CHAP. 75.—Joint Resolution Extending for two years the time within which American claimants may make application for payment, under the Settlement of War Claims Act of 1928, of awards of the Mixed Claims Commission and of the Tripartite Claims Commission, and for one year the time within which claims may be filed with the Alien Property Custodian.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That subsection (g) of section 2 and subsection (f) of section 5 of the Settlement of War Claims Act of 1928 are amended, respectively, by striking out the words “two years” wherever such words appear therein, and inserting in lieu thereof the words “four years”.

SEC. 2. Subsection (d) of section 25 of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, is hereby amended by striking out the term “two years” in Clause (1) of said subsection and inserting in lieu thereof the term “three years”.

Approved, March 10, 1930.

CHAP. 76.—Joint Resolution To authorize an appropriation for the expenses of official delegates to the fourth World’s Poultry Congress, to be held in England in 1930.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That an appropriation is authorized of $15,000 for the expenses of official delegates of the United States to the World’s Fourth Poultry Congress, to be held in England in 1930, in addition to funds heretofore appropriated for the purpose of a United States Government exhibit at such congress (Forty-fifth Statutes at Large, page 1635).

Approved, March 10, 1930.

CHAP. 77.—An Act For the relief of the State of Alabama for damage to and destruction of roads and bridges by floods in 1929.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there is hereby authorized to be appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of $1,660,000 for the relief of the State of Alabama, as a reimbursement or contribution in aid from the United States, induced by the extraordinary conditions of necessity and emergency resulting from the unusually serious financial loss to the State of Alabama through the damage to or destruction of roads and bridges by floods in 1929, imposing a public charge against the property of the State beyond its reasonable capacity to bear. Such portion of the sum hereby authorized to be appropriated as will be available for future construction shall be expended by the State highway department, with the approval of the Secretary of Agriculture, for the restoration, including relocation, of roads and bridges of the Federal aid highway system so damaged or destroyed, in such manner as to give the largest measure of permanent relief, under rules and regulations to be prescribed by the Secretary of Agriculture. Any portion of the sum hereby authorized to be appropriated shall become available when the State of Alabama shows to the satisfaction of the Secretary of Agriculture that it has, either before or after the approval of this Act, actually expended, or made available for expenditure, for the restoration, including relocation, of roads and bridges so damaged or destroyed,
a like sum from State funds. Nothing in this Act shall be construed as an acknowledgment of any liability on the part of the United States in connection with the restoration of such roads and bridges: Provided, That out of any appropriations made for carrying out the provisions of this Act, not to exceed two and a half per centum may be used by the Secretary of Agriculture to employ such assistants, clerks and other persons in the city of Washington and elsewhere, to purchase supplies, material, equipment and office fixtures, and to incur such travel and other expense as he may deem necessary for carrying out the purpose of this Act: Provided further, That no portion of this appropriation shall be used except on highways and bridges now in the Federal-aid highway system in Alabama, or the necessary relocation of such roads and bridges.

Approved, March 12, 1930.

CHAP. 78.—Joint Resolution To provide for the expenses of participation by the United States in the International Conference for the Codification of International Law in 1930.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the sum of $25,000, or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby authorized to be appropriated for the expenses of participation by the United States by means of delegates to be appointed by the President in the International Conference for the Codification of International Law, to be convened at The Hague in March, 1930, including travel and subsistence or per diem in lieu of subsistence (notwithstanding the provisions of any other Act), compensation of employees, stenographic and other services in the District of Columbia or elsewhere by contract if deemed necessary, rent of offices, purchase of necessary books and documents, printing and binding, official cards, and such other expenses as may be authorized by the Secretary of State.

Approved, March 15, 1930.

CHAP. 79.—An Act To authorize sale of iron pier in Delaware Bay near Lewes, Delaware.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War is authorized to sell, if in his judgment it is for the best interest of the United States, the iron pier constructed by the Government in Delaware Bay near Lewes, Delaware, together with the parcel of land on which the shore end of said pier is located, and to execute and deliver the necessary conveyance to effectuate such sale: Provided, That the sale of said pier and land shall be by public sale, after such advertisement and under such regulations as the Secretary of War may prescribe.

Approved, March 17, 1930.

CHAP. 80.—An Act To extend the times for commencing and completing the construction of a bridge across the French Broad River on Tennessee Highway Numbered 9 near the town of Bridgeport in Cocke County, Tennessee.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the times for commencing and completing the construction of a bridge authorized by Act of Congress, approved February 15, 1929, to be built across the French Broad River near Bridgeport in Cocke County, Tennessee,