fourth section of this act may be recovered in an action at law in any court of record of the United States, or any court of competent jurisdiction, which action may be brought in the name of the United States by any person who will sue for said penalty, one half for the use of the United States, and the other half for the use of the person bringing such action. And the recovery and satisfaction of a judgment in any such action shall be a bar to the imposition of any fine for the same offence in any prosecution instituted subsequent to the recovery of such judgment, but shall not be a bar to the infliction of punishment by imprisonment, as provided by said fourth section.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That all acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed.

APPROVED, June 17, 1864.

CHAP. CXXVIII.—An Act to amend an Act entitled “An Act to extend the Time for the Withdrawal of Goods from Public Stores and Bonded Warehouses, and for other Purposes,” approved twenty-ninth February, eighteen hundred and sixty-four.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That all goods, wares, and merchandise, in public stores or bonded warehouses, on which the duties are unpaid, and which shall have been in bond for more than one year and less than three years, may be entered for consumption and the bonds cancelled at any time before the first day of September next, on payment of duties and charges according to the laws in force at the time the goods shall be withdrawn.

APPROVED, June 17, 1864.

CHAP. CXXIX.—An Act to amend an Act entitled “An Act to authorize the Corporation of Georgetown, in the District of Columbia, to lay and collect a Water Tax, and for other Purposes,” approved May twenty-one, eighteen hundred and sixty-two.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That in all cases in which an original town lot in Georgetown, in the District of Columbia, entirely owned by the same person or persons, or any subdivision of an original lot separately owned, as aforesaid, shall be situated at the intersection of two streets, so as to bind or front on both, and in which both fronts would be liable to the front-foot tax authorized by the act entitled “An act to authorize the corporation of Georgetown, in the District of Columbia, to lay and collect a water-tax, and for other purposes,” approved May twenty-one, eighteen hundred and sixty-two, the said front-foot tax shall not be levied upon more than seventy-five feet of the two fronts of said lot or part of lot; and all beyond said number of feet shall be exempt therefrom: Provided, That, for the purpose of avoiding inequality and hardship in laying said tax, it shall be lawful for the said corporation of Georgetown, in such cases, to make such further exemptions from said front-foot tax, either by general laws or in individual cases, as to them may seem just and proper.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for said corporation of Georgetown, in their discretion, instead of the front-foot tax aforesaid, to lay and collect annually a general special tax not to exceed one fifth of one per cent., per annum on all the assessable property in said town, for the purpose of defraying the cost of distributing water through said town from the mains or pipes of the Washington aqueduct, which tax shall be exclusively appropriated to said object, shall be collected in the same manner as the general tax of said town, and shall cease whenever the cost of said distribution shall have been fully paid: Provided, That all persons liable to pay said tax shall be credited on account of the same with all sums heretofore paid by them on account of said front-foot tax, levied in pursuance of the act to which this is an amendment.
Act of 1863, ch. 89, § 3, repealed.

And be it further enacted,

That the third section of the act aforesaid be, and the same is hereby, repealed.

APPROVED, June 17, 1864.

CHAP. CXXX.—An Act to regulate the Foreign Coasting Trade on the Northern, Northeastern, and Northwestern Frontiers of the United States, and for other Purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That any boat, sloop, or other vessel of the United States, navigating the waters on our northern, northeastern, and northwestern frontiers, otherwise than by sea, shall be enrolled and licensed in such form as other vessels; which enrolment and license shall authorize any such boat, sloop, or other vessel to be employed either in the coasting or foreign trade on said frontiers; and no certificate of register shall be required for vessels so employed on said frontiers: Provided, That such boat, sloop, or vessel shall be, in every other respect, liable to the rules, regulations, and penalties now in force relating to registered and licensed vessels.


Not to exceed a certain sum. 1846, ch. 7. Vol. ix. p. 3.

Fees, &c., how to be accounted for. 1822, ch. 107, § 12. Vol. iii. p. 695.

What fees may be charged.

Certain territory, waters, &c., added to the Milwaukee district.

Bonds of collectors, naval officers, &c., how approved and kept.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That in lieu of the compensation provided by the fourth section of the act of March second, eighteen hundred and thirty-one, entitled “An act to regulate the foreign and coasting trade on the northern, northeastern, and northwestern frontiers of the United States, and for other purposes,” each of the several collectors of customs in the following districts on the said frontiers, to wit: Pembina, Chicago, Milwaukie, Sault Sainte Marie, Detroit, Miami, Sandusky, Cuyahoga, Presque Isle, (hereafter to be called Erie,) Dunkirk, Buffalo, Niagara, Genesee, Oswego, Cape Vincent, Oswegatchie, Champlain, and Vermont, shall receive an annual compensation of one thousand dollars, and, in addition thereto, the fees now collected under the general regulations of the treasury department of February, eighteen hundred and fifty-seven, and a commission of three per centum on all moneys collected and accounted for by them respectively: Provided, That the aggregate compensation derived from salary, fees, and commissions, shall not in any case exceed the sum of twenty-five hundred dollars per annum, subject to the provisions of the act entitled “An act relative to collectors and other officers of the customs,” approved February eleventh, eighteen hundred and forty-six. And whenever the aggregate of salary, fees, and commissions shall in any case exceed the said sum of twenty-five hundred dollars, after deducting the necessary expenses incident to the said office, for and during the same period for which said compensation is allowed, the excess shall, in every such case, be paid into the treasury of the United States. The fees and emoluments of all kinds to be accounted for as provided by the twelfth section of the act of the seventh of May, eighteen hundred and twenty-two.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the collectors and other officers of customs on the said frontiers shall be authorized to charge and collect the same fees as are now allowed by law to be charged and collected by the collectors and other officers of customs.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That all the territory, harbors, and waters on the eastern shore of the State of Wisconsin, bordering on Lake Michigan, heretofore embraced in the district of Michilimackinac, and lying within the limits of the State of Wisconsin, shall be, and the same are hereby, attached to and made part of the collection district of Milwaukie, in the State of Wisconsin.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That all bonds given by collectors of customs, naval officers, surveyors, and by all officers of the customs throughout the United States, shall be approved by the commissioner of customs, in whose office they are now required to be filed.