CHAP. 615.—An Act For the establishment of a subport of entry at Douglas, Arizona.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That Douglas, in the district of Arizona, Territory of Arizona, shall be established a subport of entry, and a deputy collector shall be appointed who shall reside at said subport of entry and receive such compensation as the Secretary of the Treasury may allow.

Approved, February 27, 1901.

CHAP. 616.—An Act To confirm a lease with the Seneca Nation of Indians.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That whereas on the eighteenth day of November, eighteen hundred and ninety-nine, Charles Dennis, a Seneca Indian, leased to the Erie Preserving Company, as a site for a manufacturing plant, a certain piece of land near the village of Irving, New York; and whereas on the twenty-ninth day of December, eighteen hundred and ninety-nine, the said lease was confirmed, ratified, and approved by the council of the Seneca Nation of Indians, according to its terms and conditions: Now, therefore, the action of the said Charles Dennis and of said Seneca Nation, by its council, is ratified, confirmed, and approved.

Approved, February 27, 1901.

CHAP. 619.—An Act Authorizing the Secretary of the Interior to sell a certain lot in the District of Columbia at public auction.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Interior be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to forthwith offer at public auction, upon such terms as are usual in sales of real estate made by trustees appointed by the supreme court of the District of Columbia, all the right, title, interest, and estate of the United States in and to a certain lot of land in the city of Washington, District of Columbia, known upon the plat or plan of said city as lot numbered ten, in square numbered one thousand and forty-one. And upon the full compliance of the purchaser or purchasers with the terms of said sale, to execute and deliver to such purchaser or purchasers a deed of said lot, conveying the aforesaid interest of the United States therein. And out of the proceeds of such sale the Secretary of the Interior shall pay, or caused to be paid, to John H. Gause and Charles E. Gause such sum or sums as they, or either of them, have expended, laid out, and become liable for in the purchase of such title to the aforesaid lot as they have, including such amounts as they have paid to the District of Columbia for general and special taxes levied upon said lot, the cost of examinations of its title and the cost of attempting to perfect same. And the Secretary of the Interior shall, out of the proceeds of sale, also pay, or cause to be paid, to Charles G. Stott, such sum or sums as he or his predecessors in title have expended, laid out, and become liable for in the purchase of such title to the aforesaid lot as he acquired, including such amounts as he or his predecessors in the title that he has have paid to the District of Columbia for general and special taxes levied upon said lot, the cost of examinations of such title, and the cost of attempting to perfect same,
if any. The balance of said proceeds of sale shall be covered into the Treasury by the Secretary of the Interior, to the credit of the United States.

Approved, February 28, 1901.

CHAP. 620.—An Act To provide for the refunding of certain moneys illegally assessed and collected in the district of Utah.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there be, and is hereby, appropriated, out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to the persons, firms, and corporations hereinafter named, the amounts respectively placed opposite their names, the said amounts having been illegally assessed by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue and collected by the collector of internal revenue for the district of Utah in eighteen hundred and seventy-eight and eighteen hundred and seventy-nine as a tax of ten per centum on notes used for circulation and paid out, such tax having been held illegal by the Supreme Court of the United States: American Fork Cooperative Mercantile Institution, three hundred and twenty-four dollars; Alpine Cooperative Mercantile Institution, twenty-seven dollars and twenty-five cents; Big Cottonwood Cooperative Mercantile Institution, one hundred and twenty-six dollars; Beers and Driggs, one hundred and fifty-two dollars and fifty cents; Beers and Lafeyre, twenty-five dollars; James Chipman, two hundred and seventeen dollars and eighty cents; Canaan Cooperative Stock Company, three hundred and fifty-seven dollars and eighteen cents; Alfred Dunkley, seventy-nine dollars and twenty cents; Ephraim United Order Mercantile Institution, one hundred and eighty dollars; Fillmore Cooperative Institution, sixty-six dollars and eighty-six cents; Fur Traders' Union, fifteen dollars; Fountain Green Cooperative Mercantile Institution, forty-five dollars; Gunnison Cooperative Mercantile Institution, ninety dollars; Heber City Cooperative Mercantile Institution, sixty-three dollars; Hancock and Son, one hundred and thirty-five dollars; Moroni Cooperative Mercantile Institution, one hundred and forty-four dollars; Mount Pleasant Cooperative Mercantile Institution, one hundred and eighty dollars; Provo Cooperative Mercantile Institution, three dollars and seventy-five cents; Provo West Branch Cooperative Mercantile Institution, one hundred and twenty-two dollars and twenty-five cents; Quinn, Larsen and Company, eighteen dollars; Richmond Cooperative.

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