[CHAPTER 5.]

AN ACT

February 4, 1935.

To amend the Second Liberty Bond Act, as amended, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Second Liberty Bond Act, as amended, is further amended as follows:

The first paragraph of section 1 is amended to read as follows:

"The Secretary of the Treasury, with the approval of the President, is hereby authorized to borrow, from time to time, on the credit of the United States for the purposes of this Act, to provide for the purchase, redemption, or refunding, at or before maturity, of any outstanding bonds, notes, certificates of indebtedness, or Treasury bills of the United States, and to meet expenditures authorized for the national security and defense and other public purposes authorized by law, such sum or sums as in his judgment may be necessary, and to issue therefor bonds of the United States: Provided, That the face amount of bonds issued under this section and section 22 of this Act shall not exceed in the aggregate $25,000,000,000 outstanding at any one time."

SEC. 2. The first sentence of subsection (a) of section 5 is amended to read as follows: "In addition to the bonds and notes authorized by sections 1, 18, and 22 of this Act, as amended, the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized, subject to the limitation imposed by section 21 of this Act, to borrow from time to time, on the credit of the United States, for the purposes of this Act, to provide for the purchase, redemption, or refunding, at or before maturity, of any outstanding bonds, notes, certificates of indebtedness or Treasury bills of the United States, and to meet public expenditures authorized by law, such sum or sums as in his judgment may be necessary, and to issue therefor (1) certificates of indebtedness of the United States at not less than par (except as provided in section 20 of this Act, as amended) and at such rate or rates of interest, payable at such time or times as he may prescribe; or, (2) Treasury bills on a discount basis and payable at maturity without interest."

SEC. 3. Section 5 is further amended by striking out the final sentence of subsection (a) thereof, reading as follows: "The sum of the par value of such certificates and Treasury bills outstanding hereunder and under section 6 of the First Liberty Bond Act shall not at any one time exceed in the aggregate $10,000,000,000."

SEC. 4. Subsection (a) of section 18 is amended to read as follows: "In addition to the bonds and certificates of indebtedness and war-savings certificates authorized by this Act and amendments thereto, the Secretary of the Treasury, with the approval of the President, is authorized, subject to the limitation imposed by section 21 of this Act, to borrow from time to time on the credit of the United States for the purposes of this Act, to provide for the purchase, redemption, or refunding, at or before maturity, of any outstanding bonds, notes, certificates of indebtedness, or Treasury bills of the United States, and to meet public expenditures authorized by law, such sum or sums as in his judgment may be necessary and to issue therefor notes of the United States at not less than par (except as provided in section 20 of this Act, as amended) in such form or forms and denomination or denominations, containing such terms and conditions, and at such rate or rates of interest, as the Secretary of the Treasury may prescribe, and each series of notes so issued shall be payable at such time not less than one year nor more than five years from the date of its issue as he may prescribe, and may be redeemable before maturity (at the option of the United States) in whole or in part, upon not more
than one year’s nor less than four months’ notice, and under such
rules and regulations and during such period as he may prescribe.”

Sec. 5. The Second Liberty Bond Act, as amended, is further
amended by adding a new section, as follows:

“Sec. 21. The face amount of certificates of indebtedness and
Treasury bills authorized by section 5 of this Act, certificates of
indebtedness authorized by section 6 of the First Liberty Bond Act,
and notes authorized by section 18 of this Act shall not exceed in the
aggregate $20,000,000,000 outstanding at any one time.”

Sec. 6. The Second Liberty Bond Act, as amended, is further
amended, by adding a new section, as follows:

“Sec. 22. (a) The Secretary of the Treasury, with the approval
of the President, is authorized to issue, from time to time, through
the Postal Service or otherwise, bonds of the United States to be
known as United States Savings Bonds. The proceeds of the
Savings Bonds shall be available to meet any public expenditures
authorized by law and to retire any outstanding obligations of the
United States bearing interest or issued on a discount basis. The
various issues and series of the Savings Bonds shall be in such forms,
shall be offered in such amounts within the limits of section 1 of this
Act, as amended, and shall be issued in such manner and subject to
such terms and conditions consistent with subsections (b) and (c)
hereof, and including any restriction on their transfer, as the Secre-
tary of the Treasury may from time to time prescribe.

(b) Each Savings Bond shall be issued on a discount basis to
mature not less than ten nor more than twenty years from the date as
of which the bond is issued, and provision may be made for redemption
before maturity upon such terms and conditions as the Secretary
of the Treasury may prescribe: Provided, That the issue price of
Savings Bonds and the terms upon which they may be redeemed prior
to maturity shall be such as to afford an investment yield not in
excess of three per centum per annum, compounded semiannually.
The denominations of Savings Bonds shall be in terms of their maturity value and shall not be less than $25. It shall not be lawful
for any one person at any one time to hold Savings Bonds issued
during any one calendar year in an aggregate amount exceeding
$10,000 (maturity value).

(c) The provisions of section 7 of this Act, as amended (relating
to the exemptions from taxation both as to principal and as to
interest of bonds issued under authority of section 1 of this Act, as
amended), shall apply as well to the Savings Bonds; and, for the
purposes of determining taxes and tax exemptions, the increment in
value represented by the difference between the price paid and the
redemption value received (whether at or before maturity) shall be
considered as interest. The Savings Bonds shall not bear the
circulation privilege.

(d) The appropriation for expenses provided by section 10 of this
Act and extended by the Act of June 16, 1921 (U. S. C., title 31, secs.
760 and 761), shall be available for all necessary expenses under this
section; and the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized to advance,
from time to time, to the Postmaster General from such appropriation
such sums as are shown to be required for the expenses of the Post
Office Department, in connection with the handling of the bonds
issued under this section.

(e) The board of trustees of the Postal Savings System is
authorized to permit, subject to such regulations as it may from
time to time prescribe, the withdrawal of deposits on less than sixty
days’ notice for the purpose of acquiring Savings Bonds which may
be offered by the Secretary of the Treasury; and in such cases to
make payment of interest to the date of withdrawal whether or not a regular interest payment date. No further original issue of bonds authorized by section 10 of the Act approved June 25, 1910 (U. S. C., title 39, sec. 760), shall be made after July 1, 1935.

"(f) At the request of the Secretary of the Treasury the Postmaster General, under such regulations as he may prescribe, shall require the employees of the Post Office Department and of the Postal Service to perform, without extra compensation, such fiscal agency services as may be desirable and practicable in connection with the issue, delivery, safe-keeping, redemption, and payment of the Savings Bonds."

Sec. 7. Section 1126 of the Revenue Act of 1926 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following: "In order to avoid the frequent substitution of securities such rules and regulations may limit the effect of this section, in appropriate classes of cases, to bonds and notes of the United States maturing more than a year after the date of deposit of such bonds as security. The phrase 'bonds or notes of the United States' shall be deemed, for the purposes of this section, to mean any public-debt obligations of the United States and any bonds, notes, or other obligations which are unconditionally guaranteed as to both interest and principal by the United States."

Approved, February 4, 1935.

[CHAPTER 6.]

JOINT RESOLUTION

February 13, 1935.

[HOUSE RES., NO. 3.]

Making additional appropriations for the Federal Communications Commission, the National Mediation Board, and the Securities and Exchange Commission for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1935, and for other purposes.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1935, for the purposes hereinafter enumerated, namely:

SENATE

For miscellaneous items, exclusive of labor, fiscal year 1935, $140,000.

For expenses of inquiries and investigations ordered by the Senate, including compensation to stenographers of committees, at such rate as may be fixed by the Committee to Audit and Control the Contingent Expenses of the Senate, but not exceeding 25 cents per hundred words, fiscal year 1935, $75,000: Provided, That no part of this appropriation shall be expended for services, personal, professional, or otherwise, in excess of the rate of $3,600 per annum: Provided further, That no part of this appropriation shall be expended for per diem and subsistence expenses except in accordance with the provisions of the Subsistence Expense Act of 1926, approved June 3, 1926, as amended.

Salaries of Senators appointed to fill vacancies.

Passed. Elected to succeed appointees after an adjournment.