last day shall fall on a Sunday, Christmas day, or on any day appointed by the President of the United States as a day of public fast or thanksgiving, or on the Fourth of July, in which case the time shall be reckoned exclusive of that day also.

SEC. 49. And be it further enacted, That all the jurisdiction, power, and authority conferred upon and vested in the District Court of the United States by this act in cases in bankruptcy are hereby conferred upon and vested in the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, and in and upon the supreme courts of the several Territories of the United States, when the bankrupt resides in the said District of Columbia or in either of the said Territories. And in those judicial districts which are not within any organized circuit of the United States, the power and jurisdiction of a circuit court in bankruptcy may be exercised by the district judge.

SEC. 50. And be it further enacted, That this act shall commence and take effect as to the appointment of the officers created hereby, and the promulgation of rules and general orders, from and after the date of its approval: Provided, That no petition or other proceeding under this act shall be filed, received, or commenced before the first day of June, anno Domini, eighteen hundred and sixty-seven.

APPROVED, March 2, 1867.

CHAP. CLXXVII. — An Act for the Relief of the Inhabitants of Cities and Towns on the Public Lands.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That whenever any portion of the public lands of the United States have been or shall be settled upon and occupied as a town site, and therefore not subject to entry under the agricultural pre-emption laws, it shall be lawful, in case such town shall be incorporated, for the corporate authorities thereof, and if not incorporated, for the judge of the county court for the county in which such town may be situated, to enter, at the proper land office, and at the minimum price, the land so settled and occupied, in trust for the several use and benefit of the occupants thereof, according to their respective interests; the execution of which trust, as to the disposal of the lots in such town, and the proceeds of the sales thereof, to be conducted under such rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the legislative authority of the State or Territory in which the same may be situated: Provided, That the entry of the land intended by this act to be made shall be made, or a declaratory statement of the purpose of the inhabitants to enter it as a town site under this act shall be filed with the register of the proper land office, prior to the commencement of the public sale of the body of land in which it is included, and that the entry or declaratory statement shall include only such lands as is actually occupied by the town and the title to which is in the United States. If upon surveyed lands the entry shall in its exterior limit be made in conformity to the legal subdivisions of the public lands authorized by the act of twenty-fourth April, one thousand eight hundred and twenty; and where the inhabitants are in number one hundred and less than two hundred, shall embrace not exceeding three hundred and twenty acres; and in cases where the inhabitants of such town are more than two hundred and less than one thousand, shall embrace not exceeding six hundred and forty acres; and where the number of inhabitants is one thousand and over one thousand, shall embrace not exceeding twelve hundred and eighty acres: Provided, That for each additional one thousand inhabitants, not exceeding five thousand in all, a further grant of three hundred and twenty acres shall be allowed: And provided further, That in any Territory in which a land office may not have been established, declaratory statements as hereinbefore provided.
may be filed with the surveyor-general of the surveying district in which
the lands are situate, who shall transmit said declaratory statement to the
general land office: And provided, further, That any act of said trusteess not made in conformity to the rules and regulations herein alluded to
shall be void; effect to be given to the foregoing provisions according to
such regulations as may be prescribed by the Secretary of the Interior:
And provided further, That the provisions of this act shall not apply to
military or other reservations heretofore made by the United States, nor
to reservations for lighthouses, custom-houses, mints, or such other public
purposes as the interests of the United States may require, whether held
under reservations through the land office by title derived from the Crown
of Spain, or otherwise: And provided further, That no title shall be ac-
quired, under the provisions of this act, to any mine of gold, silver, cinna-
bar, or copper.

Approved, March 2, 1867.

March 2, 1867.

CHAP. CLXXVIII. — An Act allowing the Duties on foreign Merchandise imported
into the Port of Albany to be secured and paid at that Place.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United
States of America in Congress assembled, That Albany, in the State of
New York, and within the collection district of New York, be, and is
hereby, declared to be a port of delivery within the aforesaid district; and
there shall be appointed a surveyor of customs, to reside at said port, who
shall, in addition to the customary duties performed by that officer in
other places, perform the duties prescribed in an act entitled “An act al-
lowing the foreign merchandise imported into Pittsburg, Wheeling, Cin-
cinnati, Louisville, Saint Louis, Nashville, and Natchez, to be secured
and paid at those places,” approved March two, eighteen hundred and
thirty-one. The said surveyor, before taking the oath of office, shall give
security to the United States for the faithful performance of his duties in
the sum of ten thousand dollars, and shall receive, in addition to the cus-
tomary fees and emoluments of his office, an annual salary of six hundred
dollars.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the same privileges granted to
the ports of delivery mentioned in the first section of this act, and the
restrictions created by the said act, are hereby extended and made applic-
able to all goods, wares, and merchandise imported into the United
States at any port of entry and destined to said port of Albany.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of the Treasury
shall be, and he is hereby, authorized to extend the privileges of the
warehouse acts of August six, eighteen hundred and forty-six, and March
twenty-eight, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, and the regulations of the
Treasury Department relating thereto, to the said port of Albany.

Approved, March 2, 1867.

March 2, 1867.

CHAP. CLXXIX. — An Act to create the Office of Surveyor-General in the Territory of
Montana, and establish a Land Office in the Territories of Montana and Arizona.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United
States of America in Congress assembled, That the President, by the ad-
vice and consent of the Senate, shall be, and he is hereby, authorized to
appoint a surveyor-general for Montana, whose annual salary shall be
three thousand dollars, and whose power, authority, and duties shall be
the same as those provided by law for the surveyor-general of Oregon.
He shall have proper allowances for clerk hire, office rent and fuel, what
is now allowed by law to the surveyor-general of Oregon.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the public lands within the
Territories of Montana and Arizona, to which the Indian title is or shall
be extinguished, shall each respectively constitute a new land district to