[CHAPTER 523.]

JOINT RESOLUTION

To harmonize the treaties and statutes of the United States with reference to American Samoa.

Whereas the convention relating to the Samoan Islands, signed by the United States, Great Britain, and Germany on December 2, 1899, was proclaimed by the President of the United States on February 16, 1900, and continues to be in force; and

Whereas article 3 of the said convention is word for word as follows: "It is understood and agreed that each of the three signatory powers shall continue to enjoy, in respect to their commerce and commercial vessels, in all the islands of the Samoan group privileges and conditions equal to those enjoyed by the sovereign power, in all ports which may be open to the commerce of either of them."

Therefore be it

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the provisions of law conferring shipping of the United States restricting to vessels of the United States the transportation of passengers and merchandise directly or indirectly from any port of the United States to another port of the United States shall not be applicable to commerce between the islands of American Samoa or between those islands and other ports under the jurisdiction of the United States.

Approved, June 14, 1934.

[CHAPTER 536.]

AN ACT


Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Commissioners of the District of Columbia be, and they are hereby, vested with authority to make harbor regulations for the entire waterfront of the city within the District of Columbia, to alter and amend the same from time to time as they may find necessary: Provided, That whenever these regulations affect navigable waters, channels, and anchorage areas or other interests of the United States, such regulations shall be subject to the approval of the Secretary of War: And provided further, That whenever said regulations affect the waterfront within the District of Columbia under the jurisdiction of the Director of National Parks, Buildings, and Reservations, or affect the interests and rights of the National Capital Park and Planning Commission, such regulations shall be subject to prior approval of the respective agencies.

Approved, June 15, 1934.

[CHAPTER 537.]

AN ACT

To authorize the acknowledgment of oaths by post-office inspectors and by chief clerks of the Railway Mail Service.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That post-office inspectors are empowered and authorized with like force and effect as officers having a seal to administer oaths required or authorized by law or regulation promulgated thereunder in respect of any matter coming before them in the performance of their official duties and

\[1\] So in original.
likewise oaths to accounts for travel or other expenses against the United States, but no compensation or fee shall be demanded or accepted for administering any such oaths. Chief clerks and assistant chief clerks in the Railway Mail Service are required, empowered, and authorized, when requested, to administer oaths to employees on appointment or promotion and to accounts for travel or other expenses against the United States with like force and effect as officers having a seal: Provided, That for such service no charge shall be made and no fee or money paid for such service shall be paid or reimbursed by the United States.

Approved, June 15, 1934.

[CHAPTER 538.]

AN ACT

To establish a minimum area for the Great Smoky Mountains National Park, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That an area of four hundred thousand acres within the minimum boundaries of the Great Smoky Mountains National Park, acquired one half by the peoples and States of North Carolina and Tennessee, and the United States, and one half by the Laura Spelman Rockefeller Memorial in memory of Laura Spelman Rockefeller, be, and the same is hereby, established as a completed park for administration, protection, and development by the United States, and so much of the Act of May 22, 1926 (44 Stat. 616), as is inconsistent herewith is hereby repealed.

Sec. 2. That all lands purchased from funds heretofore allocated and made available by Executive order, or otherwise, or which hereafter may be allocated and made available for the acquisition of lands for conservation or forestation purposes within the maximum boundaries of the Great Smoky Mountain National Park as authorized by the Act of May 22, 1926, be, and the same are hereby, made a part of the said park as fully as if originally acquired for that purpose.

Approved, June 15, 1934.

[CHAPTER 539.]

AN ACT

To amend the law relating to timber operations on the Menominee Indian Reservation in Wisconsin.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 4 of the Act approved March 28, 1908 (35 Stat.L. 51), entitled "An Act to authorize the cutting of timber, the manufacture and sale of lumber, and the preservation of the forests on the Menominee Indian Reservation in the State of Wisconsin ", be, and is hereby, amended by adding at the end thereof the following: "The Secretary of the Interior shall at the end of each fiscal year ascertain and fix the fair market stumpage value of the fully matured and ripened green timber cut on said reservation during the fiscal year and shall during the succeeding fiscal year pay said amount in equal shares to each member of the Menominee Tribe of Indians, living and on the tribal rolls, on the last day of said fiscal year: Provided, That said amount so distributed during any fiscal year shall not exceed the amount actually earned from timber operations on said reservation during