

CHAP. XIV.—*An Act to authorize the corporation of the city of Washington to introduce into the lotteries they are authorized to establish, certain land prizes herein mentioned. (a)*

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That it shall, and may, be lawful for the corporation of the city of Washington, (who are authorized by the acts of Congress incorporating the city of Washington to raise moneys by lottery,) to permit the introduction into their lotteries, from time to time, as a substitute for part of the money prizes in their schemes, such portions of the lands that were authorized to be sold by way of lottery, in and by the act of the legislature of the state of Virginia, passed in favour of the late Thomas Jefferson, as to them shall appear proper, until the whole of the said lands shall be sold.

APPROVED, February 22, 1827.

STATUTE II.
Feb. 22, 1827.
[Obsolete.]

Act of May 3, 1802, ch. 53.
Corporation to introduce into their lotteries certain land prizes.

CHAP. XVIII.—*An Act to provide for reports of the decisions of the Supreme Court. (b)*

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That a reporter shall, from time to time, be appointed by the Supreme Court of the United States, to report its decisions, who shall be entitled to receive from the treasury of the United States, as an annual compensation for his services, the sum of one thousand dollars: Provided, nevertheless, That the said compensation shall not be paid, unless the said reporter shall print and publish, or cause to be printed and published, the decisions of the said court, made during the time he shall act as such reporter, within six months after such decisions shall be made; and shall deliver eighty copies of the decisions, so printed and published, to the Secretary of State, without any expense to the United States; which copies shall be distributed as follows, to wit: to the President of the United States, the judges of the Supreme Court, the judges of the district courts, the Attorney General of the United States, the Secretaries of State, Treasury, War, and Navy, the comptrollers of the treasury, and the judges of the several territories of the United States, one copy each; five copies for the use of each House of Congress; and the residue of the copies shall be deposited in the library of Congress; And provided, also, That the said decisions shall be sold to the public at large at a price not exceeding five dollars a volume.

SEC. 2. *And be it further enacted, That in case of the death, resignation, or dismissal from office, of either of the officers before mentioned, the said copies of [the] decisions delivered to them, as aforesaid, shall belong, and be delivered over, to their successors in said offices.*

SEC. 3. *And be it further enacted, That this act shall be and continue in force for three years, and no longer.*

APPROVED, February 22, 1827.

STATUTE II.
Feb. 22, 1827.

[Expired.]
Act of March 3, 1817, ch. 63.
Act of March 3, 1823, ch. 34.
Act of Aug. 29, 1842, ch. 264.
A reporter of the decisions to be appointed by the Supreme Court with an annual compensation of 1000 dollars.
Proviso.

Proviso.

Act to continue in force for three years.

CHAP. XIX.—*An Act to authorize the President of the United States to remove the land office in the Choctaw district, in the state of Mississippi.*

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That it shall and may be lawful for the President of the United States, whenever he shall deem it proper, to remove the land office, now located at Jackson, in the Choctaw

STATUTE II.
Feb. 22, 1827.

The President to remove the land office in the Choctaw district, and to

(a) See vol. ii. 726.

(b) See notes to the act of March 3, 1817, ch. 63.

establish the same at any other convenient place within the same land district.

taw land district, in the state of Mississippi, and to locate and establish the same at any other convenient and suitable place within the same land district. And it shall be the duty of the register and receiver of said land office, so soon as the removal shall be ordered, and such new location made by the President, to remove all the records, books, and papers appertaining to said land office, to the place designated.

APPROVED, February 22, 1827.

STATUTE II.

Feb. 22, 1827.

Lawful to make entry, &c., of any foreign ships at the port of Fairfield.

CHAP. XX.—*An Act concerning the entry of vessels at the port of Fairfield, in Connecticut.*

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That it shall be lawful to make entry of any foreign ship or vessel, and of the cargo which may be on board the same, and to unlade such cargo, or any part thereof, at the port of Fairfield, in the state of Connecticut, under the regulations in such cases by law provided.

APPROVED, February 22, 1827.

STATUTE II.

Feb. 22, 1827.

Act of April 20, 1818, ch. 110.

Act of March 3, 1849, ch. 75.

Norwegian vessels, after the date of this act, until the termination of the next session of Congress, to be exempt from the payment of discriminating duties of tonnage and impost.

Secretary of the Treasury directed to cause to be repaid all alien or discriminating duties of tonnage or impost, received on such vessels since the 25th Sept. last.

CHAP. XXI.—*An Act to exempt Swedish and Norwegian vessels, and the merchandise imported therein, from the payment of discriminating duties of tonnage and impost, for a limited time, and for other purposes. (a)*

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That, from and after the date of this act, until the termination of the next session of Congress, vessels truly and wholly belonging to the subjects of the king of Sweden and Norway, arriving in the United States, in ballast or with cargoes, shall be exempted from the payment of any other or higher duties or charges whatsoever, than vessels of the United States are required to pay under like circumstances; that merchandise, the produce and manufacture of the territories of the king of Sweden and Norway, imported in Swedish or Norwegian vessels, shall not be subjected to any other or higher duties than are levied on the same kinds of merchandise when imported in American vessels; and that the exemption or privilege allowed by this act shall extend to vessels arriving, and merchandise imported, from the Swedish colony of St. Barthelemy: *Provided*, That the owners of vessels, arriving from said colony in the United States, shall be inhabitants of that colony, and there established and naturalized, and shall have caused their vessels to be there naturalized.*

2. *And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, directed to cause to be repaid or remitted, all alien or discriminating duties of tonnage or impost, which since the twenty-fifth of September last may have been paid, or secured to be paid, on vessels of the description mentioned in the first section of this act, or on merchandise imported in such vessels; for the purpose of which repayment, any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, is hereby appropriated.*

APPROVED, February 22, 1827.

STATUTE II.

March 2, 1827.

[Obsolete.]

Sums appropriated to de-

CHAP. XXII.—*An Act making appropriations for the support of the Navy of the United States, for the year eighteen hundred and twenty-seven.*

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That, for defraying the ex-

(a) See notes to the act of Jan. 7, 1824, ch. 4.