Provision.

Provided, That no allowance shall be made for troops beyond the companies called out by the governor of said Territory in that year, and placed under the command of the general commanding the troops of the United States in that Territory; nor shall any rate of pay or expenses of any kind be allowed higher or greater than those allowed by law to like troops regularly enlisted in the service of the United States; and the sum of forty-five thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated therefor out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

Approved, July 27, 1866.

July 28, 1866.

CHAP. CCXCIII.—An Act to fix the Compensation of certain Collectors of Customs, and for other Purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the collectors of customs hereinafter named shall, from and after the first day of July, eighteen hundred and sixty-six, in lieu of the salaries to which they are now by law respectively entitled, receive the salaries following, to wit: The collectors of the districts of Texas, at Galveston, Saluria, Corpus Christi, and Brazos de Santiago, Texas, each at the rate of one thousand five hundred dollars a year in addition to the fees of office: Provided, That such compensation shall in no case exceed the sum of twenty-five hundred dollars per annum in the aggregate; the collectors of the districts of Beaufort, South Carolina, and Pensacola, Florida, each at the rate of one thousand dollars a year; the collectors of the district of Georgetown, in the District of Columbia, and of the districts of Cherry Stone, Virginia; Brunswick, Georgia; [Saint] Augustine, Saint Mark’s, and Apalachicola, Florida, and Teche, Louisiana, five hundred dollars a year each.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That all that part of the State of Texas and the waters thereof included within the counties of Nueces, Starr, Zapata, Duval, Encinna, Webb, La Salle, McMullen, Live Oak, Bee, Refugio, and San Patricio, shall be a distinct collection district, to be called the district of Corpus Christi, and the town of Corpus Christi shall be its only port of entry; and a collector shall be appointed to reside at said port. And Aransas shall be a port of delivery in said district.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That the town of Indianola shall hereafter be the port of entry for the district of Saluria, in said State, instead of La Salle. And all acts and parts of acts conflicting with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed: and this act shall take effect on and after the first day of August next.

Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That in lieu of the compensation now allowed by law there shall hereafter be paid to each of the deputy collectors at the ports of New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore, New Orleans, Portland, and San Francisco and to each of the general appraisers and local appraisers at Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore, New Orleans, Portland, and San Francisco, three thousand dollars per annum; to each of the deputy naval officers and the deputy surveyors at New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore, New Orleans, Portland, and San Francisco, two thousand five hundred dollars per annum; and to each of the custom-house weighers at the ports of Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore, New Orleans, Portland, and San Francisco, two thousand dollars per annum, out of the appropriation for expenses of collecting the revenue from customs: Provided, That the additional compensation of twenty-

Salaries of certain collectors of customs changed and established.

Maximum.

District of Corpus Christi in Texas established, and collector authorized.

Corpus Christi to be port of entry, and Aransas a port of delivery.

Indianola to be port of entry for district of Saluria.

This act to take effect August 1, 1866.

Pay of certain deputy collectors, general and local appraisers; deputy naval officers and surveyors; custom-house weighers.
fifty per centum, as now provided by law, shall be continued to officers as
specified aforesaid at the port of San Francisco.

Sec. 5. And be it further enacted, That all blank books, blanks, and
stationery of every kind required by collectors and other officers of the
customs, shall, so soon as they can be prepared for delivery, by or under
the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, be furnished to them for
the use of their respective offices, upon requisition made by them, and the
expense of such books, blanks, and stationery shall be paid out of the
appropriation for defraying the expenses of collecting the revenue from cus-
toms.

Sec. 6. And be it further enacted, That the fourth section of the act of
February twenty-eight, eighteen hundred and sixty-five, entitled "An act to
revive certain provisions of the act entitled 'An act further to provide
for the collection of duties on imports and tonnage,' approved March three,
eighteen hundred and fifteen, and for other purposes," shall not be con-
strued to increase the per diem allowed to appraisers by the first section of
the act of April two, eighteen hundred and forty-four, which it amends.

APPROVED, July 28, 1866.

CHAP. CCXCV. — An Act to prescribe the Mode of Settling the Accounts of the Clerk
of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United
States of America in Congress assembled, That the clerk of the supreme
court of the District of Columbia shall pay into the treasury of the United
States all the earnings of his office, over and above the necessary expenses
of the same and his own compensation.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That his accounts of said earnings
and expenses shall be adjusted by the regular auditor of the court, or by
a special auditor to be appointed by the court for the purpose, within thirty
days after the first day of January and July, every year; and the auditor
shall immediately report his adjustment to the court, with such exceptions
thereto as the clerk shall, within four days after the adjustment reported,
take and file with the auditor.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That the court shall pronounce such
deecre upon said report and exceptions as may seem to it equitable and
just; and said decree shall be final, and be binding upon the United States
and the clerk. If, upon such account, a balance be found due from the
clerk to the United States, the court shall order payment by the clerk into
the treasury, and enforce its order by execution, process of contempt, or
otherwise; and, if the clerk refuse to pay the money, shall remove him
from office. If a balance be found due from the United States to the
clerk, the same shall be paid upon presenting to the treasurer a copy of
the decree, duly certified.

Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That the clerk shall, as in other
cases of judgments to which the United States is a party, furnish the sol-
citor of the treasury a copy of the decree immediately after it is pro-
nounced.

Sec. 5. And be it further enacted, That all other modes of accounting
for the earnings of said office are hereby repealed.

APPROVED, July 28, 1866.

CHAP. CCXCV. — An Act for the Relief of the Trustees and Stewards of the Mission
Church of the Wyandotte Indians.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United
States of America in Congress assembled, That for refunding to Jacob
White-Crow, John Sawahass, and others, trustees and stewards of the
Wyandotte and Quindaro mission of the Kansas Conference of the Meth-