award in acknowledgment of the services of masters and crews of foreign vessels in rescuing American citizens from shipwreck.

Appointments made by reason of fitness, and not for political reasons.

SECTION TEN.—That the appointment of district superintendents, inspectors, and keepers and crews of life-saving stations shall be made solely with reference to their fitness, and without reference to their political or party affiliations.

SECTION ELEVEN.—That this act shall take effect from and after its passage.

Approved, May 4, 1882.

May 4, 1882.

CHAP. 118.—An act to amend the laws with reference to elections in West Virginia

West Virginia. resentatives for the Forty-eighth Congress.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That on the second Tuesday of Election of Rep- October, eighteen hundred and eighty-two, there shall be elected in sentatives for the each Congressional District in the State of West Virginia, one representatives for the each Congressional District in the State of West Virginia, one representatives for the each Congressional District in the State of West Virginia, one representatives for the each Congressional District in the State of West Virginia, one representatives for the each Congressional District in the State of West Virginia, one representatives for the each Congressional District in the State of West Virginia, one representatives for the each Congressional District in the State of West Virginia, one representatives for the each Congressional District in the State of West Virginia, one representatives for the each Congressional District in the State of West Virginia, one representatives for the each Congressional District in the State of West Virginia, one representatives for the each Congressional District in the State of West Virginia, one representatives for the each Congressional District in the State of West Virginia, one representatives for the each Congressional District in the State of West Virginia, one representatives for the each Congressional District in the State of West Virginia, one representatives for the each Congressional District in the State of West Virginia, one representatives for the each Congressional District in the Each Congression of the ea sentative to represent said State of West Virginia in the Forty-eighth

> SEC. 2.—That said election shall be conducted according to the laws now in force, except so far as the same relate to and fix the time of such election.

Approved, May 4, 1882.

May 4, 1882.

CHAP. 119.—An act making an immediate appropriation for the removal of obstructions at Hell Gate, New York.

Hell Gate, N. Y. Appropriation.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United Removal of ob- States of America in Congress assembled, That the sum of fifty thousand structions from dollars be and is hereby appropriated, to be paid out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the removal of obstructions in East River, Hell Gate, New York, the same to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of War, and to be immediately available.

Approved, May 4, 1882.

May 4, 1882.

CHAP. 120.—An act to repeal the discriminating duties on goods produced east of the Cape of Good Hope.

east of the Cape of reads as follows: on goods produced Good Hope when Cape of Good Hope, from and after Jan-

repealed.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United Repeal of dis-States of America in Congress assembled, That section two thousand criminating duties five hundred and one of the Revised Statutes of the United States which

"There shall be levied, collected and paid on all goods, wares, and imported from merchandise of the growth or produce of the countries east of the Cape places west of the of Good Hope (except wool, raw cotton and raw silk, as reeled from the cocoon, or not further advanced than tram, thrown, or organzine,) when nary 1, 1883. imported from places west of the Cape of Good Hope, a duty of ten per R. S., 2501, 459, centum ad valorem in addition to the duties imposed on any such article when imported directly from the place or places of their growth or production", be and the same is hereby repealed from and after the first day of January, eighteen hundred and eighty-three.

Approved, May 4, 1882.

May 6, 1882.

CHAP. 126.—An act to execute certain treaty stipulations relating to Chinese.

Presmble.

Whereas, in the opinion of the Government of the United States the coming of Chinese laborers to this country endangers the good order of certain localities within the territory thereof: Therefore,

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That from and after the expiration of ninety days next after the passage of this act, and until the Chinese laborers expiration of ten years next after the passage of this act, the coming of States Chinese laborers to the United States be, and the same is hereby, sus- for ten years. pended; and during such suspension it shall not be lawful for any Chinese laborer to come, or, having so come after the expiration of said ninety days, to remain within the United States.

SEC. 2. That the master of any vessel who shall knowingly bring within the United States on such vessel, and land or permit to be landed, lation of act. any Chinese laborer, from any foreign port or place, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine of not more than five hundred dollars for each and every such Chinese laborer so brought, and may be also imprisoned for a term not

exceeding one year.

SEC. 3. That the two foregoing sections shall not apply to Chinese laborers who were in the United States on the seventeenth day of November, eighteen hundred and eighty, or who shall have come into the same before the expiration of ninety days next after the passage of this act, and who shall produce to such master before going on board such vessel, and shall produce to the collector of the port in the United States sels with immiat which such vessel shall arrive, the evidence hereinafter in this act grants, when exrequired of his being one of the laborers in this section mentioned; nor shall the two foregoing sections apply to the case of any master whose vessel, being bound to a port not within the United States, shall come within the jurisdiction of the United States by reason of being in distress or in stress of weather, or touching at any port of the United States on its voyage to any foreign port or place: Provided, That all Chinese laborers brought on such vessel shall depart with the vessel on leaving port.

SEC. 4. That for the purpose of properly mentifying chinese laborers who were in the United States on the seventeenth day of November, Chinese laborers in United States SEC. 4. That for the purpose of properly identifying Chinese laborers eighteen hundred and eighty, or who shall have come into the same November 17, 1880, before the expiration of ninety days next after the passage of this act, under treaty Noand in order to furnish them with the proper evidence of their right to vember 17, 1880. go from and come to the United States of their free will and accord, as provided by the treaty between the United States and China dated November seventeenth, eighteen hundred and eighty, the collector of customs of the district from which any such Chinese laborer shall depart from the United States shall, in person or by deputy, go on board each vessel having on board any such Chinese laborer and cleared or about to sail from his district for a foreign port, and on such vessel make a list of all such Chinese laborers, which shall be entered in registry-books to and kept in cusbe kept for that purpose, in which shall be stated the name, age, occupation, last place of residence, physical marks or peculiarities, and all facts necessary for the identification of each of such Chinese laborers, which books shall be safely kept in the custom-house; and every such Chinese laborer so departing from the United States shall be entitled to, and shall receive, free of any charge or cost upon application therefor, from the collector or his deputy, at the time such list is taken, a certificate, signed by the collector or his deputy and attested by his seal of office, in such form as the Secretary of the Treasury shall prescribe, receive certificate which certificate shall contain a statement of the name, age, occupation, described to a relast place of residence, personal description, and facts of identification turn to the United of the Chinese laborer to whom the certificate is issued, corresponding States. with the said list and registry in all particulars. In case any Chinese laborer after having received such certificate shall leave such vessel before her departure he shall deliver his certificate to the master of the and canceled, vessel and if such Chinese laborar shall fail to return to such record he when. vessel, and if such Chinese laborer shall fail to return to such vessel before her departure from port the certificate shall be delivered by the master to the collector of customs for cancellation. The certificate herein provided for shall entitle the Chinese laborer to whom the same

Immigration of to the United

Penalties for vio-

Exemptions.

Masters of ves-

Proviso.

Privileges to

List to be made tom-house.

When leaving to

Certificate filed

is issued to return to and re-enter the United States upon producing and delivering the same to the collector of customs of the district at which such Chinese laborer shall seek to re-enter; and upon delivery of such certificate by such Chinese laborer to the collector of customs at the time of re-entry in the United States, said collector shall cause the same to be filed in the custom-house and duly canceled.

Certificate to is-

SEC. 5. That any Chinese laborer mentioned in section four of this act sue on departure being in the United States, and desiring to depart from the United States from United States, by land, shall have the right to demand and receive, free of charge or by land, free of eart a certificate of identification gimilar to that provided for in section cost, a certificate of identification similar to that provided for in section four of this act to be issued to such Chinese laborers as may desire to leave the United States by water; and it is hereby made the duty of the collector of customs of the district next adjoining the foreign country to which said Chinese laborer desires to go to issue such certificate, free of charge or cost, upon application by such Chinese laborer, and to enter the same upon registry books to be kept by him for the purpose, as provided for in section four of this act.

Chinese other identified by certificate from Chi-

SEC. 6. That in order to the faithful execution of articles one and two than laborers to be of the treaty in this act before mentioned, every Chinese person other than a laborer who may be entitled by said treaty and this act to come ness Government, within the United States, and who shall be about to come to the United States, shall be identified as so entitled by the Chinese Government in each case, such identity to be evidenced by a certificate issued under the authority of said government, which certificate shall be in the English language or (if not in the English language) accompanied by a translation into English, stating such right to come, and which certificate shall state the name, title, or official rank, if any, the age, height, and all physical peculiarities, former and present occupation or profession, and place of residence in China of the person to whom the certificate is issued and that such person is entitled conformably to the treaty in this act mentioned to come within the United States. Such certificate shall be prima-facie evidence of the fact set forth therein, and shall be produced to the collector of customs, or his deputy, of the port in the district in the United States at which the person named therein shall arrive.

Fraudulent certificates

Penalties.

Lists of Chinese of customs.

SEC. 7. That any person who shall knowingly and falsely alter or substitute any name for the name written in such certificate or forge any such certificate, or knowingly utter any forged or fraudulent certificate, or falsely personate any person named in any such certificate, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor; and upon conviction thereof shall be fined in a sum not exceeding one thousand dollars, and imprisoned in a penitentiary for a term of not more than five years.

SEC. 8. That the master of any vessel arriving in the United States from passengers on ves- any foreign port or place shall, at the same time he delivers a manifest of sels arriving at the cargo, and if there be no cargo, then at the time of making a report ports of United the cargo, and it there be no cargo, then at the time of making a report states to be kept of the entry of the vessel pursuant to law, in addition to the other matand delivered by ter required to be reported, and before landing, or permitting to land, masters of such any Chinese passengers, deliver and report to the collector of customs vessels to collector of the district in which such vessels shall have arrived a separate list of all Chinese passengers taken on board his vessel at any foreign port or place, and all such passengers on board the vessel at that time. list shall show the names of such passengers (and if accredited officers of the Chinese Government traveling on the business of that government, or their servants, with a note of such facts), and the names and other particulars, as shown by their respective certificates; and such list shall be sworn to by the master in the manner required by law in relation to the manifest of the cargo. Any willful refusal or neglect of any such master to comply with the provisions of this section shall incur the same penalties and forfeiture as are provided for a refusal or neglect to report and deliver a manifest of the cargo.

Collector of cus-

SEC. 9. That before any Chinese passengers are landed from any such coms to examine vessel, the collector, or his deputy, shall proceed to examine such passengers, comparing the certificates with the list and with the passengers; and compare cerand no passenger shall be allowed to land in the United States from tificates and lists. such vessel in violation of law.

Sec. 10. That every vessel whose master shall knowingly violate any of the provisions of this act shall be deemed forfeited to the United vessels for viola-States, and shall be liable to seizure and condemnation in any district tion of provisions of the United States into which such vessel may enter a in thick the states of act. of the United States into which such vessel may enter or in which she may be found.

SEC. 11. That any person who shall knowingly bring into or cause to be brought into the United States by land, or who shall knowingly aid or abet the same, or aid or abet the landing in the United States from any vessel of any Chinese person not lawfully entitled to enter the United States, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall, on conviction thereof, be fined in a sum not exceeding one thousand dollars, and imprisoned for a term not exceeding one year.

Sec. 12. That no Chinese person shall be permitted to enter the United States by land without producing to the proper officer of customs the titled to residence certificate in this act required of Chinese persons seeking to land from to be removed by And any Chinese person found unlawfully within the United direction of the States shall be caused to be removed therefrom to the country from President. whence he came, by direction of the President of the United States, and at the cost of the United States, after being brought before some justice, judge, or commissioner of a court of the United States and found to be one not lawfully entitled to be or remain in the United States.

SEC. 13. That this act shall not apply to diplomatic and other officers of the Chinese Government traveling upon the business of that govern- nese Government ment, whose credentials shall be taken as equivalent to the certificate in this act mentioned, and shall exempt them and their body and household servants from the provisions of this act as to other Chinese persons.

SEC. 14. That hereafter no State court or court of the United States shall admit Chinese to citizenship; and all laws in conflict with this act are hereby repealed.

SEC. 15. That the words "Chinese laborers", wherever used in this act, shall be construed to mean both skilled and unskilled laborers and Chinese employed in mining.

Approved, May 6, 1882.

CHAP. 127.—An act for the erection of a public building at Denver, Colorado.

Beit enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to procure a proper site and cause to be erected thereon a suitable building, with fire-proof vaults, in the city of Denver, Colorado, for the accommodation of the United States district and circuit courts, post-office, land-office, and other government offices in said city, at a cost not exceeding three hundred thousand dollars, including cost of site, which site shall be such as will afford an open space between the building hereby authorized and any other building of not less than forty feet; and the sum of one hundred thousand dollars is hereby appropriated, out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the purpose herein mentioned: Provided, That no money shall be used or applied for the purpose mentioned until a valid title to the land for the site of such building shall be vested in the United States; and no expenditure of money shall be made on the building proposed to be erected on said site until the State of Colorado shall duly release and relinquish to the United States the right to tax or in any way assess said site or the property of the United States that may be thereon, and shall cede jurisdiction over the same during the time that the United States shall remain the owner thereof.

Approved, May 8, 1882.

Forfeiture of

Misdemeanor.

Penalty.

Chinese not enin United States

Officers of Chi-

Admission of Chinese to citizenship prohibited.

May 8, 1882.

Denver, Colo. Public building. Site.

Cost.

Appropriation.

Proviso. Title.