CHAP. 111.—An Act Providing for an International Aero Congress cancellation stamp to be used by the Omaha post office.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Postmaster General be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to permit the use in the Omaha post office of special canceling stamps bearing the following words and figures: "International Aero Congress, Omaha, November 3 to 5, 1921."

Approved, October 20, 1921.

CHAP. 112.—Joint Resolution Authorizing the Secretary of War to expend from the appropriation "Disposition of remains of officers, soldiers, and civilian employees, 1922" (Act of March 4, 1921, Public, Numbered 389, Sixty-sixth Congress), such sum as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of public resolution numbered 67, Sixty-sixth Congress.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War is hereby authorized to use such portion of the unexpended balance of the appropriation "Disposition of remains of officers, soldiers, and civilian employees, 1922" (Act of March 4, 1921, Public, numbered 389, Sixty-sixth Congress), as may be necessary for the carrying out of the provisions of public resolution numbered 67, Sixty-sixth Congress, entitled "Joint resolution providing for bringing to the United States the body of an unknown American who was a member of the American Expeditionary Forces, who served in Europe and lost his life during the World War and for burial of the remains with appropriate ceremonies"; and he is further authorized to expend from the said appropriation such sums as may be necessary to defray all expenses incident to the ceremonies connected with the burial of this unknown American, expense of transporting troops, individual officers, warrant officers, enlisted men, and sailors of the Regular Army, Navy, and Marine Corps to and from Washington: Provided, That the amount to be used for the expenses incident to ceremonies connected with such burial shall not exceed $50,000.

Approved, October 21, 1921.

CHAP. 113.—An Act Providing for the readmission of certain deficient midshipmen to the United States Naval Academy.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Navy is authorized, upon application, to admit to and reinstate in the United States Naval Academy, subject to examination as to physical qualifications, as provided by law, but waiving the provisions of law as to age requirements, all former midshipmen at the United States Naval Academy found deficient at the end of the first term of the academic year 1920–21 whose resignations were asked for and received by the Superintendent of the Naval Academy: Provided, That they shall upon admission be placed in the class one year behind their former class in each case: Provided further, That said midshipmen affected by this Act must signify their acceptance of the benefits thereof by presenting themselves for physical examination within one month of the date of its approval, and if found qualified will enter the Naval Academy immediately.

SEC. 2. That the clause in the Act approved June 5, 1920 (Forty-first Statutes, page 1028), entitled "An Act making appropriations to supply deficiencies in appropriations for the fiscal year ending Naval Academy. Reinstatement of midshipmen resigned as deficient in 1921.

Provisions for reexamination if found deficient repealed.

Vol. 41, p. 1028, repealed.
June 30, 1920, and for other purposes," which reads as follows: "That until otherwise provided by law no midshipman found deficient at the close of the last and succeeding academic terms shall be involuntarily discontinued at the Naval Academy or in the service unless he shall fail upon reexamination in the subjects in which found deficient at an examination to be held at the beginning of the next and succeeding academic terms, and the Secretary of the Navy shall provide for the special instruction of such midshipmen in the subjects in which found deficient during the period between academic terms," be, and the same hereby is, repealed, and section 1519 of the Revised Statutes restored to its full force and effect.

Approved, October 22, 1921.

October 28, 1921.

CHAP. 114.—An Act For the consolidation of the offices of register and receiver in district land offices in certain cases, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President is authorized to consolidate the offices of register and receiver in any district land office, and to appoint, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, a register for such land office and to abolish the office of receiver of such land office upon sixty days' notice of such abolition mailed to such register and receiver whenever the total compensation for both register and receiver of such land office shall fall below the sum of $4,000 per annum, and in his opinion the interests of the service warrant such abolition.

Within sixty days after the mailing of such notice the office of receiver of such land office shall cease to exist, and all the powers, duties, obligations, and penalties imposed by law upon both register and receiver of such office shall be exercised by and imposed upon the register so appointed, who shall be paid a salary of $500 per annum, together with the fees and commissions otherwise allowable to both register and receiver: Provided, That the salary, fees, and commissions of such register shall not exceed $3,000 per annum.

Sec. 2. That in case of a vacancy in the office of register by reason of death, resignation, or removal, or in case of inability to act, the Secretary of the Interior may designate for the period of such vacancy or inability to act the chief clerk of such office, or any other qualified employee of the Department of the Interior to act as register, subject to the filing of such bond or bonds as the Secretary of the Interior may prescribe, and the same authority is conferred upon the person so designated which such register lawfully possesses, except that no contest or protest shall be decided or disposed of by such clerk or employee, but all such decisions shall be deferred until the appointment or return of the register.

Approved, October 28, 1921.

November 2, 1921.

CHAP. 115.—An Act Authorizing appropriations and expenditures for the administration of Indian affairs, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Bureau of Indian Affairs, under the supervision of the Secretary of the Interior, shall direct, supervise, and expend such moneys as Congress may from time to time appropriate, for the benefit, care, and assistance of the Indians throughout the United States for the following purposes: General support and civilization, including education. For relief of distress and conservation of health.