

purloin, knowing the same to have been so stolen or taken, shall be punished by a fine of not more than \$10,000 or by imprisonment for not more than ten years, or both.

Punishment for.

SEC. 4. Whoever shall receive, conceal, store, barter, sell, or dispose of any goods, wares, or merchandise, securities, or money, of the value of \$5,000 or more, or whoever shall pledge or accept as security for a loan any goods, wares, or merchandise, or securities of the value of \$500 or more which, while moving in or constituting a part of interstate or foreign commerce, has been stolen or taken feloniously by fraud or with intent to steal or purloin, knowing the same to have been stolen or taken, shall be punished by a fine of not more than \$10,000 or by imprisonment of not more than ten years, or both.

Receiving such property.

Accepting as security for loan.

Punishment for.

SEC. 5. In the event that a defendant is charged in the same indictment with two or more violations of this Act, then the aggregate value of all goods, wares, and merchandise, securities, and money referred to in such indictment shall constitute the value thereof for the purposes of sections 3 and 4 hereof.

Two or more violations in same indictment.

SEC. 6. Any person violating this Act may be punished in any district into or through which such goods, wares, or merchandise, or such securities or money, have been transported or removed.

Venue of prosecutions.

SEC. 7. Nothing herein shall be construed to repeal, modify, or amend any part of the Act of October 29, 1919 (ch. 89), cited as the "National Motor Vehicle Theft Act."

National Motor Vehicle Theft Act not affected.
Vol. 41, p. 324;
U.S.C., p. 495.

Approved, May 22, 1934.

[CHAPTER 337.]

AN ACT

To provide for the exchange of Indian and privately owned lands, Fort Mojave Indian Reservation, Arizona.

May 23, 1934.
[S. 1807.]
[Public, No. 247.]

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Interior is hereby authorized to accept, in his discretion, under rules and regulations to be prescribed by him, conveyances to the Government of privately owned lands contiguous to the even-numbered sections added to the Fort Mojave Indian Reservation, Arizona, by Executive order of February 2, 1911, and to permit lieu selections of lands approximately equal in value from the even-numbered sections by those surrendering their holdings, so that the lands retained and acquired through exchange for Indian use may be consolidated and held in a solid area so far as may be possible: *Provided*, That upon conveyance of any privately owned lands to the Government pursuant thereto, the Secretary of the Interior is hereby authorized to issue to the person or persons making the conveyance, patent of appropriate form and legal effect for the lieu lands. The areas consolidated in the Government pursuant to this Act are hereby declared to be held for the benefit of the Indians of the Fort Mojave Reservation: *Provided further*, That the title or claim of any person or persons who refuse to convey to the Government shall not be affected by this Act.*

Fort Mojave Indian Reservation, Ariz.
Exchange of Indian and privately owned lands permitted.

Executive Order 1296.

Previous.
Patent to issue on conveying privately owned lands.

Consolidations for benefit of Indians.

Title.

Approved, May 23, 1934.