Sec. 2. That section thirty-nine hundred and twenty-nine of the Revised Statutes be, and the same is hereby, amended to read as follows:

"Sec. 3929. The Postmaster-General may, upon evidence satisfactory to him that any person or company is engaged in conducting any lottery, gift enterprise, or scheme for the distribution of money, or of any real or personal property by lot, chance, or drawing of any kind, or that any person or company is conducting any other scheme or device for obtaining money or property of any kind through the mails by means of false or fraudulent pretenses, representations, or promises, instruct postmasters at any postoffice at which registered letters arrive directed to any such person or company, or to the agent or representative of any such person or company, whether such agent or representative is acting as an individual or as a firm, bank, corporation, or association of any kind, to return all such registered letters to the postmaster at the office at which they were originally mailed, with the word 'Fraudulent' plainly written or stamped upon the outside thereof; and all such letters so returned to such postmasters shall be by them returned to the writers thereof, under such regulations as the Postmaster-General may prescribe. But nothing contained in this section shall be so construed as to authorize any postmaster or other person to open any letter not addressed to himself. The public advertisement by such person or company so conducting such lottery, gift enterprise, scheme, or device, that remittances for the same may be made by registered letters to any other person, whether such agent or representative is acting as an individual or as a firm, bank, corporation, or association of any kind, whether such agent or representative is acting as an individual or as a firm, bank, corporation, or association of any kind, to return all such registered letters to the postmaster at the office at which they were originally mailed, with the word 'Fraudulent' plainly written or stamped upon the outside thereof; and all such letters so returned to such postmasters shall be by them returned to the writers thereof, under such regulations as the Postmaster-General may prescribe. But nothing contained in this section shall be so construed as to authorize any postmaster or other person to open any letter not addressed to himself. The public advertisement by such person or company so conducting such lottery, gift enterprise, scheme, or device, that remittances for the same may be made by registered letters to any other person, firm, bank, corporation, or association named therein shall be held to be prima facie evidence of the existence of said agency by all the parties named therein; but the Postmaster-General shall not be precluded from ascertaining the existence of such agency in any other legal way satisfactory to himself."

Approved, September 19, 1890.

Sec. 3. That section four thousand and forty-one of the Revised Statutes be, and the same is hereby, amended to read as follows:

"Sec. 4041. The Postmaster-General may, upon evidence satisfactory to him that any person or company is engaged in conducting any lottery, gift enterprise, or scheme for the distribution of money, or of any real or personal property by lot, chance, or drawing of any kind, or that any person or company is conducting any other scheme for obtaining money or property of any kind through the mails by means of false or fraudulent pretenses, representations, or promises, forbid the payment by any postmaster to said person or company of any postal money-orders drawn to his or its order, or in his or its favor, or to the agent of any such person or company, whether such agent is acting as an individual or as a firm, bank, corporation, or association of any kind, and may provide by regulation for the return to the remitters of the sums named in such money-orders. But this shall not authorize any person to open any letter not addressed to himself. The public advertisement by such person or company so conducting any such lottery, gift enterprise, scheme, or device, that remittances for the same may be made by means of postal money-orders to any other person, firm, bank, corporation, or association of any kind, and may provide by regulation for the return to the remitters of the sums named in such money-orders. But this shall not authorize any person to open any letter not addressed to himself. The public advertisement by such person or company so conducting any such lottery, gift enterprise, scheme, or device, that remittances for the same may be made by means of postal money-orders to any other person, firm, bank, corporation, or association named therein shall be held to be prima facie evidence of the existence of said agency by all the parties named therein; but the Postmaster-General shall not be precluded from ascertaining the existence of such agency in any other legal way."

Approved, September 19, 1890.

CHAP. 909.—An act to establish a port of delivery at Sioux City, Iowa.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the city of Sioux City, in the State of Iowa, shall be, and is hereby, constituted
a port of delivery, annexed to and made a part of the collection district of New Orleans, and shall be subject to the same regulations and restrictions as other ports of delivery in the United States; and the privileges of the first and seventh sections of the act approved June tenth, eighteen hundred and eighty, entitled "An act to amend the statutes in relation to immediate transportation of dutiable goods, and for other purposes," be, and the same are, extended to said port.

SEC. 2. That there shall be appointed by the President a surveyor of customs for said port, who shall reside at said port, and receive the same compensation now provided, or which may hereafter be provided, by law for surveyors of the same grade.

Approved, September 25, 1890.

CHAP. 910.—An act to authorize the Secretary of the Interior to survey and mark the seventh standard parallel between the States of North and South Dakota.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Interior be, and is hereby, authorized to cause to be surveyed, ascertained, and distinctly marked, by suitable and permanent monuments, the seventh standard parallel of public surveys between the States of North Dakota and South Dakota, such survey to conform in all respects to the general system of public surveys of the United States.

SEC. 2. That for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this act the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated, out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.

Approved, September 25, 1890.

CHAP. 911.—An act to provide for the establishment of a port of delivery at Rock Island, Illinois.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That Rock Island, in the State of Illinois, be, and hereby is, established as a port of delivery, in the customs collection district of New Orleans, and that there shall be appointed at said port a surveyor of customs, with compensation of three hundred and fifty dollars per annum and the usual fees, for the payment of which compensation an appropriation is hereby made out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.

Approved, September 25, 1890.

CHAP. 912. An act to amend an act approved March third, eighteen hundred and eighty-seven, entitled "An act to amend sections twenty-five hundred and thirty-three and twenty-five hundred and thirty-four of the Revised Statutes, and making Hartford, in the State of Connecticut, a port of entry, in place of Middletown."

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section one of the act approved March third, eighteen hundred and eighty-seven, entitled "An act to amend sections twenty-five hundred and thirty-three and twenty-five hundred and thirty-four of the Revised Statutes, and making Hartford, in the State of Connecticut, a port of entry, in place of Middletown," be amended so as to include within the district of Hartford, Connecticut, the towns of Long Meadow, Springfield, Mass., etc.