For the State Department, not exceeding five thousand dollars.
For the Department of Justice, not exceeding two thousand dollars.
For the Department of the Interior, not exceeding twenty-five thousand dollars.
For the supreme court of the District of Columbia, not exceeding five hundred dollars.

SENATE.

For compensation and mileage of Senators, fiscal year eighteen hundred and ninety, ten thousand dollars.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

For furniture and repairs of the same, six thousand dollars; for miscellaneous items and expenses of special and select committees, five thousand dollars; in all, eleven thousand dollars, being for a deficiency on account of the fiscal year eighteen hundred and ninety.

ENGRAVING AND PRINTING.

For salaries of all necessary clerks and employees of the Bureau of Engraving and Printing, other than plate printers and plate printers' assistants, seven thousand dollars, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, being for a deficiency on account of the fiscal year eighteen hundred and ninety.

PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

Barge Office Building, New York: For repairs to the United States barge office building at New York City, twenty thousand dollars; said sum to be placed to the credit of the appropriation for repairs and preservation of public buildings, fiscal year eighteen hundred and ninety.

Approved, June 17, 1890.

CHAP. 430.—An act making appropriations to supply deficiencies in the appropriations for the payment of pensions and for the expenses of the eleventh census, for the fiscal year eighteen hundred and ninety, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be, and the same are hereby, appropriated out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the objects hereinafter expressed, namely:

ARMY AND NAVY PENSIONS.

For Army and Navy pensions as follows: For invalids, widows, minor children, and dependent relatives; survivors, and widows of the wars of eighteen hundred and twelve and with Mexico, three million seven hundred and eight thousand eight hundred and thirty-five cents, on account of the fiscal year eighteen hundred and ninety: Provided, That the appropriation aforesaid for Navy pensions shall be paid from the income of the Navy pension fund, so far as the same may be sufficient for that purpose: Provided further, That the amount expended under each of the above items shall be accounted for separately.
For salaries and necessary expenses for taking and compiling the results of the Eleventh Census, three million seventy-five thousand dollars, to continue available until exhausted.

Approved, June 18, 1890.

CHAP. 431.—An act to amend section thirty-three hundred and fifty-four of the Revised Statutes of the United States.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section thirty-three hundred and fifty-four of the Revised Statutes of the United States is hereby amended so that it shall read as follows:

"Sec. 3354. Every person who withdraws any fermented liquor from any hoghead, barrel, keg, or other vessel upon which the proper stamp has not been affixed, for the purpose of bottling the same, or who carries on, or attempts to carry on, the business of bottling fermented liquor in any brewery or other place in which fermented liquor is made, or upon any premises having communication with such brewery, or any warehouse, shall be liable to a fine of five hundred dollars, and the property used in such bottling or business shall be liable to forfeiture: Provided, however, That this section shall not be construed to prevent the withdrawal and transfer of fermented liquors from any of the vats in any brewery, by way of a pipe line or other conduit, to another building or place, for the sole purpose of bottling the same; such pipe line or conduit to be constructed and operated in such manner, and with such cisterns, vats, tanks, valves, cocks, faucets, and gauges, or other utensils or apparatus, either on the premises of the brewery or the bottling house, and with such changes of or additions thereto, and such locks, seals, or other fastenings, and under such rules and regulations as shall be from time to time prescribed by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, subject to the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, and all locks and seals prescribed shall be provided by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, at the expense of the United States: Provided further, That the tax imposed in section thirty-three hundred and thirty-nine of the Revised Statutes of the United States shall be paid on all fermented liquor removed from a brewery to a bottling house by means of a pipe or conduit, at the time of such removal, by the cancellation and defacement, by the collector of the district, or his deputy, in the presence of the brewer, of the number of stamps denoting the tax on the fermented liquor thus removed. The stamps thus canceled and defaced shall be disposed of and accounted for in the manner directed by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury. And any violation of the rules and regulations hereafter prescribed by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, in pursuance of these provisions, shall be subject to the penalties above provided by this section. Every owner, agent, or superintendent of any brewery or bottling house who removes, or connives at the removal of, any fermented liquor through a pipe line or conduit, without payment of the tax thereon, or who attempts in any manner to defraud the revenue as above, shall forfeit all the liquors made by and for him, and all the vessels, utensils, and apparatus used in making the same.

Approved, June 18, 1890.