Southwest quarter section thirty-four, Daniel Fisher, September 16, 1840; certificate numbered twenty-seven hundred and sixty-one.

Southeast quarter section thirty-four (or lots five and seven and south half of southeast quarter), John Brownson and Daniel Fisher, May 27, 1839; certificate numbered twenty-six hundred and three.

West half of northwest quarter section thirty-five, Daniel Fisher, October 27, 1840; certificate numbered twenty-eight hundred.

John Brownson and Daniel Fisher.

Daniel Fisher.

Southwest quarter and west half of southeast quarter section thirty-five, John Brownson and Daniel Fisher, May 27, 1839; certificate numbered twenty-six hundred and five.

Approved, February 16, 1923.

FebH. 12197

CHAP. 92.—An Act Providing for the conveyance of certain land to the city of Boise, Idaho, and from the city of Boise, Idaho, to the United States.

Boise, Idaho. Alley in post office site, conveyed to city for park purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and empowered to convey by quitclaim deed to the city of Boise, Ada County, Idaho, for enlargement of the State Capitol Park, and for no other purpose, all right, title, and interest of the United States of America in and to the alley running east and west through block fifty-four, in which is located the post-office site in the said city: Provided, however, That the city shall not have the right to sell and convey the said premises, nor to devote the same to any other purposes than as hereinbefore described, and shall not erect thereon any structures or improvements except such as are incidental to boundaries and ornamentation as part of the State capitol grounds; and in the event that said premises shall not be used as part of the said State capitol grounds, and cared for and maintained as such, the right, title, and interest hereby authorized to be conveyed shall revert to the United States: Provided, also, That the city of Boise shall convey to the United States for alley purposes, in accordance with a resolution of the city council of Boise, April 25, 1922, a strip of land in said block fifty-four as now laid out for such purposes, commencing at the northeast intersection of the post-office site (addition) with Jefferson Street; thence with said Jefferson Street, crossing said alley, twenty feet; thence in a southwesterly direction seventy-eight feet six inches; thence in a reverse curve, following the curb now in place, to a north lot line of the said post-office site; thence along said lot line, northwesterly, approximately forty-nine feet to a point; thence northeasterly to the point of beginning.

Approved, February 17, 1923.

Febreary 17 192. [H. R. 1306.1

CHAP. 93.—An Act Authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to convey to the city of Wilmington, North Carolina, marine hospital reservation.

Wilmington, N. C. Marine hospital reservation in, may be deeded to city.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized and empowered to convey to the city of Wilmington, New Hanover County, State of North Carolina, by the usual quitclaim deed, at a fair valuation to be determined by the Secretary of the Treasury, but for not less than $20,000, the following-described tract of land with all structures and improvements thereon, being the marine hospital reservation in the city of Wilmington, if in the opinion of the said Secretary of the Treasury it is no longer needed for marine hospital purposes, to wit: Fifteen
acres, more or less, covering four whole and two one-half city blocks, lying between Eighth and Tenth Streets and extending from Ann Street on the north to a point about one hundred and twenty-five feet north of the north line of Nun Street, in the city of Wilmington, county of New Hanover, State of North Carolina.

Approved, February 17, 1923.

CHAP. 94.—An Act To create a board of accountancy for the District of Columbia, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That any person who has received from the board of accountancy, hereinafter created, a certificate of his qualifications to practice as a public accountant shall be known and styled as a “certified public accountant,” and no other person, and no partnership all of the members of which have not received such certificate, and no corporation shall assume such title or the title of “certified accountant” or the abbreviation “C. P. A.,” or any other words, letters, or abbreviations tending to indicate that the person, firm, or corporation so using the same is a certified public accountant.

Sec. 2. That for the purpose of this Act a public accountant is hereby defined as a person skilled in the knowledge and science of accounting, who holds himself out to the public as a practicing accountant for compensation, and who maintains an office for the transaction of business as such, whose time during the regular business hours of the day is devoted to the practice of accounting as a professional public accountant.

Sec. 3. That there is hereby created a board of accountancy in and for the District of Columbia, to consist of three members, to be appointed by the Commissioners of the District of Columbia, and who, with the exception of the members first to be appointed, shall be the holders of certificates issued under the provisions of this Act. The members of the board first to be appointed shall be skilled in the knowledge, science, and practice of accounting, and shall have been actively engaged as professional public accountants within the District of Columbia for a period of at least three years, and shall hold office, one for one year, one for two years, and one for three years, and until their successors are appointed and qualified. The term of each member is to be designated by the commissioners in each appointment. Their successors shall be appointed for terms of three years from the dates as aforesaid and until their successors are appointed and qualified. The commissioners may, after full hearing, remove any member of the board for neglect of duty or other just cause. The board shall organize by the election of a president and a secretary and a treasurer, and may make all rules and regulations necessary to carry into effect the purposes of this Act. Any two members acting as a board shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business.

Sec. 4. That the board of accountancy shall not grant a certificate as a certified public accountant to any person other than (a) a citizen of the United States, or one who has duly declared his or her intention of becoming such citizen, who is over the age of twenty-one years, and (b) of good moral character, (c) who is a graduate of a high school with a four years’ course or has had an equivalent education, or who, in the opinion of the board, has had sufficient commercial experience in accounting, and (d) who has received a diploma from some recognized school of accountancy and has had one year’s experience in the employment of a practicing certified