Trade shipments to manufacturers allowed under regulations.

Punishment for violations.

Effective in 90 days.

SIXTY-NINTH CONGRESS. SESS. II. Chs. 75–77. 1927.

Districts whose official duty is to serve process of warrants of arrest or mittimus of commitment; to employees of the Postal Service; and to watchmen engaged in guarding the property of the United States, the several States, Territories, and Districts: And provided further, That such articles may be conveyed in the mails to manufacturers of firearms or bona fide dealers therein in customary trade shipments, including such articles for repairs or replacement of parts, from one to the other, under such regulations as the Postmaster General shall prescribe. Whoever shall knowingly deposit or cause to be deposited for mailing or delivery, or shall knowingly cause to be delivered by mail according to the direction thereon, or at any place to which it is directed to be delivered by the person to whom it is addressed, any pistol, revolver, or firearm, declared by this Act to be nonmailable, shall be fined not exceeding $1,000 or imprisoned for not more than two years, or both.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted that this Act shall take effect ninety days after its approval by the President of the United States.

Approved, February 8, 1927.

CHAP. 76.—An Act to amend the Act providing additional aid for the American Printing House for the Blind.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Act entitled “An Act providing additional aid for the American Printing House for the Blind,” approved August 4, 1919, is hereby amended to read as follows:

“That that for the purpose of enabling the American Printing House for the Blind more adequately to provide books and apparatus for the education of the blind, there is hereby authorized to be appropriated annually to it, in addition to the permanent appropriation of $10,000 made in the Act entitled ‘An Act to promote the education of the blind,’ approved March 3, 1879, as amended, the sum of $65,000, which sum shall be expended in accordance with the requirements of said Act to promote the education of the blind.”

Approved, February 8, 1927.

CHAP. 77.—An Act Granting the consent of Congress to the village of Decatur, in the State of Nebraska, to construct a bridge across the Missouri River between the States of Nebraska and Iowa.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the consent of Congress is hereby granted to the municipality of the village of Decatur, in the county of Burt, and State of Nebraska, a municipal corporation organized under the laws of the State of Nebraska, to construct, maintain, and operate a free highway bridge and approaches thereto across the Missouri River at a point suitable to the interests of navigation between a point at or near Decatur, Burt County, Nebraska, and a point opposite in the State of Iowa, in accordance with the provisions of an Act entitled “An Act to regulate the construction of bridges over navigable waters,” approved March 23, 1906, and subject to the conditions and limitations contained in this Act.

Sec. 2. There is hereby conferred upon the said village of Decatur, its successors, and assigns, all such rights and powers to enter the lands and to acquire, condemn, occupy, possess, and use real estate