with his family, is said to be at Hillsboro', N. C., near Raleigh, with Johnston. Sherman, having captured Raleigh, is pushing after Johnston.

Several guerilla chiefs in Kentucky have surrendered themselves under the late order of General Palmer.

A Paducah dispatch announces the probable surrender of the rebel General Lyon to General Meredith.

Our flag was hoisted in Mobile on the 12th. General Granger's forces occupy the city. The rebels commenced evacuating on the 10th.

Numbers of paroled prisoners from Lee's army have reached Fortress Monroe. They will go home via New York.

The capitol in Fort Sumter have returned.

The steamer Clara Poe, with government freight, was burned in Cumberland river on the 17th.

Senor Don Jose Antonio Garcia was yesterday recognized as Charge d'Affaires of Peru to the United States.

The Chicago city election was carried for the Union by the election of Mayor and twenty-four out of thirty members of Council.

The steamer Yosemite, on the excursionists to Chaleston, arrived at Fortress Monroe on Monday.

The Philadelphia stock market was very dull yesterday. The good securities were firm, and the U. S. government loans rather higher, but the fancy generally fell off a fraction and closed weak. Gold was very inactive. In produce there was very little movement and no changes to notice in any of the leading articles. Business generally will be suspended to-day on account of the obsequies of President Lincoln.

Twenty-seven vessels arrived at this port yesterday, including the brigs John Welsh, Jr., from Cienfuegos, and Northern Light, from Sagua, both with sugar and molasses. There were twenty-four clearances, all for domestic ports, except the brig Nancy R. Locke, for Remedios.

ATTORNEY GENERAL MEREDITH has been for some time past laboring under severe indisposition, which prevented his attending the Bar meeting relative to the assassination of President Lincoln. The statement, which has appeared in print, asserting that United States Attorney Gilpin, in his remarks at the meeting, gave a prior engagement as the reason of Mr. Meredith's absence, was an error. Mr. Gilpin stated the true cause as above.

SALES OF REAL ESTATE NEXT WEEK.—Thomas & Sons' sale on Tuesday next will comprise first-class property, elegant and plain Residences, Business Properties, valuable Farms, Country Seats, &c. HANDBILLS READY. *See advertisements auction head, pages 19 and 20 to-day's catalogue*, and page four to-day's paper.

FIRST-CLASS FARM AND COUNTRY SEAT to be sold on the premises. Full advertisements page third, to-day's paper.

REAL ESTATE SALE APRIL 26.—James A. Freeman, auctioneer, advertises under his auction head the estates of John M. Fernsler, dec'd, Thomas Quigg, dec'd, George H. Napheys, dec'd, Bertram, minors, to be sold at his sale next Wednesday, at the Exchange.

MESSRS. THOMAS & SONS' sale of Real Estate and Stocks yesterday, at the Exchange, resulted more favorably than might have been expected. The prices obtained were satisfactory, and the whole sale amounted to over $100,000. A full report will be found in another column.

Probable Surrender of the Rebel General Lyons.

ST. LOUIS, April 18.—A dispatch from Paducah announces the probable surrender of the rebel General Lyons to General Meredith.

Suspension of Newspaper Publication.

BOSTON, April 18.—All the evening newspapers in this city will suspend publication to-morrow.

BY TELEGRAPH

FOR THE AMERICAN & GAZETTE.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—President Johnson this morning received a large delegation of citizens of Illinois, and afterward about fifty clergymen and others connected with the Christian Commission. He expressed his high appreciation of their confidence in him, and made to each party a speech indicative of his public course in the future.

The body of the late President is lying in state in the east room of the Executive Mansion. Thousands of persons, of both sexes, are thronging thither, forming a long line of procession, and being admitted in the order in which they approach the Executive Mansion.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—Late last night, a man disguised as a laborer, and carrying a pick on his shoulder, approached the house occupied by the family of Surratt, in this city, and was shown by some other men he was treated, and upon washing the dirt from his face, he proved to be quite a different looking person from what his appearance at first indicated. He called himself Paine, and exhibited not a little embarrassment. He managed to ask in an adjacent room for a glass of water.

The colored servant of Secretary Seward was sent for, when he immediately exclaimed, "That's the man. I know him by his general appearance, and his mouth."

The servant said there could be no mistake. Others in Secretary Seward's house at the time, who probably have a recollection of his appearance, will be afforded an opportunity to-day to recognize him. He is believed to be Surratt, who perpetrated the dreadful act at Secretary Seward's house on Friday.

The Identity of the Assassin of Mr. Seward.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—It was stated in a former dispatch that the prisoner arrested this morning as the party who attempted to take the life of the Secretary of State was supposed to be Surratt, but there is reason to believe that the desperado is the man, I know him by his general appearance, and his mouth."

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