its tributaries as authorized by the Act approved March 4, 1925 (43 Stat. L. 1268), and the amendatory Acts of April 13, 1926 (44 Stat. L. 247), and March 3, 1927 (44 Stat. L. 1403), is hereby extended to January 1, 1935: Provided, That the State of Wyoming shall be made a party to such compact or agreement.

Approved, June 29, 1932.

[CHAPTER 312.]

JOINT RESOLUTION

Providing for the filling of vacancies in the Board of Regents of the Smithsonian Institution of the class other than Members of Congress.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the vacancies in the Board of Regents of the Smithsonian Institution, of the class other than Members of Congress, which now exist, be filled by the appointment of R. Walton Moore, of Virginia; Robert W. Bingham, of Kentucky; and Augustus P. Loring, of Massachusetts.

Approved, June 29, 1932.

[CHAPTER 314.]

AN ACT

Making appropriations for the Legislative Branch of the Government for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1933, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

PART I

LEGISLATIVE APPROPRIATIONS FOR FISCAL YEAR 1933

SECTION 1. The following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the Legislative Branch of the Government for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1933, namely:

SENATE

SALARIES AND MILEAGE OF SENATORS

For compensation of Senators, $960,000.
For mileage of Senators, $51,000.
For compensation of officers, clerks, messengers, and others:

OFFICE OF THE VICE PRESIDENT

Salaries: Secretary to the Vice President, $4,020; clerk, $2,400; assistant clerks—one $2,280, one $2,160; in all, $11,460.

CHAPLAIN

Chaplain of the Senate, $1,680.

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

Salaries: Secretary of the Senate, including compensation as disbursing officer of salaries of Senators and of contingent fund of the Senate, $8,000; Assistant Secretary, Henry M. Rose, $4,500; chief clerk, who shall perform the duties of reading clerk, $5,500 and $1,000 additional so long as the position is held by the present incumbent; financial clerk, $5,000 and $1,000 additional so long as the posi-
tion is held by the present incumbent; assistant financial clerk, $4,200 and $600 additional so long as the position is held by the present incumbent; minute and Journal clerk, $4,500 and $1,000 additional so long as the position is held by the present incumbent; principal clerk, $3,840; legislative clerk, enrolling clerk, and printing clerk at $3,540 each; chief bookkeeper, $3,600; librarian, $3,360; executive clerk, file clerk, and assistant Journal clerk at $3,180 each; first assistant librarian, and keeper of stationery at $3,120 each; assistant librarian, $2,460; skilled laborer, $1,740; clerks—two at $3,150 each, one $2,880, one $2,760, two at $2,400 each, two at $2,040 each; two assistant keepers of stationery at $2,040 each; assistant in stationery room, $1,740; messenger in library, $1,560; special officer, $2,460; assistant in library, $2,040; laborers—two at $1,620 each, three at $1,380 each, one in stationery room, $1,680; in all, $118,520.

**DOCUMENT ROOM**

Salaries: Superintendent, $3,960; first assistant, $3,360; second assistant, $2,700; assistant, $2,040; two clerks, at $2,040 each; skilled laborer, $1,740; in all, $17,880.

**COMMITTEE EMPLOYEES**

Clerks and messengers to the following committees: Agriculture and Forestry—clerk, $3,900; assistant clerk, $2,880; assistant clerk, $2,580; assistant clerk, $2,400; assistant clerk, $2,220; additional clerk, $1,800. Appropriations—clerk, $7,000 and $1,000 additional so long as the position is held by the present incumbent; assistant clerk, $4,200; assistant clerk, $3,900; three assistant clerks at $3,000 each; two assistant clerks at $2,220 each; messenger, $1,800. To Audit and Control the Contingent Expenses of the Senate—clerk, $3,900; assistant clerk, $2,580; assistant clerk, $2,400; assistant clerk, $2,220; additional clerk, $1,800. Banking and Currency—clerk, $3,900; assistant clerk, $2,880; assistant clerk, $2,400; assistant clerk, $2,220. Civil Service—clerk, $3,900; assistant clerk, $2,400; assistant clerk, $2,220; additional clerk, $1,800. Claims—clerk, $3,900; assistant clerk, $2,880; assistant clerk, $2,580; assistant clerk, $2,220; two assistance clerks at $2,220 each. Commerce—clerk, $3,900; assistant clerk, $2,880; assistant clerk, $2,580; assistant clerk, $2,400; assistant clerk, $2,220. Conference Majority of the Senate—clerk, $3,900; assistant clerk, $2,580; assistant clerk, $2,400; assistant clerk, $2,220. Conference Minority of the Senate—clerk, $3,900; assistant clerk, $2,880; two assistant clerks at $2,580 each; assistant clerk, $2,220. Conference Minority of the Senate—clerk, $3,900; assistant clerk, $2,880; two assistant clerks at $2,580 each; assistant clerk, $2,220. District of Columbia—clerk, $3,900; two assistant clerks at $2,880 each; assistant clerk $2,220; additional clerk, $1,800. Education and Labor—clerk, $3,900; assistant clerk, $2,580; assistant clerk, $2,220; additional clerk, $1,800. Enrolled Bills—clerk, $3,900; assistant clerk, $2,400; assistant clerk, $2,220; additional clerk, $1,800. Expenditures in the Executive Departments—clerk, $3,900; assistant clerk, $2,580; assistant clerk, $2,220; additional clerk, $1,800. Finance—clerk, $4,200; special assistant to the committee, $3,600; assistant clerk, $2,880; assistant clerk, $2,700; assistant clerk, $2,400; two assistant clerks at $2,220 each; two experts (one for majority and one for the minority) at $3,600 each; messenger, $1,800. Foreign Relations—clerk, $3,900; assistant clerk, $2,880; assistant clerk, $2,580; assistant clerk, $2,220; additional clerk, $1,800; messenger, $1,560. Immigration—clerk, $3,900; assistant clerk, $2,580; assistant clerk, $2,220; additional clerk, $1,800. Indian Affairs—clerk, $3,900; assistant clerk, $2,880; assistant clerk, $2,400; assistant clerk, $2,220; additional clerk, $1,800. Interoceanic
Canals—clerk, $3,900; assistant clerk, $2,580; assistant clerk, $2,220; additional clerk, $1,800. Interstate Commerce—clerk, $3,900; assistant clerk, $2,880; two assistant clerks at $2,580 each; assistant clerk, $2,220. Irrigation and Reclamation—clerk, $3,900; assistant clerk, $2,580; assistant clerk, $2,220; additional clerk, $1,800. Judiciary—clerk, $3,900; assistant clerk, $2,880; two assistant clerks at $2,580 each; assistant clerk, $2,220. Library—clerk, $3,900; assistant clerk, $2,400; assistant clerk, $2,220; additional clerk, $1,800. Manufactures—clerk, $3,900; assistant clerk, $2,400; assistant clerk, $2,220; assistant clerk, $2,100; assistant clerk, $2,000; assistant clerk, $1,800; assistant clerk, $1,680. Military Affairs—clerk, $3,900; assistant clerk, $2,880; assistant clerk, $2,580; assistant clerk, $2,220; additional clerk, $1,800. Mines and Mining—clerk, $3,900; assistant clerk, $2,400; assistant clerk, $2,220; assistant clerk, $1,800. Naval Affairs—clerk, $3,900; assistant clerk, $2,880; assistant clerk, $2,580; assistant clerk, $2,220; additional clerk, $1,800. Patents—clerk, $3,900; assistant clerk, $2,400; assistant clerk, $2,220; additional clerk, $1,800. Pensions—clerk, $3,900; assistant clerk, $2,880; additional clerk, $2,220. Printing—clerk, $3,900; assistant clerk, $2,400; assistant clerk, $2,220; additional clerk, $1,800. Privileges and Elections—clerk, $3,900; assistant clerk, $2,400; assistant clerk, $2,220; additional clerk, $1,800. Public Buildings and Grounds—clerk, $3,900; assistant clerk, $2,400; assistant clerk, $2,220; additional clerk, $1,800. Public Lands and Surveys—clerk, $3,900; assistant clerk, $2,880; assistant clerk, $2,220; assistant clerk, $1,800; two assistant clerks at $2,220 each. Revision of the Laws—clerk, $3,900; assistant clerk, $2,400; assistant clerk, $2,220; additional clerk, $1,800. Rules—clerk, $3,900, and $200 toward the preparation biennially of the Senate Manual under the direction of the Committee on Rules; assistant clerk, $2,880; assistant clerk, $2,580; assistant clerk, $2,220; additional clerk, $1,800. Territories and Insular Possessions—clerk, $3,900; assistant clerk, $2,880; assistant clerk, $2,220; additional clerk, $1,800; in all, $481,300.

Clerical assistance to Senators who are not chairmen of the committees specifically provided for herein, as follows: Seventy clerks at $3,900 each; seventy assistant clerks at $2,400 each, and seventy assistant clerks at $2,220 each, $596,400. Such clerks and assistant clerks shall be ex officio clerks and assistant clerks of any committee of which their Senator is chairman.

Seventy additional clerks at $1,800 each, one for each Senator having no more than one clerk and two assistant clerks for himself or for the committee of which he is chairman; messenger, $1,500; $127,800; in all, $724,200.

OFFICE OF SERGEANT AT ARMS AND DOORKEEPER

Salaries: Sergeant at Arms and Doorkeeper, $8,000; two secretaries (one for the majority and one for the minority) at $5,400 each; two assistant secretaries (one for the majority and one for the minority) at $4,320 each; messengers—five (acting as assistant doorkeepers, including one for minority) at $2,400 each, thirty-eight (including two for minority) at $2,040 each, one at $1,560, one at card door, $2,380; clerk on journal work for Congressional Record, to be selected by the official reporters, $3,360; Deputy Sergeant at Arms and storekeeper, $4,440; clerk, $2,460; stenographer in charge of furniture accounts and records, $1,740; upholsterer and locksmith,
$2,400; cabinetmaker, $2,040; three carpenters at $2,040 each; janitor, $2,040; skilled laborers—seven at $1,680 each, one at $1,560; laborer in charge of private passage, $1,680; three female attendants in charge of ladies' retiring rooms at $1,500 each; three attendants to women's toilet rooms, Senate Office Building, at $1,500 each; telephone operators—chief, $2,460, seven at $1,560 each; night operator, $1,380; telephone page, $1,260; laborer in charge of Senate toilet rooms in old library space, $1,200; press gallery—superintendent, $3,660, assistant superintendent, $2,520, messenger for service to press correspondents, $1,740; laborers—three at $1,320 each, thirty-four at $1,260 each; twenty-one pages for the Senate Chamber, at the rate of $4 per day each, during the session, $10,164; in all, $22,104.

Police force for Senate Office Building under the Sergeant at Arms: Special officer, $1,740; sixteen privates at $1,620 each; in all, $27,660.

POST OFFICE

Salaries: Postmaster, $3,060; chief clerk, $2,460; wagon master, $2,040; seven mail carriers at $1,740 each; two riding pages at $1,440 each; in all, $22,620.

FOLDING ROOM

Salaries: Foreman, $2,460; assistant, $2,160; clerk, $1,740; fold-ers—chief, $2,040, seven at $1,560 each, seven at $1,380 each; in all, $28,980.

CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF THE SENATE

For stationery for Senators and the President of the Senate, including $7,500 for stationery for committees and officers of the Senate, $25,000.

Postage stamps: For office of Secretary, $250; office of Sergeant at Arms, $100; in all, $350.

For maintaining, exchanging, and equipping motor vehicles for carrying the mails and for official use of the offices of the Secretary and Sergeant at Arms, $7,960.

For driving, maintenance, and operation of an automobile for the Vice President, $4,000.

For materials for folding, $1,500.

For folding speeches and pamphlets, at a rate not exceeding $1 per thousand, $10,000.

For fuel, oil, cotton waste, and advertising, exclusive of labor, $2,000.

For the purchase of furniture, $5,000.

For materials for furniture and repairs of same, exclusive of labor, $3,000.

For services in cleaning, repairing, and varnishing furniture, $2,000.

For packing boxes, $970.

For rent of warehouse for storage of public documents, $2,000.

For miscellaneous items, exclusive of labor, $100,000.

For expenses of inquiries and investigations ordered by the Senate, including compensation to stenographers of committees, at such rate as may be fixed by the Committee to Audit and Control the Contingent Expenses of the Senate, but not exceeding 25 cents per hundred words, $150,000: Provided, That except in the case of the Joint Committee on Internal Revenue Taxation no part of this appropriation shall be expended for services, personal, professional,

Reporting debates, etc.

Senate kitchens and restaurants, etc.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

SALARIES AND MILEAGE OF MEMBERS

For compensation of Members of the House of Representatives, Delegates from Territories, the Resident Commissioner from Porto Rico, and the Resident Commissioners from the Philippine Islands, $4,405,000.

For mileage of Representatives and Delegates and expenses of Resident Commissioners, $175,000.

For compensation of officers, clerks, messengers, and others:

OFFICE OF THE SPEAKER

Chaplain of the House of Representatives, $1,680.

OFFICE OF THE CLERK

Chaplain of the House of Representatives, $1,680.
smith and typewriter repairer, $1,860; messenger and clock repairer, $1,740; operation, maintenance, and repair of motor vehicles, $1,200; in all, $162,730.

COMMITTEE EMPLOYEES

Clerks, messengers, and janitors to the following committees:

Accounts—clerk, $3,300; assistant clerk, $2,460; janitor, $1,560.
Agriculture—clerk, $3,300; assistant clerk, $2,460; janitor, $1,560.
Appropriations—clerk, $7,000 and $1,000 additional so long as the position is held by the present incumbent; assistant clerk, $5,000 and $1,000 additional so long as the position is held by the present incumbent; three assistant clerks at $3,000 each; assistant clerk, $3,600; two assistant clerks at $3,300 each; messenger, $1,680.
Banking and Currency—clerk, $2,760; assistant clerk, $1,740; janitor, $1,260.
Census—clerk, $2,760; janitor, $1,260.
Civil Service—clerk, $2,760; janitor, $1,260.
Claims—clerk, $3,300; assistant clerk, $1,740; janitor, $1,260.
Coinage, Weights, and Measures—clerk, $2,760; janitor, $1,260.
Disposition of Useless Executive Papers—clerk, $2,760.
District of Columbia—clerk, $3,300; assistant clerk, $2,460; janitor, $1,260.
Education—clerk, $2,760.
Election of President, Vice President, and Representatives in Congress—clerk, $2,760.
Elections Numbered 1—clerk, $2,760; janitor, $1,260.
Elections Numbered 2—clerk, $2,760; janitor, $1,260.
Elections Numbered 3—clerk, $2,760; janitor, $1,260.
Enrolled Bills—clerk, $2,760; janitor, $1,260.
Expenditures in Executive Departments—clerk, $3,300; janitor, $1,260.
Flood Control—clerk, $2,760; janitor, $1,260.
Foreign Affairs—clerk, $3,300; assistant clerk, $2,460; janitor, $1,260.
Immigration and Naturalization—clerk, $3,300; janitor, $1,260.
Indian Affairs—clerk, $3,300; assistant clerk, $2,460; janitor, $1,260.
Insular Affairs—clerk, $2,760; janitor, $1,260.
 Interstate and Foreign Commerce—clerk, $3,900; additional clerk, $2,640; assistant clerk, $2,100; janitor, $1,560.
Invalid Pensions—clerk, $3,300; assistant clerk, $2,880; expert examiner, $2,700; stenographer, $2,640; janitor, $1,500.
Judiciary—clerk, $3,900; assistant clerk, $2,160; assistant clerk, $1,980; janitor, $1,500.
Labor—clerk, $2,760; janitor, $1,260.
Library—clerk, $2,760; janitor, $1,260.
Merchant Marine, Radio, and Fisheries—clerk, $2,760; janitor, $1,260.
Military Affairs—clerk, $3,300; assistant clerk, $2,100; janitor, $1,560.
Mines and Mining—clerk, $2,760; janitor, $1,260.
Naval Affairs—clerk, $3,300; assistant clerk, $2,100; janitor, $1,560.
Patents—clerk, $2,760; janitor, $1,260.
Pensions—clerk, $3,300; assistant clerk, $2,160; janitor, $1,260.
Post Office and Post Roads—clerk, $3,300; assistant clerk, $2,100; janitor, $1,560.
Printing—clerk, $2,760; janitor, $1,560.
Public Buildings and Grounds—clerk, $3,300; assistant clerk, $1,740; janitor, $1,260.
Public Lands—clerk, $2,760; assistant clerk, $1,740; janitor, $1,260.
Revision of the Laws—clerk, $3,300; janitor, $1,260.
Rivers and Harbors—clerk, $3,300; assistant clerk, $2,460; janitor, $1,560.
Roads—clerk, $2,760; assistant clerk, $1,740; janitor, $1,260.
Rules—clerk, $3,300; assistant clerk, $2,100; janitor, $1,260.
Territories—clerk, $2,760; janitor, $1,260.
War Claims—clerk, $3,300; assistant clerk, $1,740; janitor, $1,260.
Ways and Means—clerk, $4,620; assistant clerk and stenographer, $2,640; assistant clerk, $2,580; clerk for minority, $3,180; janitors—one, $1,560, one, $1,260.
World War Veterans' Legislation—clerk, $3,300; assistant clerk, $2,460; in all, $296,000.

Appropriations in the foregoing paragraph shall not be available for the payment of any clerk or assistant clerk to a committee who

Committee employees.

Clerks, messengers, and janitors.
does not, after the termination of the Congress during which he
was appointed, perform his duties under the direction of the Clerk
of the House: Provided, That the foregoing shall not apply to the
Committee on Accounts.

Janitors under the foregoing shall be appointed by the chairmen,
respectively, of said committees, and shall perform under the direc-
tion of the Doorkeeper all of the duties heretofore required of mes-
sengers detailed to said committees by the Doorkeeper, and shall be
subject to removal by the Doorkeeper at any time after the termina-
tion of the Congress during which they were appointed.

Office of Sergeant at
Arms.

Sergeant at Arms,
Deputy, cashier, etc.

Salaries: Sergeant at Arms, $8,000; Deputy Sergeant at Arms,
$3,180; cashier, $4,920; two bookkeepers at $3,360 each; Deputy
Sergeant at Arms in charge of pairs, pair clerk and messenger, and
assistant cashier, at $2,820 each; stenographer and typewriter, $600;
skilled laborer, $1,380; hire of automobile, $600; in all, $33,860.

Police, House Office
Building.

Police Force, House Office Building, under the Sergeant at Arms:
Lieutenant, $1,740; nineteen privates at $1,620 each; one sergeant
at the rate of $1,680 per annum, and twelve privates at the rate of
$1,620 per annum each, from December 1, 1932, to June 30, 1933,
inclusive; in all, $44,840.

Doorkeeper's office.

Doorman, special
employee, etc.

Salaries: Doorkeeper, $6,000; special employee, $2,820; superin-
tendent of House press gallery, $3,660; assistant to the superintend-
ent of the House press gallery, $2,520; chief janitor, $2,700; mes-
sengers—seventeen at $1,740 each, fourteen on soldiers' roll at $1,740
each; laborers—seventeen at $1,260 each, two (cloakroom) at $1,380
each, one (cloakroom) $1,260, and seven (cloakroom) at $1,140 each;
three female attendants in ladies' retiring rooms at $1,680 each;
attendant for the ladies' reception room, $1,440; superintendent of
folding room, $3,180; foreman of folding room, $2,640; chief clerk
to superintendent of folding room, $2,460; three clerks at $2,160
each; janitor, $1,260; laborer, $1,260; thirty-one folders at $1,440
each; shipping clerk, $1,740; two drivers at $1,380 each; two chief
pages at $1,980 each; two telephone pages at $1,680 each; two floor
managers of telephones (one for the minority) at $3,180 each; two
assistant floor managers in charge of telephones (one for the minor-
ity) at $2,100 each; forty-one pages, during the session, including
ten pages for duty at the entrances to the Hall of the House, at
$4 per day each, $19,844; press-gallery page, $1,920; superintendent
of document room (Elmer A. Lewis), $3,960; assistant superintend-
ent of document room, $2,760 and $420 additional so long as the
position is held by the present incumbent; clerk, $2,320; assistant
clerk, $2,160; eight assistants at $1,860 each; janitor, $1,440; mes-
senger to pressroom, $1,560; maintenance and repair of folding room
motor truck, $500; in all, $247,604.

Document room.

Special and minority
employees.

Minority employees.

For the minority employees authorized and named in the House
Resolutions Numbered 51 and 53 of December 11, 1931: Two at
$5,000 each, four at $2,820 each; in all, $21,280.

Special employees.

Assistant foreman of the folding room, authorized in the resolu-
tion of September 30, 1913, $1,980.

Laborer, authorized and named in the resolution of April 28, 1914,
$1,380.
Laborer, authorized and named in the resolution of December 19, 1901, $1,380.

Clerk, under the direction of the Clerk of the House, named in the resolution of February 13, 1923, $3,060.

Successors to any of the employees provided for in the five preceding paragraphs may be named by the House of Representatives at any time.

Office of majority floor leader: Legislative clerk, $3,960; clerk, $3,180; assistant clerk, $2,100; for official expenses of the majority leader, as authorized by House Resolution Numbered 101, Seventy-first Congress, adopted December 18, 1929, $2,000; in all, $11,240.

Conference minority: Clerk, $3,180; legislative clerk, $3,060; assistant clerk, $2,100; janitor, $1,560; in all, $9,900. The foregoing employees to be appointed by the minority leader.

Two messengers, one in the majority caucus room and one in the minority caucus room, to be appointed by the majority and minority whips, respectively, at $1,740 each, $3,480.

**POST OFFICE**

Salaries: Postmaster, $5,000; assistant postmaster, $2,880; registry and money-order clerk, $2,100; thirty-four messengers (including one to superintend transportation of mails) at $1,740 each; substitute messengers and extra services of regular employees, when required, at the rate of not to exceed $145 per month each, $1,240; laborer, $1,260; in all, $71,640.

For the purchase, exchange, maintenance, and repair of motor vehicles for carrying the mails, $3,400.

**OFFICIAL REPORTERS OF DEBATES**

Salaries: Seven official reporters of the proceedings and debates of the House at $7,500 each; clerk, $3,360; six expert transcribers at $1,740 each; janitor, $1,440; in all, $67,740.

**COMMITTEE STENOGRAPHERS**

Salaries: Four stenographers to committees, at $7,000 each; janitor, $1,440; in all, $29,440.

Whenever the words “during the session” occur in the foregoing paragraphs they shall be construed to mean the one hundred and twenty-one days from December 1, 1932, to March 31, 1933, both inclusive.

**CLERK HIRE, MEMBERS AND DELEGATES**

For clerk hire necessarily employed by each Member, Delegate, and Resident Commissioner, in the discharge of his official and representative duties, in accordance with the Act entitled “An Act to fix the compensation of officers and employees of the Legislative Branch of the Government,” approved June 20, 1929, $2,200,000.

**CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF THE HOUSE**

For furniture and materials for repairs of the same, including not to exceed $22,500 for labor, tools, and machinery for furniture repair shops, $42,500.

For packing boxes, $4,000.

For miscellaneous items, exclusive of salaries and labor unless specifically ordered by the House of Representatives, including reimbursement to the official stenographers to committees for the amounts actually and necessarily paid out by them for transcribing hearings, and including materials for folding, $65,000.
Committee reports of hearings.

Special and select committees.

Telegraph and telephone service.

Stationery.

Emergency room.

Medical supplies, services, etc.

Additional assistant provided.

Postage stamps.

Folding.

United States Code. Preparation, etc.


Capitol Police.

Pay.

Contingent expenses.

Capitol police.

Uniforms, etc.

Division of disbursements.

Joint Committee on Printing.

Clarks, etc.

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Congressional Directory.

Office of Legislative Counsel.

Salaries, etc.

Statement of Appropriations.

Preparing, first session of Seventy-second Congress.

For stenographic reports of hearings of committees other than special and select committees, $25,000.

For expenses of special and select committees authorized by the House, $50,000.

For telegraph and telephone service, exclusive of personal services, $90,000.

For stationery for Representatives, Delegates, and Resident Commissioners, including $5,000 for stationery for the use of the committees and officers of the House, $60,000.

For medical supplies, equipment, and contingent expenses for the emergency room and for the attending physician and his assistants, including an allowance of not to exceed $30 per month each to three assistants as provided by the House Resolutions adopted July 1, 1930, and January 20, 1932, $2,500.

For postage stamps: Postmaster, $250; clerk, $450; sergeant at arms, $300; doorkeeper, $150; in all, $1,150.

For folding speeches and pamphlets, at a rate not exceeding $1 per thousand, $20,000.

For preparation and editing of the laws as authorized by the Act approved May 29, 1928 (U. S. C., Supp. V, title 1, sec. 59), $6,000, to be expended under the direction of the Committee on Revision of the Laws.

CAPITOL POLICE

Salaries: Captain, $2,460; three lieutenants at $1,740 each; two special officers at $1,740 each; three sergeants at $1,680 each; forty-four privates at $1,620 each; one-half of said privates to be selected by the Sergeant at Arms of the Senate and one-half by the Sergeant at Arms of the House; in all, $87,480.

For contingent expenses, $200.

For purchasing and supplying uniforms and motor cycles to Capitol police, $7,750.

One-half of the foregoing amounts under "Capitol police" shall be disbursed by the Secretary of the Senate and one-half by the Clerk of the House.

JOINT COMMITTEE ON PRINTING

Salaries: Clerk, $4,000 and $800 additional so long as the position is held by the present incumbent; inspector under section 20 of the Act approved January 12, 1895 (U. S. C., title 44, section 49), $2,820; assistant clerk and stenographer, $2,400; for expenses of compiling, preparing, and indexing the Congressional Directory, $1,600; in all, $11,620, one half to be disbursed by the Secretary of the Senate and the other half to be disbursed by the Clerk of the House.

OFFICE OF LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL

For salaries and expenses of maintenance of the office of Legislative Counsel, as authorized by law, $75,000, of which $37,500 shall be disbursed by the Secretary of the Senate and $37,500 by the Clerk of the House of Representatives.

STATEMENT OF APPROPRIATIONS

For preparation, under the direction of the Committees on Appropriations of the Senate and House of Representatives of the statements for the first session of the Seventy-second Congress, showing appropriations made, indefinite appropriations, and contracts
authorized, together with a chronological history of the regular appropriation bills, as required by law, $4,000, to be paid to the persons designated by the chairman of said committees to do the work.

ARCHITECT OF THE CAPITOL

OFFICE OF THE ARCHITECT OF THE CAPITOL

Salaries: For the Architect of the Capitol, Assistant Architect of the Capitol, and other personal services at rates of pay provided by law; and the Assistant Architect of the Capitol shall act as Architect of the Capitol during the absence or disability of that official or whenever there is no Architect, $48,580.

CAPITOL BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS

Capitol Buildings: For necessary expenditures for the Capitol Building and electrical substations of the Senate and House Office Buildings, under the jurisdiction of the Architect of the Capitol, including minor improvements, maintenance, repair, equipment, supplies, material, fuel, oil, waste, and appurtenances; furnishings and office equipment; personal and other services; cleaning and repairing works of art; maintenance, and driving of motor-propelled passenger-carrying office vehicle; pay of superintendent of meters, and $300 additional for the maintenance of an automobile for his use, who shall inspect all gas and electric meters of the Government in the District of Columbia without additional compensation; and not exceeding $300 for the purchase of technical and necessary reference books, periodicals, and city directory; $240,000.

Appropriations under the control of the Architect of the Capitol shall be available for expenses of travel on official business not to exceed in the aggregate under all funds the sum of $3,500.

Capitol Grounds: For care and improvement of grounds surrounding the Capitol, Senate and House Office Buildings; Capitol Power Plant; personal and other services; care of trees; plantings; fertilizers; repairs to pavements, walks, and roadways; purchase of waterproof wearing apparel; maintenance of signal lights; and for snow removal by hire of men and equipment or under contract without compliance with sections 3709 (U. S. C., title 41, sec. 5) and 3744 (U. S. C., title 40, sec. 16) of the Revised Statutes; $100,000.

Capitol garages: For maintenance, repairs, alterations, personal and other services, and all necessary incidental expenses, $7,540: Provided, That the employees engaged in the care and maintenance of the Senate garage shall be transferred to the jurisdiction of the Architect of the Capitol on July 1, 1932, without any reduction in compensation as the result of such transfer: Provided further, That hereafter the underground space in the north extension of the Capitol Grounds shall be under the jurisdiction and control of the Architect of the Capitol, subject to such regulations respecting the use thereof as may be promulgated by the joint action of the Vice President of the United States and the Speaker of the House of Representatives.

Subway transportation, Capitol and Senate Office Buildings: For repairs, rebuilding, and maintenance of the subway cars connecting the Senate Office Building with the Senate wing of the United States Capitol and for personal and other services, including maintenance of the track and electrical equipment connected therewith, $9,000.

Senate Office Building: For maintenance, miscellaneous items and supplies, including furniture, furnishings, and equipment and for
labor and material incident thereto and repairs thereof; and for personal and other services for the care and operation of the Senate Office Building, under the direction and supervision of the Senate Committee on Rules, acting through the Architect of the Capitol, who shall be its executive agent, $175,000.

### House Office Buildings
For maintenance, including miscellaneous items, and for all necessary services, $250,000.

To continue carrying out the provisions of the Act entitled “An Act to provide for the acquisition of a site and the construction thereon of a fireproof office building or buildings for the House of Representatives,” approved January 10, 1929 (45 Stat., p. 1071), including printing and binding, travelling expenses heretofore incurred in connection with such construction by authority of the commission in charge, and other miscellaneous expenses, $406,000, to remain available until expended.

### Capitol power plant
For lighting, heating, and power for the Capitol, Senate and House Office Buildings, Supreme Court Building, Congressional Library Buildings, and the grounds about the same, Botanic Garden, Capitol garages, folding and storage rooms of the Senate, Government Printing Office, and Washington City post office; personal and other services, engineering instruments, fuel, oil, materials, labor, advertising, and purchase of waterproof wearing apparel in connection with the maintenance and operation of the heating, lighting, and power plant, $325,000.

For the installation of duplicate steam lines to new buildings; clean-water intake screens and auxiliaries and high-tension switching equipment, including all necessary work in connection with such installation, and for all labor, materials, travel expenses and subsistence therefor; and without regard to section 35 of the Public Buildings Act, approved June 25, 1910, as amended, or the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, for employment of all necessary personnel, including architectural, engineering, and professional services and other assistants, and for all other expenses incident thereto, $125,000, to be immediately available.

### Architect of the Capitol
The appropriations under the control of the Architect of the Capitol may be expended without reference to section 4 of the Act approved June 17, 1910 (U. S. C., title 41, sec. 7), concerning purchases for executive departments.

The Government Printing Office and the Washington City post office shall reimburse the Capitol power plant for heat, light, and power furnished during the fiscal year 1933 and the amounts so reimbursed shall be covered into the Treasury.

### Library Building and Grounds
Salaries: For chief engineer and all personal services at rates of pay provided by law, $46,960; provided, That the Architect of the Capitol may continue the employment under his jurisdiction of Damon W. Harding, but not beyond June 30, 1934, notwithstanding any provision of the Act entitled “An Act for the retirement of employees in the classified civil service, and for other purposes,” approved May 22, 1920, and any amendment thereof, prohibiting extensions of service for more than four years after the age of retirement.

For trees, shrubs, plants, fertilizers, and skilled labor for the grounds of Library of Congress, $1,000.

For necessary expenditures for the Library Building under the jurisdiction of the Architect of the Capitol, including minor improve-
ments, maintenance, repair, equipment, supplies, material, and appurtenances, and personal and other services in connection with the mechanical and structural maintenance of such building, $13,500.

For furniture, including partitions, screens, shelving, and electrical work pertaining thereto and repairs thereof, $10,000.

To continue carrying out the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the construction and equipment of an annex to the Library of Congress," approved June 13, 1930 (46 Stat., p. 583), $150,000, to be immediately available and to remain available until expended.

Botanic Garden, building and grounds: The appropriation for construction of new conservatories and other necessary buildings for the United States Botanic Gardens is hereby made available for the removal of tropical and hardy plant material in the old Botanic Garden to the new conservatory and grounds, including the hire of labor and equipment.

**BOTANIC GARDEN**

Salaries: For the director and other personal services, $100,000; all under the direction of the Joint Committee on the Library: Provided, That the quarters, heat, light, fuel, and telephone service heretofore furnished for the director’s use in the Botanic Garden shall not be regarded as a part of his salary or compensation, and such allowances may continue to be so furnished without deduction from his salary or compensation notwithstanding the provisions of section 3 of the Act of March 5, 1928 (U. S. C., title 5, sec. 678), or any other law.

Maintenance, operation, repairs, and improvements: For all necessary expenses incident to maintaining, operating, repairing, and improving the Botanic Garden, and the nurseries, buildings, grounds, and equipment pertaining thereto, including procuring fertilizers, soil, tools, trees, shrubs, plants, and seeds; materials and miscellaneous supplies, including rubber boots and aprons when required for use by employees in connection with their work; not to exceed $25 for emergency medical supplies; disposition of waste; traveling expenses and per diem in lieu of subsistence of the director and his assistants not to exceed $975; street-car fares not exceeding $25; office equipment and contingent expenses; the prevention and eradication of insect and other pests and plant diseases by purchase of materials and procurement of personal services by contract without regard to the provisions of any other Act; repair, maintenance, and operation of motor trucks and passenger motor vehicle; not to exceed $2,500 for purchase and exchange of a motor truck; purchase of botanical books, periodicals, and books of reference, not to exceed $100; repairs and improvements to director’s residence; and all other necessary expenses; all under the direction of the Joint Committee on the Library, $40,000.

The sum of $100 may be expended at any one time by the Botanic Garden for the purchase of plants, trees, shrubs, and other nursery stock, without reference to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes (U. S. C., title 41, sec. 5).

No part of the appropriations contained herein for the Botanic Garden shall be used for the distribution, by congressional allotment, of trees, plants, shrubs, or other nursery stock.
Library of Congress.

For the Librarian, Chief Assistant Librarian, and other personal services, $842,045.

For the Register of Copyrights, assistant register, and other personal services, $249,380.

LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE SERVICE

To enable the Librarian of Congress to employ competent persons to gather, classify, and make available, in translations, indexes, digests, compilations, and bulletins, and otherwise, data for or bearing upon legislation, and to render such data serviceable to Congress and committees and Members thereof, including not to exceed $5,700 for employees engaged on piecework and work by the day or hour at rates to be fixed by the Librarian, $67,500.

DISTRIBUTION OF CARD INDEXES

For the distribution of card indexes and other publications of the Library, including personal services, freight charges (not exceeding $500), expressage, postage, traveling expenses connected with such distribution, expenses of attendance at meetings when incurred on the written authority and direction of the Librarian, and including not to exceed $58,500 for employees engaged in piecework and work by the day or hour and for extra special services of regular employees at rates to be fixed by the Librarian; in all, $170,000.

TEMPORARY SERVICES

For special and temporary service, including extra special services of regular employees, at rates to be fixed by the Librarian, $3,000.

INDEX TO STATE LEGISLATION

To enable the Librarian of Congress to prepare an index to the legislation of the several States, together with a supplemental digest of the more important legislation, as authorized and directed by the Act entitled "An Act providing for the preparation of a biennial index to State legislation," approved February 10, 1927 (U. S. C., Supp. V, title 2, secs. 164, 165), including personal and other services within and without the District of Columbia including not to exceed $2,500 for special and temporary service at rates to be fixed by the Librarian, travel, necessary material and apparatus, and for printing and binding the indexes and digests of State legislation for official distribution only, and other printing and binding incident to the work of compilation, stationery, and incidentals, $25,000, and in addition the unexpended balance of the appropriation for this purpose for the fiscal year 1932 is reappropriated for the fiscal year 1933.

INDEX TO FEDERAL STATUTES

To enable the Librarian of Congress to revise and extend the index to the Federal Statutes, published in 1908 and known as the Scott and Beaman Index, to include the Acts of Congress down to and including the Acts of the Seventieth Congress, and to have the revised index printed at the Government Printing Office, as authorized and directed by the Act approved March 3, 1927, as amended
June 14, 1930, the unexpended balance of the appropriation for this purpose in the Legislative Appropriation Act for the fiscal year 1932 is continued available for the fiscal year 1933.

**SUNDAY OPENING**

To enable the Library of Congress to be kept open for reference use on Sundays and on holidays within the discretion of the Librarian, including the extra services of employees and the services of additional employees under the Librarian, at rates to be fixed by the Librarian, $18,000.

**UNION CATALOGUES**

To continue the development and maintenance of the Union Catalogues, including personal services within and without the District of Columbia (and not to exceed $1,400 for special and temporary service, including extra special services of regular employees, at rates to be fixed by the Librarian), travel, necessary material and apparatus, stationery, photostat supplies, and incidentals, $20,000.

**INCREASE OF THE LIBRARY**

For purchase of books, miscellaneous periodicals and newspapers, and all other material, for the increase of the Library, including payment in advance for subscription books and society publications, and for freight, commissions, and traveling expenses, including expenses of attendance at meetings when incurred on the written authority and direction of the Librarian in the interest of collections, and all other expenses incidental to the acquisition of books, miscellaneous periodicals and newspapers, and all other material for the increase of the Library, by purchase, gift, bequest, or exchange, to continue available during the fiscal year 1934, $100,000.

For purchase of books and for periodicals for the law library, under the direction of the Chief Justice, $25,000.

For purchase of new books of reference for the Supreme Court, to be a part of the Library of Congress, and purchased by the Marshal of the Supreme Court, under the direction of the Chief Justice, $2,500.

To enable the Librarian of Congress to carry out the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to provide books for the adult blind," approved March 3, 1931 (U. S. C., Supp. V, title 2, sec. 135a), $90,000.

**PRINTING AND BINDING**

For miscellaneous printing and binding for the Library of Congress, including the Copyright Office, and the binding, rebinding, and repairing of library books, and for the Library Building, $190,000.

For the publication (1) of the remaining unpublished volumes of the Journals of the Continental Congress (volumes 30, 31, 32, and 33); and (2) the fourth, and final, volume of the Records of the Virginia Company; and (3) in connection with the Bicentenary of the Birth of George Washington, the rebinding, in full morocco, of the Papers of George Washington, three hundred and two volumes; the unexpended balance in the appropriation for this purpose in the Legislative Appropriation Act for the fiscal year 1932 is continued available for the fiscal year 1933.

For the publication of the Catalogue of Title Entries of the Copyright Office, $50,000.

For the printing of catalogue cards, $120,000.
CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF THE LIBRARY

For miscellaneous and contingent expenses, stationery, supplies, stock, and materials directly purchased, miscellaneous traveling expenses, postage, transportation, incidental expenses connected with the administration of the Library and Copyright Office, including not exceeding $500 for expenses of attendance at meetings when incurred on the written authority and direction of the Librarian, $9,000.

For paper, chemicals, and miscellaneous supplies necessary for the operation of the photoduplicating machines of the Library and the making of photoduplicate prints, $5,000.

LIBRARY BUILDING

Salaries: For the superintendent, disbursing officer, and other personal services, in accordance with the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, $161,822.

For extra services of employees and additional employees under the Librarian to provide for the opening of the Library Building on Sundays and on legal holidays, at rates to be fixed by the Librarian, $4,500.

For special and temporary services in connection with the custody, care, and maintenance of the Library Building, including extra special services of regular employees at the discretion of the Librarian, at rates to be fixed by the Librarian, $500.

For mail, delivery, and telephone services, uniforms for guards, stationery, miscellaneous supplies, and all other incidental expenses in connection with the custody and maintenance of the Library Building, $8,900.

GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE

Public printing and binding: To provide the Public Printer with a working capital for the following purposes for the execution of printing, binding, lithographing, mapping, engraving, and other authorized work of the Government Printing Office for the various branches of the Government: For salaries of Public Printer, $10,000, and Deputy Public Printer, $7,500; for salaries, compensation, or wages of all necessary officers and employees additional to those herein appropriated for, including employees necessary to handle waste paper and condemned material for sale; to enable the Public Printer to comply with the provisions of law granting holidays and half holidays and Executive orders granting holidays and half holidays with pay to employees; to enable the Public Printer to comply with the provisions of law granting thirty days' annual leave to employees with pay; rents, fuel, gas, heat, electric current, gas and electric fixtures; bicycles, motor-propelled vehicles for the carriage of printing and printing supplies, and the maintenance, repair and operation of the same, to be used only for official purposes, including operation, repair, and maintenance of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles for official use of the officers of the Government Printing Office when in writing ordered by the Public Printer; freight, expressage, telegraph, and telephone service; furniture, typewriters, and carpets; traveling expenses; stationery, postage, and advertising; directories, technical books, newspapers and magazines, and books of reference (not exceeding $500); adding and numbering machines, time stamps, and other machines of similar character;
machinery (not exceeding $300,000); equipment, and for repairs to machinery, implements, and buildings, and for minor alterations to buildings; necessary equipment, maintenance, and supplies for the emergency room for the use of all employees in the Government Printing Office who may be taken suddenly ill or receive injury while on duty; other necessary contingent and miscellaneous items authorized by the Public Printer: Provided, That inks, glues, and other supplies manufactured by the Government Printing Office in connection with its work may be furnished to departments and other establishments of the Government upon requisition, and payment made from appropriations available therefor; for expenses authorized in writing by the Joint Committee on Printing for the inspection of printing and binding equipment, material, and supplies and Government printing plants in the District of Columbia or elsewhere (not exceeding $1,000); for salaries and expenses of preparing the semimonthly and session indexes of the Congressional Record under the direction of the Joint Committee on Printing (chief indexers at $3,480, one cataloguer at $3,150, two cataloguers at $2,460 each, and one cataloguer at $2,100); and for all the necessary labor, paper, materials, and equipment needed in the prosecution and delivery and mailing of the work; in all, $2,250,000, to which shall be charged the printing and binding authorized to be done for Congress, the printing and binding for use of the Government Printing Office, and printing and binding (not exceeding $2,000) for official use of the Architect of the Capitol when authorized by the Secretary of the Senate; in all to an amount not exceeding this sum.

Printing and binding for Congress chargeable to the foregoing appropriation, when recommended to be done by the Committee on Printing of either House, shall be so recommended in a report containing an approximate estimate of the cost thereof, together with a statement from the Public Printer of estimated approximate cost of work previously ordered by Congress within the fiscal year for which this appropriation is made.

During the fiscal year 1933 any executive department or independent establishment of the Government ordering printing and binding from the Government Printing Office shall pay promptly by check to the Public Printer upon his written request, either in advance or upon completion of the work, all or part of the estimated or actual cost thereof, as the case may be, and bills rendered by the Public Printer in accordance herewith shall not be subject to audit or certification in advance of payment: Provided, That proper adjustments on the basis of the actual cost of delivered work paid for in advance shall be made monthly or quarterly and as may be agreed upon by the Public Printer and the department or establishment concerned. All sums paid to the Public Printer for work that he is authorized by law to do shall be deposited to the credit, on the books of the Treasury Department, of the appropriation made for the working capital of the Government Printing Office, for the year in which the work is done, and be subject to requisition by the Public Printer.

All amounts in the Budget for the fiscal year 1934 for printing and binding for any department or establishment, so far as the Bureau of the Budget may deem practicable, shall be incorporated in a single item for printing and binding for such department or establishment and be eliminated as a part of any estimate for any other purpose. And if any amounts for printing and binding are included as a part of any estimates for any other purposes, such amounts shall be set forth in detail in a note immediately following
the general estimate for printing and binding: Provided, That the foregoing requirements shall not apply to work to be executed at the Bureau of Engraving and Printing.

No part of any money appropriated in this Act shall be paid to any person employed in the Government Printing Office while detailed for or performing service in any other executive branch of the public service of the United States unless such detail be authorized by law.

The Public Printer may continue the employment under his jurisdiction of Samuel Robinson, Congressional Record messenger, notwithstanding the provisions of any Act prohibiting his employment because of age.

OFFICE OF SUPERINTENDENT OF DOCUMENTS

For the Superintendent of Documents, assistant superintendent, and other personal services in accordance with the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, and compensation of employees paid by the hour who shall be subject to the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to regulate and fix rates of pay for employees and officers of the Government Printing Office," approved June 7, 1924 (U. S. C., title 44, sec. 40), $550,000: Provided, That for the purpose of conforming to section 3 of this Act this appropriation shall be considered a separate appropriation unit.

For furniture and fixtures, typewriters, carpets, labor-saving machines and accessories, time stamps, adding and numbering machines, awnings, curtains, books of reference; directories, books, miscellaneous office and desk supplies, paper, twine, glue, envelopes, postage, car fares, soap, towels, disinfectants, and ice; drayage, express, freight, telephone and telegraph service; traveling expenses (not to exceed $200); repairs to buildings, elevators, and machinery; preserving sanitary condition of building; light, heat, and power; stationery and office printing, including blanks, price lists, and bibliographies, $100,000; for catalogues and indexes, not exceeding $34,800; for supplying books to depository libraries, $76,000; in all, $210,800: Provided, That no part of this sum shall be used to supply to depository libraries any documents, books, or other printed matter not requested by such libraries, and the requests therefor shall be subject to approval by the Superintendent of Documents.

In order to keep the expenditures for printing and binding for the fiscal year 1933 within or under the appropriations for such fiscal year, the heads of the various executive departments and independent establishments are authorized to discontinue the printing of annual or special reports under their respective jurisdictions: Provided, That where the printing of such reports is discontinued the original copy thereof shall be kept on file in the offices of the heads of the respective departments or independent establishments for public inspection.

Purchases may be made from the foregoing appropriation under the "Government Printing Office," as provided for in the Printing Act approved January 12, 1895, and without reference to section 4 of the Act approved June 17, 1910 (U. S. C., title 41, sec. 7), concerning purchases for executive departments.

SEC. 2. No part of the funds herein appropriated shall be used for the maintenance or care of private vehicles.

SEC. 3. In expending appropriations or portions of appropriations, contained in this Act, for the payment for personal services in the District of Columbia in accordance with the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, the average of the salaries of the total number of persons under any grade in the Botanic Garden, the Library of
Congress, or the Government Printing Office, shall not at any time exceed the average of the compensation rates specified for the grade by such Act, as amended: Provided, That this restriction shall not apply (1) to grades 1, 2, 3, and 4 of the clerical-mechanical service, (2) to require the reduction in salary of any person whose compensation was fixed as of July 1, 1924, in accordance with the rules of section 6 of such Act, (3) to require the reduction in salary of any person who is transferred from one position to another position in the same or different grade in the same or a different bureau, office, or other appropriation unit, (4) to prevent the payment of a salary under any grade at a rate higher than the maximum rate of the grade when such higher rate is permitted by the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, and is specifically authorized by other law, or (5) to reduce the compensation of any person in a grade in which only one position is allocated.

Sec. 4. The detail of the present incumbent as attending physician at the Capitol shall be continued until otherwise provided by law.

PART II

TITLE I—FURLOUGH OF FEDERAL EMPLOYEES

FURLOUGH PROVISIONS

Section 101. During the fiscal year ending June 30, 1933—

(a) The days of work of a per diem officer or employee receiving compensation at a rate which is equivalent to more than $1,000 per annum shall not exceed five in any one week, and the compensation for five days shall be ten-elevenths of that payable for a week's work of five and one-half days: Provided, That nothing herein contained shall be construed as modifying the method of fixing the daily rate of compensation of per diem officers or employees as now authorized by law: Provided further, That where the nature of the duties of a per diem officer or employee render it advisable, the provisions of subsection (b) may be applied in lieu of the provisions of this subsection.

(b) Each officer or employee receiving compensation on an annual basis at the rate of more than $1,000 per annum shall be furloughed without compensation for one calendar month, or for such periods as shall in the aggregate be equivalent to one calendar month, for which latter purpose twenty-four working days (counting Saturdays as one-half day) shall be considered as the equivalent of one calendar month: Provided, That where the nature of the duties of any such officer or employee render it advisable, the provisions of subsection (a) may be applied in lieu of the provisions of this subsection: Provided further, That no officer or employee shall, without his consent, be furloughed under this subsection for more than five days in any one calendar month: Provided further, That the rate of compensation of any employee furloughed under the provisions of this Act shall not be reduced by reason of the action of any wage board during the fiscal year 1933.

(c) If the application of the provisions of subsections (a) and (b) to any officer or employee would reduce his rate of compensation to less than $1,000 per annum, such provisions shall be applied to him only to the extent necessary to reduce his rate of compensation to $1,000 per annum.

Sec. 102. No officer or employee shall be exempted from the provisions of subsections (a) and (b) of section 101, except in those cases where the public service requires that the position be continuously filled and a suitable substitute can not be provided, and then...
only when authorized or approved in writing by the President of the United States. The Director of the Bureau of the Budget shall report to Congress on the first Monday in December in 1932 and 1933 the exemptions made under this section divided according to salary, grade, and class.

Sec. 103. All rights now conferred or authorized to be conferred by law upon any officer or employee to receive annual leave of absence with pay are hereby suspended during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1933.

Definitions

Sec. 104. When used in this title—
(a) The terms "officer" and "employee" mean any person rendering services in or under any branch or service of the United States Government or the government of the District of Columbia, but do not include (1) officers whose compensation may not, under the Constitution, be diminished during their continuance in office; (2) Senators, Representatives in Congress, Delegates, and Resident Commissioners; (3) officers and employees on the rolls of the Senate and House of Representatives; (4) carriers in the Rural Mail Delivery Service; (5) officers and members of the Police Department of the District of Columbia, of the Fire Department of the District of Columbia, of the United States Park Police in the District of Columbia, and of the White House Police; (6) teachers in the public schools of the District of Columbia; (7) public officials and employees whose compensation is derived from assessments on banks and/or is not paid from the Federal Treasury; (8) the enlisted personnel of the Army, Navy, Coast Guard, and Marine Corps; (9) postmasters and postal employees of post offices of the first, second, and third classes whose salary or allowances are based on gross postal receipts, and postmasters of the fourth class; (10) any person in respect of any office, position, or employment the amount of compensation of which is expressly fixed by international agreement; and (11) any person in respect of any office, position, or employment the compensation of which is paid under the terms of any contract in effect on the date of the enactment of this Act, if such compensation may not lawfully be reduced.

(b) The term "compensation" means any salary, pay, wage, allowance (except allowances for subsistence, quarters, heat, light, and travel), or other emolument paid for services rendered in any civilian or noncivilian office, position, or employment; and includes the retired pay of judges, and the retired pay of all commissioned and other personnel of the Coast and Geodetic Survey, the Lighthouse Service, and the Public Health Service, and the retired pay of all commissioned and other personnel (except enlisted) of the Army, Navy, Marine Corps, and Coast Guard; but does not include the active or retired pay of the enlisted personnel of the Army, Navy, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard; and does not include payments out of any retirement, disability, or relief fund made up wholly or in part of contributions of employees.

(c) In the case of any office, position, or employment, the compensation for which is calculated on a piecework, hourly, or per diem basis, the rate of compensation per annum shall be held to be the total amount which would be payable for the regular working hours and on the basis of three hundred and seven working days, or the number of working days on the basis of which such compensation is calculated, whichever is the greater.
COMPENSATION REDUCTIONS

SEC. 105. During the fiscal year ending June 30, 1933—

(a) The salaries of the Vice President and the Speaker of the House of Representatives are reduced by 15 per centum; and the salaries of Senators, Representatives in Congress, Delegates, and Resident Commissioners are reduced by 10 per centum.

(b) The allowance for clerk hire of Representatives in Congress, Delegates, and Resident Commissioners is reduced by 8 1/3 per centum, such reduced allowance to be apportioned by the Representative, Delegate, or Resident Commissioner among his clerks as he may determine, subject to the limitations of existing law, but the compensation of such clerks shall not be subject to reduction under subsection (c) of this section.

(c) The rate of compensation of any person on the rolls of the Senate or of the House of Representatives (other than persons included within subsection (a)), if such compensation is at a rate of more than $1,000 per annum, is reduced by 8 1/3 per centum, except that if the rate of compensation is $10,000 or more such rate shall be reduced by 10 per centum.

(d) In the case of the following persons the rate of compensation is reduced as follows: If more than $1,000 per annum but less than $10,000 per annum, 8 1/3 per centum; if $10,000 per annum or more, but less than $12,000 per annum, 10 per centum; if $12,000 per annum or more, but less than $15,000 per annum, 12 per centum; if $15,000 per annum or more, but less than $20,000 per annum, 15 per centum; if $20,000 per annum or more, 20 per centum:

(1) Persons exempted, under section 102, from the provisions of subsections (a) and (b) of section 101;

(2) Carriers in the Rural Mail Delivery Service, but in the case of such carriers the term “compensation” does not include the allowance for equipment maintenance;

(3) Officers and members of the Police Department of the District of Columbia, of the Fire Department of the District of Columbia, of the United States Park Police in the District of Columbia, and of the White House Police;

(4) Teachers in the public schools of the District of Columbia;

(5) Postmasters and postal employees of post offices of the first, second, and third classes whose salaries or allowances are based on gross postal receipts, and postmasters of the fourth class;

(6) Officers and employees (as defined in section 104 (a)) occupying positions the nature of the duties and periods of work of which make it impracticable to apply the provisions of subsections (a) and (b) of section 101;

(7) Officers and employees (as defined in section 104 (a)), not otherwise provided for in this section, to whom the provisions of subsections (a) and (b) of section 101 do not apply.

(e) Subsections (c) and (d) of this section shall not operate (1) so as to reduce any rate of compensation to less than $1,000 per annum, or (2) so as to reduce the rate of compensation of any of the postmasters or postal employees provided for in paragraph (5) of subsection (d) of this section, to a rate which is less than 91 2/3 per centum of his average rate of compensation during the calendar year 1931.

RETIRED PAY

SEC. 106. During the fiscal year ending June 30, 1933, the retired pay of all judges (except judges whose compensation may not, under the Constitution, be diminished during their continuance in office)
and the retired pay of all commissioned and other personnel (except enlisted) of the Army, Navy, Marine Corps, Coast Guard, Coast and Geodetic Survey, Lighthouse Service, and the Public Health Service shall be reduced as follows: If more than $1,000 per annum but less than $10,000 per annum, 8 1/3 per centum; if $10,000 per annum or more, but less than $12,000, 10 per centum; if $12,000 per annum or more, but less than $15,000 per annum, 12 per centum; if $15,000 per annum or more, but less than $20,000, 15 per centum; if $20,000 per annum or more, 20 per centum. This section shall not operate so as to reduce any rate of retired pay to less than $1,000 per annum.

SPECIAL SALARY REDUCTIONS

SEC. 107. (a) During the fiscal year ending June 30, 1933—

(1) the salary of each of the members of the International Joint Commission, United States section, shall be at the rate of $5,000 per annum;

(2) the salaries of the following officers shall be at the rate of $10,000 per annum: Commissioners of the United States Shipping Board, members of the Federal Farm Board (except the Secretary of Agriculture), members of the Board of Mediation, commissioners of the Interstate Commerce Commission, commissioners of the United States Tariff Commission, the American commissioner of the General Claims Commission, United States and Mexico, and the umpire and American commissioner of the Mixed Claims Commission, United States and Germany;

(3) no officer or employee of any of the boards or commissions enumerated in paragraph (1) or (2) shall (except as provided in paragraph (4)) receive salary at a rate in excess of $10,000 per annum;

(4) no officer or employee of the United States Shipping Board, the United States Shipping Board Merchant Fleet Corporation, or the Reconstruction Finance Corporation, shall receive salary at a rate in excess of $10,000 per annum, except that in the case of any position the salary of which at the date of the enactment of this Act is at a rate in excess of $12,500 per annum such salary may be at a rate not in excess of $12,500 per annum; and

(5) the salaries and retired pay of all judges (except judges whose compensation may not, under the Constitution, be diminished during their continuance in office), if such salaries or retired pay are at a rate exceeding $10,000 per annum, shall be at the rate of $10,000 per annum.

(b) The furlough provisions and the compensation reductions contained in other sections of this title shall not apply to any office, position, or employment the salary or retired pay of which is reduced or fixed under the provisions of subsection (a) of this section.

GOVERNMENT CORPORATIONS

SEC. 108. In the case of a corporation the majority of the stock of which is owned by the United States, the holders of the stock on behalf of the United States, or such persons as represent the interest of the United States in such corporation, shall take such action as may be necessary to apply the provisions of sections 101, 102, 103, 105, and 107 to offices, positions, and employments under such corporation and to officers and employees thereof, with proper allowance for any reduction in compensation since December 31, 1931.
SEC. 109. In any case in which the application of the provisions of this title to any person would result in a diminution of compensation prohibited by the Constitution, the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized to accept from such person, and cover into the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts, remittance of such part of the compensation of such person as would not be paid to him if such diminution of compensation were not prohibited.

APPROPRIATIONS IMPOUNDED

SEC. 110. The appropriations or portions of appropriations unexpended by reason of the operation of this title shall not be used for any purpose, but shall be impounded and returned to the Treasury.

LIMITATION ON JURISDICTION OF COURTS

SEC. 111. No court of the United States shall have jurisdiction of any suit against the United States or (unless brought by the United States) against any officer, agency, or instrumentality of the United States arising out of the application of any provision of this title, unless such suit involves the Constitution of the United States.

RURAL CARRIERS EQUIPMENT ALLOWANCE

SEC. 112. During the fiscal year ending June 30, 1933, payments for equipment maintenance to carriers in the Rural Mail Delivery Service shall be seven-eighths of the amount now provided by law.

TITLE II—PROVISIONS AFFECTING PERSONNEL

SUSPENSION OF PROMOTIONS AND FILLING OF VACANCIES

SEC. 201. All provisions of law which confer upon civilian or noncivilian officers or employees of the United States Government or the municipal government of the District of Columbia automatic increases in compensation by reason of length of service or promotion are suspended during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1933; but this section shall not be construed to deprive any person of any increment of compensation received through an automatic increase in compensation prior to July 1, 1932.

SEC. 202. No administrative promotions in the civil branch of the United States Government or the government of the District of Columbia shall be made during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1933: Provided, That the filling of a vacancy, when authorized by the President, by the appointment of an employee of a lower grade, shall not be construed as an administrative promotion, but no such appointment shall increase the compensation of such employee to a rate in excess of the minimum rate of the grade to which such employee is appointed, unless such minimum rate would require an actual reduction in compensation. The President shall submit to Congress a report of the vacancies filled under this section up to November 1, 1932, on the first day of the next regular session. The provisions of this section shall not apply to commissioned, commissioned warrant, warrant, and enlisted personnel, and cadets, of the Coast Guard.

SEC. 203. No appropriation available to any executive department or independent establishment or to the municipal government of the Coast Guard excluded.

Use of appropriations in filling vacancies prohibited.
District of Columbia during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1933, shall be used to pay the compensation of an incumbent appointed to any civil position under the United States Government or the municipal government of the District of Columbia which is vacant on July 1, 1932, or to any such position which may become vacant after such date: Provided, That this inhibition shall not apply (a) to absolutely essential positions the filling of which may be authorized or approved in writing by the President of the United States, (b) to temporary, emergency, seasonal, or cooperative positions, or (c) to commissioned, warrant, and enlisted personnel, and cadets, of the Coast Guard. The appropriations or portions of appropriations unexpended by the operation of this section shall not be used for any other purposes but shall be impounded and returned to the Treasury, and a report of all such vacancies, the number thereof filled, and the amounts unexpended, for the period between July 1, 1932, and October 31, 1932, shall be submitted to Congress on the first day of the next regular session: Provided, That such impounding of funds may be waived in writing by the President of the United States in connection with any appropriation or portion of appropriation, when, in his judgment, such action is necessary and in the public interest.

COMPULSORY RETIREMENT FOR AGE

SEC. 204. On and after July 1, 1932, no person rendering civilian service in any branch or service of the United States Government or the municipal government of the District of Columbia who shall have reached the retirement age prescribed for automatic separation from the service, applicable to such person, shall be continued in such service, notwithstanding any provision of law or regulation to the contrary: Provided, That the President may, by Executive Order, exempt from the provisions of this section any person when, in his judgment, the public interest so requires: Provided further, That no such person heretofore or hereafter separated from the service of the United States or the District of Columbia under any provision of law or regulation providing for such retirement on account of age shall be eligible again to appointment to any appointive office, position, or employment under the United States or the District of Columbia; Provided further, That this section shall not apply to any person named in any Act of Congress providing for the continuance of such person in the service.

RATE OF COMPENSATION UPON WHICH RETIRED PAY SHALL BE BASED

SEC. 205. The provisions of this Part of this Act providing for temporary reductions in compensation and suspension in automatic increases in compensation shall not operate to reduce the rate of compensation upon which the retired pay or retirement benefits of any officer or employee would be based but for the application of such provisions, but the amount of retired pay shall be reduced as provided in Title I: Provided, That retirement deductions authorized by law to be made from the salary, pay, or compensation of officers or employees and transferred or deposited to the credit of a retirement fund, shall be based on the regular rate of salary, pay, or compensation instead of on the rate as temporarily reduced under the provisions of this Act.
TEMPORARY REDUCTION OF TRAVEL ALLOWANCES

SEC. 206. During the fiscal year ending June 30, 1933—
(a) all provisions of law which authorize the payment of mileage to officers of the services mentioned in the Pay Adjustment Act of 1922 [U. S. C., title 37] are hereby suspended and in lieu thereof such officers shall be entitled to allowances for travel only as provided for civilian employees of the Government, and the Subsistence Expense Act of 1926, as modified by this Act, and by the Act of February 14, 1931 (Supp. V, U. S. Code, Title 5, sec. 73a), shall apply to such travel: Provided, That all appropriations available for the payment of such mileage during the fiscal year 1933 shall be construed as being available for the payment of the allowances herein provided;
(b) the mileage allowance of Senators, Representatives in Congress, and the Delegate from Hawaii is reduced 25 per centum; the allowance to the Delegate from Alaska provided by section 2 of the Act of May 7, 1906, the allowance to the Resident Commissioners from the Philippine Islands provided by section 8 of the Act of July 1, 1902, and the allowance to the Resident Commissioner from Porto Rico provided by section 36 of the Act of March 2, 1917, are reduced by 25 per centum; and
(c) the traveling allowances provided for in the Act entitled "An Act reclassifying the salaries of postmasters and employees of the Postal Service, readjusting their salaries and compensation on an equitable basis, increasing postal rates to provide for such readjustment, and for other purposes," approved February 28, 1925 [U. S. C., title 39, § 633], shall not exceed $2 per day.

PERMANENT REDUCTION OF TRAVEL ALLOWANCES

SEC. 207. Section 3 of the Subsistence Expense Act of 1926, approved June 3, 1926 (44 Stat. 688, 689), is hereby amended to read as follows:
"Sec. 3. Civilian officers and employees of the departments and establishments, while traveling on official business and away from their designated posts of duty, shall be allowed, in lieu of their actual expenses for subsistence and all fees or tips to porters and stewards, a per diem allowance to be prescribed by the head of the department or establishment concerned, not to exceed the rate of $5 within the limits of continental United States, and not to exceed an average of $6 beyond the limits of continental United States."

SEC. 208. Sections 4, 5 and 6 of the said Subsistence Expense Act of 1926 are hereby repealed, and section 7 thereof is hereby amended by striking out the reference therein to actual expenses so that the section, as amended, will read as follows:
"Sec. 7. The fixing and payment, under section 3, of per diem allowance, or portions thereof, shall be in accordance with regulations which shall be promulgated by the heads of departments and establishments and which shall be standardized as far as practicable and shall not be effective until approved by the President of the United States."

SEC. 209. Hereafter, no law or regulation authorizing or permitting the transportation at Government expense of the effects of officers, employees, or other persons, shall be construed or applied as including or authorizing the transportation of an automobile: Provided, That not more than $5,000 in any fiscal year may be expended for such purposes by the War Department, and not more than $5,000 in any fiscal year by the Navy Department.
Inconsistent laws repealed.

Effective immediately.

Overtime compensation.

Provisions for 1933.

Higher rate for, disallowed.

Differential in pay for regular night work reduced one-half.

Overtime work by substitutes.

Sundays and holidays.

Services paid by private interests.

Limitations on amount of retired pay.

Officer retired from military, etc., services holding civilian office, etc.

Sec. 210. The provisions of all Acts heretofore enacted inconsistent with sections 207, 208, and 209 are, to the extent of such inconsistency, hereby repealed, and such sections shall take effect on July 1, 1932.

OVERTIME COMPENSATION

Sec. 211. (a) During the fiscal year ending June 30, 1933—

(1) no officer or employee of the Government shall be allowed or paid a higher rate of compensation for overtime work (either day or night) or for work on Sundays and holidays;

(2) wherever by or under authority of law compensation for night work (other than overtime) is at a higher rate than for day work, such differential shall be reduced by one-half;

(3) in so far as practicable, overtime work shall be performed by substitutes or unemployed regulars in lieu of persons who have performed a day's work during the day during which the overtime work is to be performed, and work on Sundays and holidays shall be performed by substitutes or unemployed regulars in lieu of persons who have performed a week's work during the same week.

(b) This section shall not apply to compensation for overtime services performed by Federal employees under existing law at the expense of private interests.

LIMITATIONS ON AMOUNT OF RETIRED PAY

Sec. 212. (a) After the date of the enactment of this Act, no person holding a civilian office or position, appointive or elective, under the United States Government or the municipal government of the District of Columbia or under any corporation, the majority of the stock of which is owned by the United States, shall be entitled, during the period of such incumbency, to retired pay from the United States for or on account of services as a commissioned officer in any of the services mentioned in the Pay Adjustment Act of 1922 [U. S. C., title 37], at a rate in excess of an amount which when combined with the annual rate of compensation from such civilian office or position, makes the total rate from both sources more than $3,000; and when the retired pay amounts to or exceeds the rate of $3,000 per annum such person shall be entitled to the pay of the civilian office or position or the retired pay, whichever he may elect. As used in this section, the term "retired pay" shall be construed to include credits for all service that lawfully may enter into the computation thereof.

(b) This section shall not apply to any person whose retired pay plus civilian pay amounts to less than $3,000: Provided, That this section shall not apply to regular or emergency commissioned officers retired for disability incurred in combat with an enemy of the United States.

PERSONNEL REDUCTIONS—MARRIED PERSONS

Sec. 213. In any reduction of personnel in any branch or service of the United States Government or the District of Columbia, married persons (living with husband or wife) employed in the class to be reduced, shall be dismissed before any other persons employed in such class are dismissed, if such husband or wife is also in the service of the United States or the District of Columbia. In the appointment of persons to the classified civil service, preference shall be given to persons other than married persons living with husband or wife, such husband or wife being in the service of the United States or the District of Columbia.
TEMPORARY ASSIGNMENTS IN POSTAL SERVICE

Sec. 214. During the fiscal year ending June 30, 1933, the Postmaster General may, when the interest of the service requires, temporarily assign any clerk to the duties of carrier or any carrier to the duties of clerk, and in an emergency may assign any Post Office employee to the duties of a railway postal clerk, or any railway postal clerk to the duties of a Post Office employee without change of pay roll status.

ANNUAL LEAVE WITH PAY REDUCED TO FIFTEEN DAYS

Sec. 215. Hereafter no civilian officer or employee of the Government who receives annual leave with pay shall be granted annual leave of absence with pay in excess of fifteen days in any one year, excluding Sundays and legal holidays: Provided, That the part unused in any year may be cumulative for any succeeding year: Provided further, That nothing herein shall apply to civilian officers and employees of the Panama Canal located on the Isthmus and who are American citizens or to officers and employees of the Foreign Services of the United States holding official station outside the continental United States: Provided further, That nothing herein shall be construed as affecting the period during which pay may be allowed under existing laws for so-called sick leave of absence: Provided further, That the so-called sick leave of absence, within the limits now authorized by law, shall be administered under such regulations as the President may prescribe so as to obtain, so far as practicable, uniformity in the various executive departments and independent establishments of the Government.

FURLOUGH OF GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES DURING FISCAL YEAR 1933

Sec. 216. In order to keep within the appropriations made for the fiscal year 1933, the heads of the various executive departments and independent establishments of the United States Government and the municipal government of the District of Columbia are hereby authorized and directed to furlough, without pay, such employees carried on their respective rolls, such time as in their judgment is necessary to carry out said purpose without discharging such employees, the higher salaried to be furloughed first whenever possible without injury to the service: Provided, That rules and regulations shall be promulgated by the President with a view to securing uniform action by the heads of the various executive departments and independent Government establishments in the application of the provisions of this section.

TITLE III—MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

PHILIPPINE SCOUTS

Sec. 301. The President is authorized at any time to disband the Philippine Scouts or to reduce the personnel thereof.

LIMITATIONS ON EXPENDITURES FOR PRINTING AND BINDING, PAPER, AND STATIONERY

Sec. 302. During the fiscal year ending June 30, 1933, not more than $8,000,000 shall be obligated for printing and binding for the use of the United States and the District of Columbia done at the
Including contract work, field service, etc.

Legislative allotment.

Executive departments, etc.

Distribution among departments, etc.

Authorized publications not to be discontinued.

Exceptions.

Paper.

Amount available for executive departments, etc.

Engraving and Printing Bureau not included.

Stationery for Congress.

Cash allowance.

West Potomac Park heating plant.

No further obligations for construction of heating plant.

Shipping Board.

Number of commissioners reduced to three.

Geographical selection.

Political affiliations.

Tenure of office.

Government Printing Office, including printing and binding done elsewhere under contract by the Public Printer, or obtained in the field under authority of the Joint Committee on Printing for the exclusive use of a field service; of the foregoing amount $2,500,000 shall be for printing and binding for the use of the legislative branch of the Government. The amount available hereunder for the executive departments and independent establishments, the judiciary, and the government of the District of Columbia shall be distributed by the Director of the Bureau of the Budget among the several departments and establishments, the judiciary, and the government of the District of Columbia as, in his judgment, the needs of the service may require. Nothing in this section shall be construed to authorize the discontinuance of any report or publication specifically required by law. This section shall not apply to printing and binding for the use of the Patent Office or to the manufacture of postal cards and money orders for the Post Office Department.

Sec. 303. During the fiscal year ending June 30, 1933, not more than $400,000 shall be expended for paper furnished by the Government Printing Office for the use of the several executive departments and independent establishments and the government of the District of Columbia. The amount available hereunder for the executive departments and independent establishments and the government of the District of Columbia shall be distributed by the Director of the Bureau of the Budget among the several executive departments and independent establishments, and the government of the District of Columbia, as, in his judgment, the needs of the service may require. This section shall not apply to expenditures for paper used in the course of manufacture by the Bureau of Engraving and Printing.

Sec. 304. During the fiscal year ending June 30, 1933, (1) not more than $16,000 shall be available for expenditure for stationery for Senators and the President of the Senate, and for committees and officers of the Senate, (2) not more than $44,000 shall be available for expenditure for stationery for Representatives, Delegates, and Resident Commissioners, and for the committees and officers of the House of Representatives, and (3) each Senator, Representative, Delegate, and Resident Commissioner shall be allowed $90 for stationery allowance or commutation therefor, to be paid out of the sums provided in (1) or (2), as the case may be.

WEST POTOMAC PARK HEATING PLANT

Sec. 305. Until otherwise provided by law no further obligations shall be incurred under the appropriation of $750,000 for the construction of a heating plant in West Potomac Park, contained in the Second Deficiency Act, fiscal year 1931.

REORGANIZATION OF SHIPPING BOARD

Sec. 306. (a) The United States Shipping Board shall be composed of three commissioners to be hereafter appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. One of such commissioners shall be appointed from the States touching the Pacific Ocean, one from the States touching the Atlantic Ocean, or a navigable river directly tributary thereto, and one from the States touching the Gulf of Mexico, but not more than one shall be appointed from the same State. Not more than two of the commissioners shall be appointed from the same political party.

(b) Terms of office of the first commissioners appointed under this section, shall expire, as designated by the President at the time
of nomination, one at the end of one year, one at the end of two years, and one at the end of three years after the date of the enactment of this Act. The term of office of a successor to any such commissioner shall expire three years from the date of the expiration of the term for which his predecessor was appointed, except that a commissioner appointed to fill a vacancy occurring prior to the expiration of the term for which his predecessor was appointed, shall be appointed for the remainder of such term. The commissioners appointed hereunder shall hold office until their successors are appointed and qualify.

(c) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) the United States Shipping Board as constituted upon the date of the enactment of this Act shall continue to function until the date of reorganization of the commission pursuant to the provisions of such subsection. The board shall be deemed to be reorganized upon such date as the three commissioners appointed as provided in such subsection have taken office, and no such commissioner shall be paid salary, as such commissioner, for any period prior to such date.

(d) This section shall be held to reorganize the United States Shipping Board, and, except as herein modified, all laws relating to such board shall remain in full force and effect, and no regulations, action, investigations, or other proceedings under any such laws existing or pending on the date of the enactment of this Act shall abate or otherwise be affected by reason of the provisions of this section.

(e) Whenever under existing law the concurrence of four or more of the commissioners is required, such requirement of law shall, after the reorganization of the board provided by this section, be held to be complied with by the concurrence of two commissioners.

(f) $200,000 of the unexpended balance of the allotment of $500,000 made available to the United States Shipping Board Merchant Fleet Corporation for experimental and research work, by the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, fiscal year 1930, and continued by subsequent appropriation Acts, shall not be expended, but shall be covered into the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts.

(g) The sums available for expenditure, during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1933, for personal services of employees of the United States Shipping Board Merchant Fleet Corporation assigned to and serving with the United States Shipping Board are reduced by $167,000 from the pay roll of March 31, 1932, and the amounts of reduction applicable to the various bureaus shall be as follows:

1. Bureau of Research, $30,000
2. Bureau of Law, $108,000
3. Bureau of Traffic, $9,000
4. Bureau of Construction, $5,000
5. Bureau of Operations, $20,000

(h) The United States Shipping Board Merchant Fleet Corporation shall, during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1933, transfer from the operating funds and cover into the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts the sum of $1,938,240.

INCREASES IN CERTAIN CHARGES AND FEES

Sec. 307. After the date of the enactment of this Act, the price at which additional copies of Government publications are offered for sale to the public by the Superintendent of Documents shall be based on the cost thereof as determined by the Public Printer plus 50 per centum: Provided, That a discount of not to exceed 25 per centum may be allowed to authorized book dealers and quantity purchasers, but such printing shall not interfere with the prompt execution of work for the Government. The surplus receipts from
Resale by book dealers.

Designation of agents.

Selling prices.


Patent fees.

Base fee increased.
R. S., sec. 4934, p. 364.

Renewals; exception.

New item.

Fee for reviving abandoned application.

Department of Commerce.

Charges for designated services and reports.

Receipts covered in.

Bureau of Mines.


Fees for tests and investigations.

Rules to be prescribed.

Receipts covered in.

Bureau of Standards.


Fees for tests, etc.

Receipts covered in.

such sales shall be deposited in the Treasury of the United States to the credit of miscellaneous receipts. The Superintendent of Documents shall prescribe the terms and conditions under which he may authorize the resale of Government publications by book dealers, and he may designate any Government officer his agent for the sale of Government publications under such regulations as shall be agreed upon by the Superintendent of Documents and the head of the respective department or establishment of the Government. The selling price of publications as provided for herein shall be in lieu of that prescribed in the public resolution approved May 11, 1922 (U. S. C., title 44, secs. 72 and 220), and section 42 of the Act of January 12, 1895 (U. S. C., title 44, sec. 114).

Sec. 308. After the expiration of thirty days after the enactment of this Act (but in no event prior to July 1, 1932), the base fee of $25 provided by section 4934 of the Revised Statutes, as amended [U. S. C., Supp. V, title 35, sec. 78], to be paid upon the filing of each original application and upon each renewal application for patent, except in design cases, and on issuing each original patent, except in design cases, is hereby increased to $30.

Sec. 309. Section 4934 of the Revised Statutes, as amended [U. S. C., Supp. V, title 35, sec. 78], is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

"On filing each petition for the revival of an abandoned application for a patent, $10."

Sec. 310. The Secretary of Commerce shall make such charges as he deems reasonable for special statistical services; special commodity, technical, and regional news bulletins and periodical services; lists of foreign buyers, and World Trade Directory Reports, and the amounts collected therefrom shall be deposited in the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts.

Sec. 311. Section 5 of the Act entitled "An Act to establish in the Department of the Interior a Bureau of Mines", approved May 16, 1910, as amended and supplemented [U. S. C., title 30, sec. 7], is amended to read as follows:

"Sec. 5. For tests or investigations authorized by the Secretary of Commerce under the provisions of this Act, as amended and supplemented, except those performed for the Government of the United States or State governments within the United States, a fee sufficient in each case to compensate the Bureau of Mines for the entire cost of the services rendered shall be charged, according to a schedule prepared by the Director of the Bureau of Mines and approved by the Secretary of Commerce, who shall prescribe rules and regulations under which such tests and investigations may be made. All moneys received from such sources shall be paid into the Treasury to the credit of miscellaneous receipts."

Sec. 312. Section 8 of the Act entitled "An Act to establish the National Bureau of Standards", approved March 3, 1901, as amended and supplemented [U. S. C., title 15, sec. 276], is amended to read as follows:

"Sec. 8. For all comparisons, calibrations, tests, or investigations, performed by the National Bureau of Standards under the provisions of this Act, as amended and supplemented, except those performed for the Government of the United States or State governments within the United States, a fee sufficient in each case to compensate the National Bureau of Standards for the entire cost of the services rendered shall be charged, according to a schedule prepared by the Director of the National Bureau of Standards and approved by the Secretary of Commerce. All moneys received from such sources
shall be paid into the Treasury to the credit of miscellaneous receipts.”

Sec. 313. In the annual report to Congress of each executive department or independent establishment there shall be included a statement of receipts during the period covered by such report, from fees or charges paid to such department or establishment under this Act and all other Acts of Congress.

Sec. 314. Sections 310, 311, and 312 shall take effect July 1, 1932.

Restrictions on Transfer of Army and Navy Personnel

Sec. 315. The President is authorized, during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1933, to restrict the transfer of officers and enlisted men of the military and naval forces from one post or station to another post or station to the greatest extent consistent with the public interest.

Statistics Concerning Hides, Skins, and Leather

Sec. 316. The Act authorizing and directing the Director of the Census to collect and publish statistics concerning hides, skins, and leather, approved June 5, 1920 (U. S. C., title 13, secs. 91, 92, and 93), is hereby repealed.

Transfer of Appropriations

Sec. 317. Not to exceed 12 per centum of any appropriation for an executive department or independent establishment, including the municipal government of the District of Columbia, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1933, may be transferred, with the approval of the Director of the Bureau of the Budget (or, in the case of the War Department and Navy Department, with the approval of the President), to any other appropriation or appropriations under the same department or establishment, but no appropriation shall be increased more than 15 per centum by such transfers: Provided, That a statement of all transfers of appropriations made hereunder shall be included in the annual Budget for the fiscal year 1935, and a statement of all transfers of appropriations made hereunder up to the time of the submission of the annual Budget for the fiscal year 1934, and all contemplated transfers during the remainder of the fiscal year 1933, shall be included in the annual Budget for the fiscal year 1934.

Vocational Education

Sec. 318. (a) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 1 of the Act entitled “An Act to provide for the further development of vocational education in the several States and Territories,” approved February 5, 1929 (U. S. C., Supp. V, title 20, sec. 15a), not more than $1,500,000 is authorized to be appropriated for the purposes of such section for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1933.

(b) For the fiscal year ending June 30, 1933, (1) the annual appropriations (for the purpose of cooperating with the States) provided for by sections 2, 3, and 4 of the Act entitled “An Act to provide for the promotion of vocational education; to provide for cooperation with the States in the promotion of such education in agriculture and the trades and industries; to provide for cooperation with the States in the preparation of teachers of vocational subjects; and to appropriate money and regulate its expenditure,” approved February 23, 1917 (U. S. C., title 20, secs. 12–14, inclusive), shall be $2,700,000 (in the case of section 2), $2,700,000 (in the case of section
Minimum allotments to States.

Hawaii.
Vol. 46, p. 13

Vol. 46, p. 1492

Judgments and overpayments.

Interest rate to be paid.
Post, p. 786.

Inconsistent laws repealed.

Public building construction and rental.

Construction costs to be reduced if no contract made.
Post, p. 788.

Contracts under authorization basis not to be increased, exception.

Leases.
Consideration for.

Receipts covered in.

Restriction on rental rate.

Repairs of rented properties.

Proviso.
Prior leases not affected.

Exceptions.

Rat e of interest on judgments and overpayments

Sec. 319. Hereafter the rate of interest to be allowed or paid shall be 4 per centum per annum whenever interest is allowed by law upon any judgment of whatsoever character against the United States and/or upon any overpayment in respect of any internal-revenue tax. All laws or parts of laws in so far as inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.

Restriction on construction and rental of buildings

Sec. 320. Authorizations heretofore granted by law for the construction of public buildings and public improvements, whether an appropriation therefor has or has not been made, are hereby amended to provide for a reduction of 10 per centum of the limit of cost as fixed in such authorization, as to projects where no contract for the construction has been made. As to such projects where a contract has been made at a cost less than that upon which the authorization was based, such cost shall not, unless authorized by the President, be increased by any changes or additions not essential for the completion of the project as originally planned.

Sec. 321. Hereafter, except as otherwise specifically provided by law, the leasing of buildings and properties of the United States shall be for a money consideration only, and there shall not be included in the lease any provision for the alteration, repair, or improvement of such buildings or properties as a part of the consideration for the rental to be paid for the use and occupation of the same. The moneys derived from such rentals shall be deposited and covered into the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts.

Sec. 322. Hereafter no appropriation shall be obligated or expended for the rent of any building or part of a building to be occupied for Government purposes at a rental in excess of the per annum rate of 15 per centum of the fair market value of the rented premises at date of the lease under which the premises are to be occupied by the Government nor for alterations, improvements, and repairs of the rented premises in excess of 25 per centum of the amount of the rent for the first year of the rental term, or for the rental term if less than one year: Provided, That the provisions of this section shall not apply to leases heretofore made, except when renewals thereof are made hereafter, nor to leases of premises in foreign countries for the foreign services of the United States.
TEMPORARY REDUCTION OF FEES OF JURORS AND WITNESSES

Sec. 323. During the fiscal year 1933—
(a) the per diem fee authorized to be paid to jurors under section 2 of the Act of April 26, 1926 (44 Stat. 323), shall be $3 instead of $4;
(b) the per diem fee authorized to be paid to witnesses under section 3 of the Act of April 26, 1926 (44 Stat. 323), shall be $1.50 instead of $2, and the proviso of said section 3, relative to per diem for expenses of subsistence, shall be suspended.

TITLE IV—REORGANIZATION OF EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENTS

DECLARATION OF POLICY

Sec. 401. In order to further reduce expenditures and increase efficiency in government it is declared to be the policy of Congress—
(a) To group, coordinate, and consolidate executive and administrative agencies of the Government, as nearly as may be, according to major purpose;
(b) To reduce the number of such agencies by consolidating those having similar functions under a single head;
(c) To eliminate overlapping and duplication of effort; and
(d) To segregate regulatory agencies and functions from those of an administrative and executive character.

DEFINITIONS

Sec. 402. When used in this title—
(1) The term "executive agency" means any commission, board, bureau, division, service, or office in the executive branch of the Government, but does not include the executive departments mentioned in title 5, section 1, United States Code.
(2) The term "independent executive agency" means any executive agency not under the jurisdiction or control of any executive department.

POWER OF PRESIDENT

Sec. 403. For the purpose of carrying out the policy of Congress as declared in section 401 of this title, the President is authorized by Executive order—
(1) To transfer the whole or any part of any independent executive agency, and/or the functions thereof, to the jurisdiction and control of an executive department or another independent executive agency;
(2) To transfer the whole or any part of any executive agency, and/or the functions thereof, from the jurisdiction and control of one executive department to the jurisdiction and control of another executive department; or
(3) To consolidate or redistribute the functions vested in any executive department or in the executive agencies included in any executive department; and
(4) To designate and fix the name and functions of any consolidated activity or executive agency and the title, powers and duties of its executive head.

Sec. 404. The President's order directing any transfer or consolidation under the provisions of this title shall also designate the records, property (including office equipment), personnel, and unexpended balances of appropriations to be transferred.
SAVING PROVISIONS

SEC. 405. (a) All orders, rules, regulations, permits, or other privileges made, issued, or granted by or in respect of any executive agency or function transferred or consolidated with any other executive agency or function under the provisions of this title, and in effect at the time of the transfer or consolidation, shall continue in effect to the same extent as if such transfer or consolidation had not occurred, until modified, superseded, or repealed.

(b) No suit, action, or other proceeding lawfully commenced by or against the head of any department or executive agency or other officer of the United States, in his official capacity or in relation to the discharge of his official duties, shall abate by reason of any transfer of authority, powers, and duties from one officer or executive agency of the Government to another under the provisions of this title, but the court, on motion or supplemental petition filed at any time within twelve months after such transfer takes effect, showing a necessity for a survival of such suit, action, or other proceeding to obtain a settlement of the questions involved, may allow the same to be maintained by or against the head of the department or executive agency or other officer of the United States to whom the authority, powers, and duties are transferred.

(c) All laws relating to any executive agency or function transferred or consolidated with any other executive agency or function under the provisions of this title, shall, in so far as such laws are not inapplicable, remain in full force and effect, and shall be administered by the head of the executive agency to which the transfer is made or with which the consolidation is effected.

STATUTORY AGENCIES

SEC. 406. Whenever, in carrying out the provisions of this title, the President concludes that any executive department or agency created by statute should be abolished and the functions thereof transferred to another executive department or agency or eliminated entirely the authority granted in this title shall not apply, and he shall report his conclusions to Congress, with such recommendations as he may deem proper.

DISAPPROVAL OF EXECUTIVE ORDER

SEC. 407. Whenever the President makes an Executive order under the provisions of this title, such Executive order shall be transmitted to the Congress while in session and shall not become effective until after the expiration of sixty calendar days after such transmission, unless Congress shall sooner approve of such Executive order or orders by concurrent resolution, in which case said order or orders shall become effective as of the date of the adoption of the resolution: Provided, That if Congress shall adjourn before the expiration of sixty calendar days from the date of such transmission such Executive order shall not become effective until after the expiration of sixty calendar days from the opening day of the next succeeding regular or special session: Provided further, That if either branch of Congress within such sixty calendar days shall pass a resolution disapproving of such Executive order, or any part thereof, such Executive order shall become null and void to the extent of such disapproval: Provided further, That in order to expedite the merging of certain activities, the President is authorized and requested to proceed, without the application of this section, with setting up consolidations of the following governmental activities: Public
Health (except that the provisions hereof shall not apply to hospitals now under the jurisdiction of the Veterans' Administration), Personnel Administration, Education (except the Board of Vocational Education shall not be abolished), and Mexican Water and Boundary Commission, and to merge such activities, except those of a purely military nature, of the War and Navy Departments as, in his judgment, may be common to both and where the consolidation thereof in either one of the departments will effect economies in Federal expenditures, except that this section shall not apply to the United States Employees' Compensation Commission.

REPORT TO CONGRESS

SEC. 408. The President shall report specially to Congress at the beginning of each regular session any action taken under the provisions of this title, with the reasons therefor.

TITLE V—PARTICULAR CONSOLIDATIONS EFFECTED

BUREAU OF NAVIGATION AND STEAMBOAT INSPECTION

SEC. 501. The Secretary of Commerce is authorized and directed to consolidate and coordinate the Steamboat Inspection Service and the Bureau of Navigation of the Department of Commerce in a bureau in such department to be known as the Bureau of Navigation and Steamboat Inspection, to be under the direction of a chief of bureau who shall be appointed by the Secretary of Commerce.

SEC. 502. (a) The Secretary of Commerce is authorized and directed to transfer to the Bureau of Navigation and Steamboat Inspection the records and property, including office equipment, of the Bureau of Navigation and the Steamboat Inspection Service.

(b) The Secretary of Commerce is authorized and directed to transfer to such bureau such officers and employees of the Bureau of Navigation and the Steamboat Inspection Service as in his judgment are indispensable to the efficient operation of such bureau. Such transfer of officers and employees shall be without changes in classification or compensation, but the Secretary may make such changes in the titles, designations, and duties of the officers and employees transferred as he may deem necessary to carry out the purposes of sections 501 to 504, inclusive, of this title. The Secretary is authorized to dismiss such officers and employees of the Steamboat Inspection Service and the Bureau of Navigation as are not, in his judgment, indispensable to the efficient operation of the Bureau of Navigation and Steamboat Inspection.

(c) The consolidation and coordination herein provided for shall be effected not later than October 1, 1932, and when the Secretary of Commerce declares such consolidation and coordination has been effected, the duties, powers, and functions vested in the Steamboat Inspection Service and the Bureau of Navigation shall be exercised by the Bureau of Navigation and Steamboat Inspection, and the Steamboat Inspection Service and the Bureau of Navigation shall cease to exist.

SEC. 503. All proceedings, hearings, or investigations commenced or pending before the bureau and the service abolished shall be continued by the Bureau of Navigation and Steamboat Inspection. All orders, rules, regulations, permits, licenses, enrollments, registrations, and privileges which have been issued or granted by the bureau and the service abolished and which are in effect shall continue in effect until modified, superseded, revoked, or repealed. All rights, interests, or remedies accruing or to accrue out of any provision of law or
regulation relating to, or out of action taken by, the bureau and the service abolished shall be valid in all respects and may be exercised and enforced.

Sec. 504. Appropriations and unexpended balances of appropriations available for expenditure by the bureau and the service abolished shall be available for expenditure by the Bureau of Navigation and Steamboat Inspection in the same manner as if such bureau had been named in the laws providing for such appropriations, except that such parts of such appropriations and such unexpended balances as may not be absolutely necessary for the purposes of such bureau shall not be expended but shall be impounded and returned to the Treasury.

TRANSFER OF PERSONNEL CLASSIFICATION BOARD TO CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION

Sec. 505. The duties, powers, and functions of the Personnel Classification Board are hereby transferred to the Civil Service Commission; and

(a) the Personnel Classification Board, and the position of director of classification abolished;

(b) all records and property, including office furniture and equipment, of the Board, are hereby transferred to the Civil Service Commission; and

(c) such of the officers and employees of the Board, as in the judgment of the Civil Service Commission, are indispensable to the efficient operation of the commission, are hereby transferred to such commission, and all other officers and employees of such Board shall be dismissed.

Sec. 506. Any transfer of officers or employees under section 505 shall be without changes in classification or compensation, but the Civil Service Commission is authorized to make such changes in the titles, designations, and duties of such officers and employees as may be deemed necessary to carry out the provisions of sections 505 to 508, inclusive, of this title.

Sec. 507. (a) All orders, determinations, rules, or regulations made or issued by the Personnel Classification Board, and in effect at the time of such transfer, shall continue in effect to the same extent as if such transfer had not been made, until modified, superseded, or repealed by the Civil Service Commission.

(b) All provisions of law relating to the Personnel Classification Board and the director of classification shall continue in force with respect to the Civil Service Commission, in so far as such provisions of law are not inconsistent with the provisions of section 505 or 506.

Sec. 508. Such parts of appropriations and unexpended balances of appropriations available for expenditure by the Personnel Classification Board as the Civil Service Commission deems necessary shall be available for expenditure by the Civil Service Commission in the same manner as if such commission had been named in the laws providing for such appropriations, and the remainder of such appropriations and such unexpended balances shall not be expended but shall be impounded and returned to the Treasury.

Sec. 509. The provisions of sections 505, 506, 507, and 508 shall become effective October 1, 1932.
SEC. 510. The International Water Commission, United States and Mexico, American Section, is hereby abolished. The powers, duties, and functions of such section of such commission shall be exercised by the International Boundary Commission, United States and Mexico, American Section. This section shall take effect July 1, 1932.

TRANSFER OF RADIO DIVISION OF THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE TO THE FEDERAL RADIO COMMISSION

SEC. 511. The President is authorized, by Executive order, to transfer the duties, powers, and functions of the Radio Division of the Department of Commerce to the Federal Radio Commission, and upon the issuance of such order—

(a) the Radio Division shall be abolished;
(b) all records and property, including office furniture and equipment, of the division, shall be transferred to the Federal Radio Commission; and
(c) such of the officers and employees of the division, as, in the judgment of the President, are indispensable to the efficient operation of the Federal Radio Commission, shall be transferred to such commission and all officers and employees of the division and commission not indispensable to the service shall be dismissed.

SEC. 512. Any transfer of officers or employees under section 511 shall be without changes in classification or compensation, but the President is authorized to make such changes in the titles, designations, and duties of such officers and employees as he may deem necessary to carry out the provisions of sections 511 to 514, inclusive, of this title.

SEC. 513. (a) All orders, determinations, rules, or regulations made or issued by the Department of Commerce in respect of the Radio Division, or by the Radio Division, and in effect at the time of such transfer, shall continue in effect to the same extent as if such transfer had not been made, until modified, superseded, or repealed by the Federal Radio Commission.
(b) All provisions of law relating to the Radio Division shall continue in force with respect to the Federal Radio Commission, in so far as such provisions of law are not inconsistent with the provisions of section 511 or 512.

SEC. 514. Such parts of appropriations and unexpended balances of appropriations available for expenditure by the Radio Division as the President deems necessary shall be available for expenditure by the Federal Radio Commission in the same manner as if such commission had been named in the laws providing for such appropriations, and the remainder of such appropriations and such unexpended balances shall not be expended but shall be impounded and returned to the Treasury.

TITLE VI—INTERDEPARTMENTAL WORK

SEC. 601. Section 7 of the Act entitled "An Act making appropriations for fortifications and other works of defense, for the armament thereof, and for the procurement of heavy ordnance for trial and service, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1921, and for other purposes", approved May 21, 1920 [U. S. C., title 31, sec. 686], is amended to read as follows:

"Sec. 7. (a) Any executive department or independent establishment of the Government, or any bureau or office thereof, if funds
are available therefor and if it is determined by the head of such executive department, establishment, bureau, or office to be in the interest of the Government so to do, may place orders with any other such department, establishment, bureau, or office for materials, supplies, equipment, work, or services, of any kind that such requisitioned Federal agency may be in a position to supply or equipped to render, and shall pay promptly by check to such Federal agency as may be requisitioned, upon its written request, either in advance or upon the furnishing or performance thereof, all or part of the estimated or actual cost thereof as determined by such department, establishment, bureau, or office as may be requisitioned; but proper adjustments on the basis of the actual cost of the materials, supplies, or equipment furnished, or work or services performed, paid for in advance, shall be made as may be agreed upon by the departments, establishments, bureaus, or offices concerned: Provided, however, That if such work or services can be as conveniently or more cheaply performed by private agencies such work shall be let by competitive bids to such private agencies. Bills rendered, or requests for advance payments made, pursuant to any such order, shall not be subject to audit or certification in advance of payment.

(b) Amounts paid as provided in subsection (a) shall be credited, (1) in the case of advance payments, to special working funds, or (2) in the case of payments other than advance payments, to the appropriations or funds against which charges have been made pursuant to any such order, except as hereinafter provided. The Secretary of the Treasury shall establish such special working funds as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this subsection. Such amounts paid shall be available for expenditure in furnishing the materials, supplies, or equipment, or in performing the work or services, or for the objects specified in such appropriations or funds. Where materials, supplies, or equipment are furnished from stocks on hand, the amounts received in payment therefor shall be credited to appropriations or funds, as may be authorized by other law, or, if not so authorized, so as to be available to replace the materials, supplies, or equipment, except that where the head of any such department, establishment, bureau, or office determines that such replacement is not necessary the amounts paid shall be covered into the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts.

(c) Orders placed as provided in subsection (a) shall be considered as obligations upon appropriations in the same manner as orders or contracts placed with private contractors. Advance payments credited to a special working fund shall remain available until expended.”

Sec. 602. (a) Notwithstanding the provisions of this title, such section 7, as in force prior to the date of the enactment of this Act, shall remain in force with respect to the disposition of funds transferred thereunder prior to such date.

(b) Nothing in this title shall be construed to authorize any Government department or independent establishment, or any bureau or office thereof, to place any orders for material, supplies, equipment, work, or services to be furnished or performed by convict labor, except as otherwise provided by existing law.

(c) The provisions of this title are in addition to and not in substitution for the provisions of any other law relating to working funds.
TITLE VII—PROVISIONS APPLICABLE TO VETERANS

SEC. 701. There is hereby created a joint congressional committee which shall be composed of five Members of the Senate, to be appointed by the President of the Senate, and five Members of the House of Representatives, to be appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives. Such committee shall conduct a thorough investigation of the operation of the laws and regulations relating to the relief of veterans of all wars and persons receiving benefits on account of service of such veterans and report a national policy with respect to such veterans and their dependents, and shall also report and recommend such economies as will lessen the cost to the United States Government of the Veterans' Administration. The committee shall report to the Senate and the House of Representatives not later than the 1st of January, 1933, the results of its investigation, together with such recommendations for legislation as it deems advisable.

The committee is authorized to sit and act, whether or not the Senate or House of Representatives is in session, at such times and places as it may deem advisable, and to call upon various departments of the Government for such information and for such clerical assistance as may be necessary, using the services of employees on the Government pay roll, and also to call upon and use the clerks of the Committee on World War Veterans' Legislation, the Committee on Pensions, and the Committee on Invalid Pensions, of the House of Representatives; and the clerk of the Committee on Pensions of the Senate.

TITLE VIII—SPECIAL PROVISIONS

SEPARABILITY CLAUSE

SEC. 801. If any provision of this Act, or the application thereof to any person or circumstances, is held invalid, the remainder of the Act, and the application of such provision to other persons or circumstances, shall not be affected thereby.

SUSPENSIONS AND REPEALS

SEC. 802. All Acts and parts of Acts inconsistent or in conflict with those provisions of this Act which are of temporary duration are hereby suspended during the period in which such provisions of this Act are in effect. All Acts or parts of Acts inconsistent or in conflict with those provisions of this Act which are of permanent nature are hereby repealed to the extent of such inconsistency or conflict.

PROVISIONS OF PART 2 APPLICABLE TO APPROPRIATION ACTS FOR FISCAL YEAR 1933

SEC. 803. The provisions of Part 2 herein are hereby made applicable to the appropriations available for the fiscal year 1933, whether contained in this Act or in Acts prior or subsequent to the date of the approval of this Act.

Approved, June 30, 1932.