penitentiary, and their delivery to the superintendent, warden, or keeper of such United States prisons, shall be by the marshal of the District or Territory where such conviction may occur, after the erection and completion of said prisons. That the actual expenses of such marshal, including transportation and subsistence, hire, transportation and subsistence of guards, and the transportation and subsistence of the convict or convicts, be paid, on the approval of the Attorney General out of the judiciary fund.

SEC. 6. That every prisoner when discharged from the jail and prison shall be furnished with transportation to the place of his residence within the United States at the time of his commitment under sentence of the court, and if the term of his imprisonment shall have been for one year or more, he shall also be furnished with suitable clothing, the cost not to exceed twelve dollars, and five dollars in money.

SEC. 7. That this act shall not apply to minors, who, in the judgment of the judges presiding over United States courts, should be committed to reformatory institutions. And provided, That nothing in this act shall be construed as prohibiting the courts of the United States from sentencing to or confining prisoners, either civil or military, in the United States military prison at Fort Leavenworth, Kansas.

SEC. 8. That the said Attorney General, in formulating rules and regulations for the conduct of said prisons, is hereby authorized to establish rules for commutation for good behavior of said convicts, but not for a longer time than two months for the first year's imprisonment, and two months for each succeeding year.

SEC. 9. That the Attorney-General shall be authorized to designate to which of said prisons persons convicted in such States or Territories shall be carried for confinement: Provided, That in the construction of the prison buildings provided for in this act there shall be such arrangement of cells and yard space as that prisoners under twenty years of age shall not be in any way associated with prisoners above that age, and the management of the class under twenty years of age shall be as far as possible reformatory.

Approved, March 3, 1891.
SEC. 3. That the Commissioners of the District of Columbia shall, as soon as practicable, cause a survey of said river to be made to determine the length, width, and height of said bridge and the approaches thereto, and shall cause plans and specifications to be prepared for such bridge and such approaches, and when the same are completed said Board shall advertise for sealed proposals for the construction of such bridge and such approaches, which advertisement shall be inserted for at least one week in one or more daily papers in such cities as the said Board of Commissioners shall designate, and shall let such contract to the lowest responsible bidder, as provided by law: Provided, That the aggregate cost for the construction of such bridge and the approaches thereto, including the incidental expenses connected therewith, shall not exceed the amount herein appropriated.

Approved, March 3, 1891.

CHAP. 531.—An act relating to junk dealers, dealers in second-hand personal property, and pawnbrokers in the District of Columbia.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the act of the late legislative assembly of the District of Columbia approved August twenty-third, eighteen hundred and seventy-one, entitled “An act imposing a license on trades, business, and professions practiced or carried on in the District of Columbia,” be, and the same is hereby, amended as follows; that is to say, by striking out all of paragraph thirty-two of section twenty-one of said act and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

“32. Junk dealers and dealers in second-hand personal property of any kind or description whatsoever shall pay to the District of Columbia a license tax of forty dollars annually. Every person whose business it is to buy or sell old iron, rags, paper, second-hand clothing, or any second-hand personal property of any kind or description whatsoever, shall be subject to the provisions of this act and to all the laws and regulations now in force in the District of Columbia and to all the valid regulations which may hereafter be provided relating to junk dealers or dealers in second-hand personal property: Provided, nevertheless, That no sale shall be made by junk dealers and dealers in second-hand personal property in their possession until after the expiration of ten days from and after the time at which report has been made to the major of police of the purchase thereof, as provided by the police regulations of the District of Columbia.”

SEC. 2. That section seven of chapter four hundred and thirteen of the second session of the Fiftieth Congress, entitled “An act to regulate pawnbrokers in the District of Columbia,” approved March second, eighteen hundred and eighty-nine, is hereby repealed, and the following is enacted in lieu thereof:

SEC. 7. That no pawnbroker shall ask, demand, or receive a greater rate of interest than three per centum per month on any loan secured by pledge of personal property, under penalty of one hundred dollars for every such offense, to be recovered for the use of the District of Columbia: Provided, however, That where the loan is secured by the pledge of personal property requiring extra care to prevent injury during disuse a pawnbroker may charge such reasonable sum for storing or taking care of the same as the Commissioners for the District of Columbia may from time to time prescribe.”

SEC. 3. That all prosecutions under said chapter four hundred and thirteen of the second session of the Fiftieth Congress, and amendments thereof, shall be upon the information of the attorney for,