

And the Secretary thereof shall submit to Congress, on or before the first of February next, a general report of all proceedings in the premises.

SEC. 5. *And be it further enacted*, That, to carry this act into effect, the sum of twelve thousand dollars be appropriated out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

APPROVED, May 5, 1832.

STATUTE I.

CHAP. LXXVII.—*An Act for altering the time of holding the district court of the United States for the district of Indiana.* (a)

May 19, 1832.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled*, That the district court of the United States for the district of Indiana shall be hereafter holden on the last Mondays of May and November, in each year, instead of the first Mondays of said months, as is now required by law.

Court to be held on last Monday in May and November.

SEC. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That all proceedings of a civil or criminal nature, now pending in, or returnable to, said court, shall be proceeded in by said court in the same manner as if no alteration of the times for holding said court had taken place.

APPROVED, May 19, 1832.

STATUTE I.

CHAP. LXXIX.—*An Act for giving effect to a commercial arrangement between the United States and the Republic of Colombia.* (b)

May 19, 1832.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled*, That vessels of the Republic of Colombia, and their cargoes, whether of foreign or domestic produce or manufacture, which shall come direct from the ports of that nation to the United States, shall pay no greater duties on importation, anchorage, tonnage, or any other kind, than are now, or hereafter may be, levied on the vessels of the United States.

Colombian vessels coming direct, &c. to pay same duties, &c. as American vessels.

SEC. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That the restriction of coming direct from a port in Colombia, contained in the preceding section, shall be taken off, as soon as the President shall receive satisfactory evidence, that a like restriction is taken off, from vessels of the United States in the ports of the Republic of Colombia, and shall make known the same by his proclamation declaring the fact.

President to remove restriction, &c.

SEC. 3. *And be it further enacted*, That if the President of the United States shall at any time receive satisfactory information that the privileges allowed or which may be allowed to American vessels and their cargoes in the ports of Colombia, corresponding with those extended, or to be extended by this act, to Colombian vessels and their cargoes in the ports of the United States, have been revoked or annulled, he is hereby au-

President authorized to suspend operation of this act.

(a) Acts relating to the courts of the United States in the territory and state of Indiana.

An act to regulate trade and intercourse with the Indian tribes, and to preserve peace on the frontiers. March 30, 1802, ch. 13, sec. 15.

An act for the regulation of the courts of justice of Indiana. February 24, 1815, ch. 54.

An act supplementary to an act, entitled "An act regulating and defining the duties of the judges of the territory of Illinois, and for vesting in the courts of Indiana a jurisdiction in chancery cases arising in the said territory," April 29, 1816, ch. 154.

An act to provide for the due execution of the laws of the United States within the state of Indiana, March 3, 1817, ch. 100.

An act respecting the jurisdiction of certain district courts; February 19, 1831, ch. 28.

An act for altering the time of holding the district court of the United States for the district of Indiana, May 19, 1832, ch. 77.

An act supplementary to an act, entitled, "An act to amend the judicial system of the United States," March 3, 1837, ch. 34, sec. 3, 4.

An act to change the time of holding the circuit and district courts in the seventh circuit, March 10, 1838, ch. 33.

(b) Acts relating to discriminating duties, vol. iv. p. 2.

thorized, by proclamation, to suspend the operation of either or both of the provisions of this act, as the case may be, and to withhold any or all the privileges allowed, or to be allowed, to Colombian vessels or their cargoes.

APPROVED, May 19, 1832.

STATUTE I.

May 19, 1832.

CHAP. LXXX.—*An Act authorizing the revision and extension of the rules and regulations of the naval service.*

Board to be constituted, &c.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled,* That the President of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized to constitute a board of naval officers to be composed of the naval commissioners and two post captains to meet at the seat of government, whose duty it shall be, with the aid and assistance of the attorney general, carefully to revise and enlarge the rules and regulations governing the naval service, with the view to adapt them to the present and future exigencies of this important arm of national defence, which rules and regulations, when approved by him and sanctioned by Congress, shall have the force of law, and stand in lieu of all others heretofore enacted.

APPROVED, May 19, 1832.

STATUTE I.

May 22, 1832.

CHAP. XCI.—*An Act for the apportionment of representatives among the several states, according to the fifth census.*

Maine, 8  
NewHamp. 5  
Mass. 12  
R. Island, 2  
Conn. 6  
Vermont, 5  
NewYork, 40  
NewJersey, 6  
Penn'a. 28  
Delaware, 1  
Maryland, 8  
Virginia, 21  
N.Carolina, 13  
S.Carolina, 9  
Georgia, 9  
Kentucky, 13  
Tennessee, 13  
Ohio, 19  
Indiana, 7  
Mississippi, 2  
Illinois, 3  
Louisiana, 3  
Missouri, 2  
Alabama, 5

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled,* That from and after the third day of March, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-three, the House of Representatives shall be composed of members, elected agreeably to a ratio of one representative for every forty-seven thousand and seven hundred persons in each state, computed according to the rule prescribed by the constitution of the United States, that is to say, within the state of Maine, eight; within the state of New Hampshire, five; within the state of Massachusetts, twelve; within the state of Rhode Island, two; within the state of Connecticut, six; within the state of Vermont, five; within the state of New York, forty; within the state of New Jersey, six; within the state of Pennsylvania, twenty-eight; within the state of Delaware, one; within the state of Maryland, eight; within the state of Virginia, twenty-one; within the state of North Carolina, thirteen; within the state of South Carolina, nine; within the state of Georgia, nine; within the state of Kentucky, thirteen; within the state of Tennessee, thirteen; within the state of Ohio, nineteen; within the state of Indiana, seven; within the state of Mississippi, two; within the state of Illinois, three; within the state of Louisiana, three; within the state of Missouri, two; and within the state of Alabama, five.

APPROVED, May 22, 1832.

STATUTE I.

May 22, 1832.

CHAP. XCII.—*An act to alter the time of holding the district court of the United States for the western district of Louisiana. (a)*

Court to be held 2d Monday 'n June.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled,* That the district court of the United States for the western district of Louisiana, shall be hereafter holden on the second Monday of June, in each year, instead of the third Monday of August, as is now required by law.

(a) See notes to the acts relating to the district court in Louisiana, vol. iii. p. 774.