CHAP. 16.—Joint Resolution To extend the time within which the special committee on the readjustment of the pay of the Army, Navy, Marine Corps, Coast Guard, Coast and Geodetic Survey, and Public Health Service may make its report to Congress.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the special committee of the Senate and House of Representatives, appointed in accordance with the last proviso of section 13 of the Act entitled "An Act to increase the efficiency of the Army, Navy, Marine Corps, Coast Guard, Coast and Geodetic Survey, and Public Health Service," approved May 18, 1920, be, and it is hereby authorized to make the report required in said section not later than the first Monday in March, 1922, notwithstanding that the said Act requires the report to be made on or before the first Monday in January, 1922.

Approved, December 22, 1921.

CHAP. 17.—Joint Resolution Providing for the postponement of the World's Dairy Congress.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the authority granted by the Act entitled "An Act making appropriations for the Department of Agriculture for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1922, approved March 3, 1921, to the President to extend invitations to foreign Governments to be represented by delegates in a World's Dairy Congress to be held in the United States in 1922 is hereby modified so as to authorize the extending of such invitations for such congress to be held in 1923.

Approved, December 22, 1921.

CHAP. 18.—Joint Resolution To amend an Act entitled "An Act to amend section 955 of the Revised Statutes by extending the jurisdiction of courts in cases of revivor."

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That an Act entitled "An Act to amend section 955 of the Revised Statutes by extending the jurisdiction of courts in cases of revivor," approved November 23, 1921 (Public Numbered 104), be amended so as to read as follows: "Sec. 955. When either of the parties, whether plaintiff or petitioner or defendant, in any suit in any court of the United States, dies before final judgment, the executor or administrator of such deceased party may, in case the cause of action survives by law, prosecute or defend any such suit to final judgment. The defendant shall answer accordingly, and the court shall hear and determine the cause and render judgment for or against the executor or administrator, as the case may require. And if such executor or administrator, having been duly served with a scire facias from the office of the clerk of the court where the suit is depending twenty days beforehand, neglects or refuses to become party to the suit, the court may render judgment against the estate of the deceased party in the same manner as if the executor or administrator had voluntarily made himself a party. The executor or administrator who becomes a party aforesaid shall, upon motion to the court, be entitled to a continuance of the suit until the next term of said court.

"The provisions of this section shall apply to suits in equity and in admiralty as well as to suits at law, and the jurisdiction of all courts of the United States shall extend to and over executors and administrators of any party, who dies before final judgment or decree, ap-