

Upon conveyance to the United States by the State of Florida of a sufficient title to the lands to be acquired for the use of the Seminole Indians, the Secretary of the Interior is authorized to issue a patent in fee or to make other proper conveyance to the State of Florida covering the lands granted in exchange.

Approved, June 14, 1935.

[CHAPTER 239.]

AN ACT

To authorize an appropriation to carry out the provisions of the Act of May 3, 1928 (45 Stat. L. 484).

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That an appropriation is hereby authorized in the sum of \$79,002.19 to pay various Sioux Indians enrolled at the different agencies the amounts which have been awarded to them by the Secretary of the Interior under the Act of May 3, 1928 (45 Stat. L. 484), on account of allotments of land to which they were entitled but did not receive: *Provided,* That the Secretary of the Interior is authorized and directed to determine what attorney or attorneys have rendered services of value in behalf of said Indians and to pay such attorney or attorneys on such findings when appropriation is available the reasonable value of such services, not to exceed 10 per centum of the recovery on each individual claim, which payment shall be in full settlement for all services rendered by such attorney or attorneys to said claimants in said claims.

Approved, June 14, 1935.

[CHAPTER 240.]

AN ACT

To protect American and Philippine labor and to preserve an essential industry, and for other purposes.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That, effective May 1, 1935, and for three years thereafter, the total amount of all yarns, twines, cords, cordage, rope, and cable, tarred or untarred, wholly or in chief value of Manila (abaca) or other hard fiber, produced or manufactured in the Philippine Islands, coming into the United States from the Philippine Islands, shall not exceed six million pounds during each successive twelve months period, which six million pounds shall enter the United States duty free.

The amount or quantity of such articles which may be so exported to the United States shall be allocated, under export permits issued by the Government of the Philippine Islands, to the producers or manufacturers thereof. This allocation shall be made by the Governor General of the Philippine Islands prior to the inauguration of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, and thereafter by the President of said Commonwealth, unless otherwise provided by the Legislature of the Commonwealth.

SEC. 2. Pending the final and complete withdrawal of American sovereignty over the Philippine Islands, the President of the United States may, by proclamation, at least ninety days prior to the expiration of the three year period provided in section 1 hereof, extend the operation of this Act for an additional period of three years or more, provided such extension is accepted by the President of the Commonwealth of the Philippines.

June 14, 1935.  
[S. 2241.]  
[Public, No. 136.]

Sioux Indians.  
Sum authorized for  
payments to.  
Post, p. 1764.

Vol. 45, p. 484; Vol.  
47, p. 818.  
Proviso.  
Attorney's fees.

Limitation.

June 14, 1935.  
[S. 2530.]  
[Public, No. 137.]

Importation of Phil-  
ippine cordage, etc.  
Limitation on  
amount, entering duty  
free, for ensuing three  
years.

Export permits.  
Amount exported to  
be allocated under.

Supervision.

Extension of opera-  
tion of act by procla-  
mation.

SEC. 3. On and after the expiration of the operation of this Act the articles described in section 1 coming into the United States from the Philippines shall be subject to the provisions of section 6 of the Act of Congress approved March 24, 1934, entitled "An Act to provide for the complete independence of the Philippine Islands, to provide for the adoption of a constitution and a form of government for the Philippine Islands, and for other purposes."

Provisions of Independence Act, applicability.

Vol. 48, p. 459.

SEC. 4. Except as provided herein, nothing in this Act shall be construed to modify or repeal the provisions of any existing law.

Existing law not affected.

SEC. 5. The Secretary of the Treasury shall promulgate such rules and regulations as may be necessary to enforce the provisions hereof; and this Act shall be enforced as part of the customs law.

Rules and regulations.

Approved, June 14, 1935.

[CHAPTER 241.]

AN ACT

Making appropriations for the government of the District of Columbia and other activities chargeable in whole or in part against the revenues of such District for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1936, and for other purposes.

June 14, 1935.  
[H. R. 3973.]  
[Public, No. 133.]

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That in order to defray the expenses of the District of Columbia for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1936, any revenue (not including the proportionate share of the United States in any revenue arising as the result of the expenditure of appropriations made for the fiscal year 1924 and prior fiscal years) now required by law to be credited to the District of Columbia and the United States in the same proportion that each contributed to the activity or source from whence such revenue was derived shall be credited wholly to the District of Columbia, and, in addition, \$5,700,000 is appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to be advanced July 1, 1935, and all of the remainder out of the combined revenues of the District of Columbia, namely:

District of Columbia. Appropriations for expenses of fiscal year 1936, from District revenues and \$5,700,000 from the Treasury.

GENERAL EXPENSES

General expenses.

EXECUTIVE OFFICE

Executive office.

For personal services, \$47,420, plus so much as may be necessary to compensate the Engineer Commissioner at such rate in grade 8 of the professional and scientific service of the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, as may be determined by the Board of Commissioners: *Provided*, That in expending appropriations or portions of appropriations contained in this Act for the payment of personal services in accordance with the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, with the exception of the two civilian Commissioners the average of the salaries of the total number of persons under any grade in any bureau, office, or other appropriation unit shall not at any time exceed the average of the compensation rates specified for the grade by such Act, as amended, and in grades in which only one position is allocated the salary of such position shall not exceed the average of the compensation rates for the grade, except that in unusually meritorious cases of one position in a grade advances may be made to rates higher than the average of the compensation rates of the grade but not more often than once in any fiscal year and then only to the next higher rate: *Provided*, That this restriction shall not apply (1) to grades 1, 2, 3, and 4 of the clerical-mechanical

Office personnel. Additional, for Engineer Commissioner.

*Proviso.* Salaries limited to average rates under Classification Act; exceptions. Vol. 42, p. 1488; Vol. 45, p. 776; Vol. 46, p. 1003. U. S. C., p. 85.

One position in a grade.

Advances in meritorious cases.

Restriction not applicable to clerical-mechanical service.