under the land laws of the United States, whether surveyed or unsurveyed, but shall be reserved for school purposes only."

SEC. 2. Anything in the said Act approved July 10, 1890, inconsistent with the provisions of this Act is hereby repealed.

Approved, February 15, 1934.

[CHAPTER 13.]

AN ACT

Making an additional appropriation to carry out the purposes of the Federal Emergency Relief Act of 1933, for continuation of the Civil-Works program, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That in order to provide additional funds for carrying out the purposes of the Federal Emergency Relief Act of 1933, approved May 12, 1933 (48 Stat. 55), and for continuing the Civil-Works program under the Federal Civil Works Administration as created under authority of title II of the National Industrial Recovery Act, approved June 16, 1933 (48 Stat. 200), there is hereby appropriated for these activities, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to remain available until June 30, 1935, the sum of $950,000,000, which shall be available for expenditure for such projects and/or purposes and under such rules and regulations as the President in his discretion may prescribe: Provided, That nothing contained in the Federal Emergency Relief Act of 1933 shall be construed as precluding the Federal Emergency Relief Administrator from making grants for relief within a State directly to such public agency as he may designate: Provided further, That the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to provide compensation for employees of the United States suffering injuries while in the performance of their duties, and for other purposes", approved September 7, 1916 (U.S.C., title 5, sec. 785), as amended, are hereby extended, so far as they may be applicable, to employees of the Federal Civil Works Administration only for disability or death resulting from traumatic injury while in the performance of duty, subject, however, to the following conditions and limitations: (a) that the total aggregate compensation in any individual case shall not exceed the sum of $3,500, and that the monthly compensation shall not in any event exceed the rate of $25, both exclusive of medical costs; (b) that the minimum limit on monthly compensation for disability, established by section 6, and the minimum limit on the monthly pay on which death compensation is to be computed, established by clause (K) of section 10, shall not apply; (c) that the United States Employees' Compensation Commission, with the approval of the President, shall establish a special schedule of compensation for death and/or for the loss of use of members or functions of the body, which compensation shall be in lieu of all other compensation in such cases; (d) that the rights of any person employed by the Federal Civil Works Administration to compensation or other benefits which may have accrued prior to and including the date of approval of this Act under the provisions of the Act of September 7, 1916, as amended (U.S.C., title 5, chap. 15), and/or the rules and regulations of the Federal Civil Works Administration shall terminate upon the date of the approval of this Act; and thereafter compensation and other benefits to any such person for death or disability arising before or after the date of the approval of this Act shall be paid in accordance with the provisions hereof; (e) that the said Commission is hereby authorized in its
Payments through local administrators.

Approval required of claims for legal, etc., services; penalty for violation.

Provided.

Traumatic injury defined.

Special fund for administrative expenses created.

Annual appropriation authorized.

Allocation restrictions.

Completing projects permitted.

Maintenance of designated agencies, etc.

Purchases without advertising.

R.S., sec. 3709, p. 733;

Public works emergency construction fund.

Extending date for obligations under, to September 1, 1934.
Vol. 47, p. 716, amended.

discretion to provide for the initial payments of compensation and the furnishing of immediate medical attention as herein provided through the local representatives of the Federal Civil Works Administration; (f) that no claim for legal services or for any other services rendered in respect of a claim or award for compensation, to or on account of any person, shall be valid unless approved by the Commission; and any person who receives any fee, other consideration, or any gratuity on account of services so rendered, unless such consideration or gratuity is approved by the Commission, or, who makes it a business to solicit employment for a lawyer or for himself in respect of any claim or award for compensation, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof, shall, for each offense, be punished by a fine of not more than $1,000 or by imprisonment not to exceed one year, or by both such fine and imprisonment: Provided further, That traumatic injury shall mean only injury by accident causing damage or harm to the physical structure of the body and shall not include a disease in any form except as it shall naturally result from the injury: And Provided further, That so much of the sum appropriated by this Act as the United States Employees' Compensation Commission, with the approval of the Director of the Budget, estimates and certifies to the Secretary of the Treasury will be necessary for administrative expenses and for the payment of such compensation shall be set aside in a special fund to be administered by the Commission for such purposes; and after June 30, 1935, such special fund shall be available for these purposes annually in such amounts as may be specified therefor in the annual appropriation acts: Provided further, That no part of the appropriation herein made shall be allotted for expenditure for any Civil Works project under any other department or establishment of the Federal Government except for the completion of projects for the improvement of Federal lands or public property in progress and uncompleted on the date of the approval of this Act, and except such sums as may be necessary for maintenance and operation of reemployment agencies, and medical, surgical, and hospital services, and for administration, supervision, inspection, disbursing, and accounting purposes, and printing and binding, in connection with State and/or local Civil Works projects: Provided further, That section 3709 of the Revised Statutes (U.S.C., title 41, sec. 5) shall not be construed to apply to any purchase or service rendered for the Federal Civil Works Administration when the aggregate amount involved does not exceed the sum of $300.

Sec. 2. That paragraph (1) of subsection (a) of section 301 of title III of Public Law Numbered 302, Seventy-second Congress, approved July 21, 1932—the Emergency Relief and Construction Act of 1932—is amended by striking out the date “July 1, 1933” where it appears in said paragraph and inserting in lieu thereof the date “September 1, 1934.”

Approved, February 15, 1934.

[CHAPTER 14.]

AN ACT

To amend the Act of March 4, 1933, relating to the regulation of banking in the District of Columbia.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress Assembled, That subsection (a) of section 4 of the Act entitled “An Act to further regulate banking, banks, trust companies, and building and loan associations