

February 27, 1921.

[H. R. 8038.]

[Public, No. 334.]

CHAP. 78.—An Act To amend section 4 of the Act approved July 17, 1916, known as the Federal Farm Loan Act, extending its provisions to Porto Rico.

Federal Farm Loan
banks.
Vol. 39, p. 362, amend-
ed.

Bank for each dis-
trict.

Branches.

Conditions extended
to Porto Rico.

Loans restricted.

Proviso.
Term.

Subscription for
stock by borrowers.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That paragraph 2 of section 4 of the Act approved July 17, 1916, known as the Federal Farm Loan Act, be amended to read as follows:

"The Federal Farm Loan Board shall establish in each Federal land bank district a Federal land bank, with its principal office located in such city within the district as said board shall designate. Each Federal land bank shall include in its title the name of the city in which it is located. Subject to the approval of the Federal Farm Loan Board, any Federal land bank may establish branches within the land bank district. Subject to the approval of the Federal Farm Loan Board and under such conditions as it may prescribe, the provisions of this Act are extended to the island of Porto Rico; and such Federal land bank as may be designated by the Federal Farm Loan Board, is hereby authorized to establish a branch bank at such point as the Federal Farm Loan Board may direct on the island of Porto Rico. Loans made by such branch bank, when so established, shall not exceed the sum of \$5,000 to any one borrower and shall be subject to the restrictions and provisions of this Act, except that such branch bank may loan direct to borrowers, and subject to such regulations as the Federal Farm Loan Board may prescribe the rate charged borrowers may be 1½ per centum in excess of the rate borne by the last preceding issue of farm loan bonds of the Federal land bank with which such branch bank is connected: *Provided, however,* That no loans shall be made in the island of Porto Rico to run for a longer term than twenty years.

"Each borrower through such branch bank shall subscribe and pay for stock in the Federal land bank with which it is connected in the sum of \$5 for each \$100 or fraction thereof borrowed; such stock shall be held by such Federal land bank as collateral security for the loan of the borrower; shall participate in all dividends; and upon full payment of the loan shall be canceled at par and proceeds paid to borrower, or the borrower may apply the same to the final payments on his loan."

Approved, February 27, 1921.

February 27, 1921.

[H. R. 8692.]

[Public, No. 335.]

CHAP. 79.—An Act Authorizing the exchange of lands within the Montezuma National Forest in Colorado.

Montezuma Na-
tional Forest, Colo.
Lands added to, by
exchange, etc., with
owners.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Interior be, and hereby is, authorized in his discretion to accept on behalf of the United States title to any land free and clear of all incumbrances within the Montezuma National Forest, or within section twenty-three, township thirty-seven north, range fourteen west, New Mexico principal meridian, within the State of Colorado, which in the opinion of the Secretary of Agriculture are chiefly valuable for national forest purposes, or for the protection of stream flow, and in exchange therefor may issue patent for not to exceed an equal value of such national forest land, or to exchange timber within the said national forest, as may be determined by the Secretary of Agriculture to be of approximately equal value and acceptable to the owner or owners as fair compensation, considering any reservations which either the grantor or the Government may make of timber, minerals, or easements. Timber given by the Government in such exchanges shall be cut and removed under the direction and super

vision and in accordance with the requirements of the Secretary of Agriculture. All lands conveyed by the United States under this Act shall, upon acceptance thereof, become a part of the Montezuma National Forest and subject to all laws affecting national forests.

Approved, February 27, 1921.

CHAP. 80.—An Act To amend “An Act granting additional quarantine powers and imposing additional duties upon the Marine Hospital Service,” approved February 15, 1893.

February 27, 1921.
[H. R. 11841.]
[Public, No. 336.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That first paragraph of section 2 of the Act granting additional quarantine powers and imposing additional duties upon the United States Public Health Service, approved February 15, 1893, be amended to read as follows:

Quarantine.
Vol. 27, p. 450, amend-
ed.

“**SEC. 2.** That any vessel at any foreign port clearing or departing for any port or place in the United States or its possessions or other dependencies or any vessel at any port in the possessions or other dependencies of the United States clearing or departing for any port or place in the United States or its possessions or other dependencies, shall be required to obtain from the consul, vice consul, or other consular officer of the United States at the port of departure, or from the medical officer where such officer has been detailed by the President for that purpose, a bill of health in duplicate, in the form prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury, setting forth the sanitary history and condition of said vessel, and that it has in all respects complied with the rules and regulations in such cases prescribed for securing the best sanitary condition of the said vessel, its cargo, passengers, and crew; and said consular or medical officer is required, before granting such duplicate bill of health, to be satisfied that the matters and things therein stated are true; and for his services in that behalf he shall be entitled to demand and receive such fees as shall by lawful regulation be allowed, to be accounted for as is required in other cases.”

Vessels leaving foreign port for United States or possessions, etc., to have consular bill of health.

Contents.

Fees.

Approved, February 27, 1921.

CHAP. 81.—Joint Resolution To exempt the New York State Barge Canal from the provisions of section 201 of the Transportation Act, 1920, and for other purposes.

February 27, 1921.
[S. J. Res. 161.]
[Pub. Res., No. 63.]

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That at the end of thirty days after the passage of this resolution the authority conferred upon the Secretary of War under section 201 of the Transportation Act, 1920, to operate for commercial purposes boats, barges, tugs, or other transportation facilities upon the New York State Barge Canal shall cease, and thereafter there shall be no such operation by the Secretary of War or any other agency of the United States. The Secretary of War shall as soon as is practicable, dispose of boats, barges, tugs, and other transportation facilities purchased or constructed for use upon the said canal, and, pending final disposition, the Secretary of War may lease the same: *Provided*, That all the money obtained from the sale or lease of these boats, barges, and tugs shall be available until expended by the inland and coastwise waterways service of the War Department in the inauguration and development of other inland, canal, and coastwise waterways in accordance with the expressed desire of Congress in section 500 of the Transportation Act, 1920: *Provided further*, That not to exceed 25 per centum of the boats, barges, and tugs built or purchased for

New York State Barge Canal. Operation of barges, etc., by Federal agency to cease.
Act, p. 458.

Disposal of Government owned boats, etc.

Proviso. Receipts available for inland waterways development.

Temporary retentions of portion of boats, etc.