

payment of the purchase price is made in accordance with the provisions hereof: *And provided further*, That any entryman who has resided upon and cultivated the land embraced in his entry for the period of time required by law in order to make commutation proof, may make proof, and if the same is approved, further residence and cultivation will not be required: *And provided further*, That failure to make any payment that may be due, unless the same be extended, or to make any extended payment at or before the time to which such payment has been extended, as herein provided, shall forfeit the entry and the same shall be canceled and any and all payments theretofore made shall be forfeited.

Commutation allowed.

Forfeiture of entry on failure to make payments.

SEC. 2. That the Secretary of the Interior is also hereby authorized, in his discretion, to extend for a period of one year, the time for the payment of any annual installment hereafter to become due of the purchase price of lands in the Cheyenne River Indian Reservation in South Dakota and the Standing Rock Indian Reservation in the States of North Dakota and South Dakota, sold at public sale under the Act of Congress approved May 29, 1908 (Thirty-fifth Statutes, page 460), under the same terms and on the same conditions as provided in section 1 of this Act.

Extensions allowed for lands in Cheyenne River and Standing Rock Reservations, sold in 1908. Vol. 35, p. 462.

Approved, March 4, 1921.

CHAP. 175.—Joint Resolution Providing for the bringing to the United States of the body of an unknown American, who was a member of the American Expeditionary Forces, who served in Europe and lost his life during the World War, and for the burial of the remains with appropriate ceremonies.

March 4, 1921.
[H. J. Res. 426.]
[Pub. Res., No. 67.]

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed, under regulations to be prescribed by him, to cause to be brought to the United States the body of an American, who was a member of the American Expeditionary Forces who served in Europe, who lost his life during the World War and whose identity has not been established, for burial in the Memorial Amphitheater of the National Cemetery at Arlington, Virginia.

Unknown American soldier.
Body of an, who died in World War, to be buried in Arlington Memorial Amphitheater.

Such sum as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of the joint resolution is hereby authorized to be expended by the Secretary of War.

Expense authorized.

Approved, March 4, 1921.

CHAP. 176.—Joint Resolution Giving consent of the Congress of the United States to the States of North Dakota, South Dakota, Minnesota, Wisconsin, Iowa, and Nebraska, or any two or more of said States, to agree upon the jurisdiction to be exercised by said States over boundary waters between any two or more of said States.

March 4, 1921.
[S. J. Res. 233.]
[Pub. Res., No. 68.]

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the consent of the Congress is hereby given to the States of North Dakota, South Dakota, Minnesota, Wisconsin, Iowa, and Nebraska, or any two or more of them, by such agreement or compact as they may deem desirable or necessary, or as may be evidenced by legislative acts enacted by any two or more of said States, not in conflict with the Constitution of the United States or any law thereof, to determine and settle the jurisdiction to be exercised by said States, respectively, over offenses arising out of the violation of the laws of any of said States upon any of the waters forming the boundary lines between any two or more of said States, or waters through which such boundary line extends, and that the consent of the Congress be, and the same is hereby, given

Boundary waters.
Consent to agreed jurisdiction over, by specified States.

Concurrent jurisdiction by Minnesota and South Dakota.

to the concurrent jurisdiction agreed to by the States of Minnesota and South Dakota, as evidenced by the act of the legislature of the State of Minnesota approved April 20, 1917, and the act of the legislature of the State of South Dakota approved February 13, 1917.

Approved, March 4, 1921.

March 4, 1921.
[S. J. Res., 248.]
[Pub. Res., No. 69.]

CHAP. 177.—Joint Resolution Relieving and discharging from the fine imposed by law and authorizing the payment of messengers appointed by the electors of certain States to deliver the electoral vote of such States for President and Vice President.

Preamble.

Whereas certain of the messengers appointed by the electors of certain States failed through incorrect legal advice to deliver to the President of the Senate the certified copy of the electoral vote of such States for President and Vice President; and

Whereas certain messengers learning of this erroneous advice delivered such certificates after January 24, and before the passage of this Act: Therefore be it

Electoral vote.
Messengers failing to deliver, at required time, relieved from penalty, etc.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That messengers who failed to appear should be relieved and discharged from the \$1,000 fine for such neglect imposed, and that the President of the Senate be directed to authorize the payment of such messengers as appeared on or before January 31, 1921.

Approved, March 4, 1921.