or canals, of any sort, shall be opened through the property of said cor-
poration exclusively appropriated and used for the purposes of a ceme-
tery: Provided, That nothing herein shall be so construed as to
authorize said corporation to obstruct any public road, or street, or
lane, or alley now actually opened and used as such.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That any person who shall wilfully
destroy, mutilate or deface, injure or remove any tomb, monument, grave-
stone, or other structure or work placed in said cemetery, or any fence,
railing, or work for protection or ornament of said cemetery, or any tomb,
monument, gravestone, or other structure or work thereon, or shall wil-
fully destroy, cut, break, or remove any tree, shrub, or plant, within the
limits of said cemetery, shall be considered guilty of a misdemeanor, and,
on conviction thereof before any magistrate or justice of the peace, shall
be punished by fine, at the discretion of the justice, according to the
aggravation of the offence, of not less than five nor more than fifty
dollars.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That the said corporation shall pro-
vide for the return, from time to time, to the Corporation of Washington,
reports of all interments made in said cemetery, of persons who may
have died within the limits of the city of Washington, in such manner as
may be prescribed from time to time by said Corporation of Washington.

SEC. 8. And be it further enacted, That nothing in this act shall be so
construed as to authorize said corporation to issue any note, token, device,
currency, scrip, or other evidence of debt, to be used as a currency; and each of
the corporators in said corporation shall be held liable, in his individual
capacity, for all the debts and liabilities of said corporation, however con-
tracted or incurred, to be recovered by suit as other debts or liabilities
before the court or tribunal having jurisdiction of the case.

SEC. 9. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for Congress,
at any time hereafter, to alter, amend, or repeal the foregoing act.

APPROVED, June 10, 1862.

CHAP. CI. — An Act to protect the Property of Indians who have adopted the Habits of
civilized Life.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United
States of America in Congress assembled, That whenever any Indian,
being a member of any band or tribe with whom the Government has or
shall have entered into treaty stipulations, being desirous to adopt the
habits of civilized life, shall have had a portion of the lands belonging to
his tribe allotted to him in severalty, in pursuance of such treaty stipula-
tions, it shall be the duty of the agent and superintendent of such tribe
to provide that such Indian shall be protected in the peaceful and quiet
occupation and enjoyment of the lands so allotted to him.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That whenever any person of In-
dian blood belonging to a band or tribe who receive, or are entitled to
receive, annuities from the Government of the United States, and who
has not adopted the habits and customs of civilized life, and received his
lands in severalty by allotment, as mentioned in the foregoing section of
this act, shall commit any trespass upon the lands or premises of any In-
dian who has received his lands by allotment, as aforesaid, it shall be the
duty of the agent and superintendent of such tribe to ascertain the
damages resulting from such trespass; and the sum so ascertained shall
be withheld from the payment next thereafter to be made, either to the
band or tribe to which the party committing such trespass shall belong, as
in the discretion of the superintendent he shall deem proper, and the sum
so retained shall be paid over by the said agent or superintendent to the
party injured, with the approval of the Secretary of the Interior.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That in case the trespasser shall be
If trespasser is the chief or headman of a band or tribe, in addition to the penalties above provided for, it shall be the duty of the superintendent of Indian affairs in his district to suspend the said trespasser from his office for three months, and during that time to deprive him of all the benefits and emoluments connected therewith. Provided, That the said chief or headman may be sooner restored to his former standing if the superintendent shall so direct.

APPROVED, June 14, 1862.

June 16, 1862. 

CHAP. CII. — An Act providing for the Selection of Jurors to serve in the several Courts in the District of Columbia.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That it shall be the duty of the Register of Washington city, and of the respective clerks of the city of Georgetown and the Levy Court of Washington county, in the District of Columbia, within one month after the passage of this act, and on or before the first day of February in each year thereafter, to make a list of such of the white male citizens, tax-payers, residing within their respective jurisdictions, as they shall judge best qualified to serve as jurors in the courts of the said District, in which lists may be included, in the discretion of the officer making the same, the names of such qualified persons as were on the list of the previous year but did not serve as jurors, and the lists thus made by the register and clerks aforesaid shall be kept by them, respectively, and be delivered over to their successors in office.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the officers aforesaid shall select from the list of the register of Washington city the names of four hundred persons, from that of the clerk of Georgetown eighty persons, and from that of the clerk of the levy court forty persons, which proportion, after the year eighteen hundred and sixty-three, may be varied from year to year according to the increase or decrease of population in the respective jurisdictions, by order of the judges of the circuit court of Washington county.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the Mayors of the cities of Washington and Georgetown, all judicial officers, salaried officers of the Government of the United States, commissioners of police, and those connected with the police or fire department, counsellors and attorneys at law, ministers of the gospel and priests of every denomination, practising physicians and surgeons, keepers of hospitals, asylums, almshouses, or other charitable institutions created by or under the laws relating to the District of Columbia, captains and masters and other persons employed on vessels navigating the waters of said District, and keepers of public ferries, shall be exempt from jury duty, and their names shall not be placed in the list aforesaid.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the names selected from said lists shall be written on separate and similar pieces of paper, which shall be so folded or rolled up that the names cannot be seen, and placed in a box, to be provided by the register and clerks aforesaid, which box shall be sealed, and after being thoroughly shaken, shall be delivered to the clerk of the circuit court of Washington county for safe-keeping.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That the said register and clerks, and the clerk of the circuit court, shall, at least ten days before the commencement of each term of the circuit or of the criminal court, meet at the City Hall in Washington city, and then and there the clerk of the circuit court shall publicly break the seal of said box and proceed to draw therefrom the names of so many persons as are required; and if the jury about to be drawn is intended for service in the criminal court, the twenty-three persons whose names shall be first drawn shall constitute the grand jury; and the twenty-six persons whose names shall next be drawn shall