February 27, 1922. 

[Public, No. 157.]

CHAP. 82.—An Act To grant citizens of Washington and Kane Counties, Utah, the right to cut timber in the State of Arizona, for agricultural, mining, and other domestic purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 8 of an Act entitled "An Act to repeal the timber culture laws, and for other purposes," approved March 3, 1891, as amended by an Act approved March 3, 1891, chapter 559, page 1093, volume 26, United States Statutes at Large, be, and the same is hereby, amended by adding thereto the following:

"That it shall be lawful for the Secretary of the Interior to grant permits, under the provisions of section 8 of the Act of March 3, 1891, to citizens of Washington County, and of Kane County, Utah, to cut timber on the public lands of the counties of Mohave and Coconino, Arizona, for agricultural, mining, and other domestic purposes, and remove the timber so cut to said Washington County and Kane County, Utah."

Approved, February 27, 1922.

February 27, 1922. 

[Public, No. 158.]

CHAP. 83.—An Act To amend and reenact section 113 of chapter 5 of the Judicial Code of the United States, as amended and reenacted by an Act approved the 22d day of August, 1914.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 113 of chapter 5 of the Judicial Code of the United States, as amended by the Act approved August 22, 1914, be further amended and reenacted so the same shall read as follows:

"Sec. 113. The State of West Virginia is divided into two districts, to be known as the northern and southern districts of West Virginia. The northern district shall include the territory embraced on the 1st day of July, 1910, in the counties of Hancock, Brooke, Ohio, Marshall, Tyler, Pleasants, Wood, Wirt, Ritchie, Doddridge, Wetzel, Monongalia, Marion, Harrison, Lewis, Gilmer, Calhoun, Upshur, Barbour, Taylor, Preston, Tucker, Randolph, Pendleton, Hardy, Grant, Mineral, Hampshire, Morgan, Berkeley, and Jefferson, with the waters thereof. The terms of the district court for the northern district shall be held at Martinsburg on the first Tuesday in April and the third Tuesday in September; at Clarksburg on the second Tuesday in April and the first Tuesday in October; at Wheeling on the first Tuesday in May and the third Tuesday in October; at Elkins on the third Tuesday in June and the third Tuesday in November; at Parkersburg on the second Tuesday in January and the fourth Tuesday in May.

"The southern district shall include the territory embraced on the 1st day of July, 1910, in the counties of Jackson, Roane, Clay, Braxton, Webster, Nicholas, Pocahontas, Greenbrier, Fayette, Boone, Kanawha, Putnam, Mason, Cabell, Wayne, Lincoln, Logan, Mingo, Raleigh, Wyoming, McDowell, Mercer, Summers, and Monroe, with the waters thereof. The terms of the district court for the southern district shall be held at Charleston on the third Tuesday in April and the third Tuesday in November; at Huntington on the first Tuesday in March and the third Tuesday in September; at Bluefield on the third Tuesday in January and the third Tuesday in June; at Williamson on the first Tuesday in February; at Webster Springs on the fourth Tuesday in August; at Lewisburg on the first Tuesday in
July: Provided, That a place for holding court at Webster Springs and Lewisburg shall be furnished free of cost to the United States; Further, That a place for holding court at Williamson shall be furnished free of cost to the United States by Mingo County until other provision is made therefor by law.

Approved, February 27, 1922.

CHAP. 86.—Joint Resolution Transferring to the custody of the Secretary of the Smithsonian Institution certain relics now in the possession of the Department of State.

Whereas, by a joint resolution of the Senate and House of Representatives, approved March 4, 1844, the sword of George Washington and the staff of Benjamin Franklin were accepted in the name of the Nation as gifts from Samuel T. Washington and deposited for safe-keeping in the Department of State; and

Whereas, by a joint resolution of the Senate and House of Representatives, approved February 28, 1855, the sword of Andrew Jackson was accepted in the name of the Nation as a gift from the family of General Robert Armstrong and deposited for safe-keeping in the Department of State; and

Whereas it is represented by the Secretary of State that he has no appropriate place for the exhibition of these relics: Therefore be it

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of State be, and he is hereby, authorized to transfer the said relics to the custody of the Secretary of the Smithsonian Institution for safe-keeping and exhibition in the National Museum.

Approved, February 28, 1922.

CHAP. 88.—An Act To authorize the Secretary of War to make and receive conveyances effecting an exchange of title to the railroad rights of way at Camp Henry Knox, Kentucky, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized to execute and deliver a conveyance of title to the Chicago, Saint Louis and New Orleans Railroad Company to that certain strip of land in the military reservation at Camp Knox, Kentucky, upon which the line of said railroad was relocated and the new depots and transportation structures were erected at Camp Knox, described as follows: Beginning at the point of intersection of the present westerly right of way line of the Chicago, Saint Louis and New Orleans Railroad Company to that certain strip of land in the military reservation at Camp Knox, Kentucky, upon which the line of said railroad was relocated and the new depots and transportation structures were erected at Camp Knox, described as follows: Beginning at the point of intersection of the present westerly right of way line of the Chicago, Saint Louis and New Orleans Railroad Company to that certain strip of land in the military reservation at Camp Knox, Kentucky, upon which the line of said railroad was relocated and the new depots and transportation structures were erected at Camp Knox, described as follows: Beginning at the point of intersection of the present westerly right of way line of the Chicago, Saint Louis and New Orleans Railroad Company, with the southerly line of a highway which crosses said railroad under Bridge J–29–8, said point being seven hundred and eighty feet northerly from mile post thirty from Louisville, Kentucky, and running thence westerly along said southerly line seventeen feet more or less to a point fifty feet distant westerly from the center line of the main track of said railroad measured at a right angle thereto; thence southerly parallel to the center line of the relocated main track of said railroad and fifty feet westerly therefrom, a distance of seven hundred and eighty feet to a point opposite mile post thirty from Louisville; thence westerly perpendicular to said relocated main track ninety feet; thence southerly parallel to said main track one thousand seven hundred and one feet more or less to the northerly line of the highway which crosses said railroad under Bridge J–30–3; thence easterly along the line of said highway fifty feet more or less to a point which is ninety