CHAP. 363.—An Act Authorizing the Postmaster General to temporarily reduce the pay of rural carriers for disciplinary purposes instead of suspending them without pay.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Postmaster General be, and he is hereby, authorized in his discretion, whenever for disciplinary purposes he deems it advisable to do so, to reduce temporarily the pay of rural carriers: Provided, That in no case shall such a reduction in pay be of more than one grade as fixed by the Act of June 5, 1920, nor extend over a greater period of time than one year.

Approved, September 21, 1922.

CHAP. 364.—An Act Granting to the city of Saint Andrews, Florida, the right to remove shells, sand, and gravel from certain public lands for road-building purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the city of Saint Andrews, a municipal corporation chartered under the laws of Florida, be, and is hereby, granted the right to remove and use for road-building purposes shells, sand, and gravel from lots one, two, and three, section twenty-two, township three south, range fifteen west, Tallahassee meridian, comprising thirty-nine and ninety-three one-hundredths acres, all in Bay County, State of Florida, reserving, however, to the United States all oil, coal, and other mineral deposits within said lands and the right to prospect for, mine and remove the same, as well as all other right, title, and interest in and to the said lands not herein granted and conveyed.

Sec. 2. That this grant shall be terminated by the Secretary of the Interior whenever he shall be notified by the mayor of the city of Saint Andrews that the interest in the said lands herein granted is no longer desired by the city of Saint Andrews for the purposes set forth in section 1 of this Act.

Sec. 3. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved, September 21, 1922.

CHAP. 365.—An Act To confer upon the Territorial courts of Porto Rico concurrent jurisdiction with the United States courts of that district of all offenses under the National Prohibition Act and all Acts amendatory thereof or supplemental thereto.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there be, and is hereby, conferred upon the Territorial magistrates and courts of Porto Rico jurisdiction concurrent with the commissioners and courts of the United States for the said Territory of all offenses under the Act of October 28, 1919, known as the National Prohibition Act, and all Acts amendatory thereof and supplemental thereto, the jurisdiction of said Territorial magistrates and courts over said offenses to be the same which they now have over other criminal offenses within their jurisdiction.

Approved, September 21, 1922.

CHAP. 366.—An Act Providing for the retention by the Government of the property in Nome, Alaska, known as the Detention Hospital Building, and its use by the Bureau of Education, Department of the Interior.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the property commonly
known as the Detention Hospital Building, being situated on plot consisting of lot sixty-six, in block thirty, in the town of Nome, Territory of Alaska, according to the official plat thereof, and the easterly sixty-five feet of Second Avenue west, in said town of Nome, Territory of Alaska, vacated by said town of Nome and donated by said town of Nome to the Department of Justice on the 25th day of August, 1913, by ordinance numbered 232, and a portion and part of lot sixty-seven, in block thirty, in the town of Nome, Territory of Alaska, according to the official plat thereof, approximately eight feet in width and extending the full length of said lot sixty-seven alongside of and contiguous to said lot sixty-six, shall not be sold but shall be retained by the United States for use by the employees of the United States Bureau of Education, Department of the Interior, and for such other uses of the Government as the President may direct.

The Attorney General is authorized to transfer the custody of said building to the Secretary of the Interior for use as set forth above.

All laws or parts of laws to the extent they are in conflict with the provisions of this Act are repealed.

Approved, September 21, 1922.

CHAP. 367.—An Act Extending time for allotments on the Crow Reservation; protecting certain members of the Five Civilized Tribes; relief of Indians occupying certain lands in Arizona, New Mexico, and California; issuing patents in certain cases; establishing a revolving fund on the Rosebud Reservation; memorial to Indians of the Rosebud Reservation killed in the World War; conferring authority on the Secretary of the Interior as to alienation in certain Indian allotments, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the time for making the allotments on the Crow Reservation, Montana, as provided by the Act of June 4, 1920 (Forty-first Statutes at Large, page 751), be, and it is hereby, extended for a period of two years from December 4, 1921.

SEC. 1. That the Secretary of the Interior be, and is hereby, authorized, in his discretion, to make or approve contracts with competent and experienced firms or individuals to prepare and submit, through the superintendent of the Five Civilized Tribes, amended income-tax returns covering the years 1919, 1920, and 1921, for the restricted members of the Five Civilized Tribes of Indians in Oklahoma, and to prosecute all appropriate proceedings to recover for such members any excess income tax which may have been paid by or exacted of them, respectively: Provided, That the compensation paid for the preparation and submission of such amended income-tax returns shall not exceed for any year 10 per centum of the actual net savings in taxes allowed such tax-paying Indians either by reason of deductions for depletion or other proper allowances actually secured in their behalf as a result of the work and efforts of the firms or individuals with whom such contract or contracts are made in pursuance of this Act, and that such contracts shall obligate the firms or individuals with whom the same are made to prosecute to a final determination all claims included in such contract, unless the Secretary shall otherwise direct: Provided further, That the Secretary shall make payment of such compensation out of the funds belonging to the several restricted Indians who shall be the beneficiaries of such contract.

SEC. 2. That all of the provisions of an Act entitled "An Act for the relief of Indians occupying railroad lands in Arizona, New Mexico, or California," approved March 4, 1913, and amended by the Act of April 11, 1916, and the Act of June 30, 1919, be, and the same are