[CHAPTER 682.]

AN ACT

To add certain lands to the Pisgah National Forest in the State of North Carolina.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the tract of land in Buncombe County, North Carolina, locally known as the "Grove Tract", acquired by the United States on December 19, 1927, for the use of the Veterans' Administration, being approximately four hundred and forty-two acres, be, and the same is hereby, added to the Pisgah National Forest and made subject to all laws and regulations relating to the use and administration of the national forests: Provided, however, That the tract shall be so managed as to conserve and protect the water thereon, which water shall remain available for the use of the Veterans' Administration.

Approved, August 26, 1935.

[CHAPTER 683.]

AN ACT

To authorize an appropriation to pay non-Indian claimants whose claims have been extinguished under the Act of June 7, 1924, but who have been found entitled to awards under said Act as supplemented by the Act of May 31, 1933.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there is hereby authorized to be appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, a sum to compensate white settlers or non-Indian claimants whose claims have been extinguished under the Act of June 7, 1924 (43 Stat. L. 636), but who have been found by the Secretary of the Interior, in conformity with the proviso to section 3 of the Act of May 31, 1933 (48 Stat. L. 108, 109), to be entitled to increased compensation by reason of errors in the amount of award previously allowed, or entitled to original awards by reason of errors in the omission of legitimate claimants. The non-Indian claimants, or their successors, as found and reported by the Secretary of the Interior, to be compensated out of said appropriation to be disbursed under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior in the amounts found to be due them, as follows:

Within the pueblo of Isleta, $1,876.72; within the pueblo of San Ildefonso, $9,371.52; within the pueblo of San Juan, $23,122.83; within the pueblo of Santa Clara, $2,180.69; within the pueblo of Pojoaque, $2,474.13; within the pueblo of Nambe, $1,985; within the pueblo of Sandia, $368.90; within the pueblo of Picuris, $278.64; within the pueblo of Cochiti, $1,088.90; within the pueblo of Jemez, $2,000; in all, $45,377.33.

Approved, August 26, 1935.

[CHAPTER 684.]

AN ACT

To authorize the sale of Federal buildings.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That in order to suitably dispose of certain Federal buildings and the sites thereof under the control of the Treasury Department, which have been supplanted by new structures, and for which the Secretary of the Treasury has determined there is no further Federal need, he is hereby authorized, in his discretion, if he deems it to be in the best interests of the Government, to sell such buildings and sites or parts of sites...
to States, counties, municipalities, or other duly constituted political subdivisions of States for public use upon such terms, pursuant to such rules and regulations promulgated by him, as he deems proper, and to convey the same by the usual quitclaim deed, and he may enter into long-term contracts for the payment of the purchase price in such installments as he deems fair and reasonable and may furthermore waive any requirements for interest charges on deferred payments: Provided, That the total purchase price shall in no case be less than 50 per centum of the appraised value of the land, the appraisal to be made by the Treasury Department: Provided further, That the proceeds of the sales shall be deposited in the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts: Provided further, That in the event portions of any Federal building sites under the control of the Treasury Department are desired by municipalities by reason of any duly authorized, comprehensive street-widening program, the Secretary of the Treasury may deed to such municipalities, without cost, such areas needed for street uses as may be dedicated without jeopardy to the Federal interest.

Approved, August 26, 1935.

[CHAPTER 685.]

AN ACT

To authorize the President to attach certain possessions of the United States to internal-revenue collection districts for the purpose of collecting processing taxes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That subsection (f) of section 10 of the Agricultural Adjustment Act, as amended by section 7 of the Act of May 9, 1934 (48 Stat. 670), be further amended by adding at the end of such subsection the following: "The President is authorized to attach by Executive order any or all of such possessions to any internal-revenue collection district for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this title with respect to the collection of taxes."

Approved, August 26, 1935.

[CHAPTER 686.]

AN ACT

Conferring jurisdiction upon the Court of Claims to hear and determine claims of certain bands or tribes of Indians residing in the State of Oregon.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That jurisdiction is hereby conferred on the Court of Claims with the right of appeal to the Supreme Court of the United States by either party, as in other cases, to hear, examine, adjudicate, and render final judgment (a) in any and all legal and equitable claims, arising under or growing out of any treaty, agreement, Act of Congress, or Executive order, or for the failure of the United States to pay any money or other property due, which those Indian tribes or bands, or portions thereof, and their descendants, described in the ratified treaties of September 10, 1853 (10 Stat. 1018), September 19, 1853 (10 Stat. 1027), November 18, 1854 (10 Stat. 1122), November 25, 1854 (10 Stat. 1125), January 22, 1855 (10 Stat. 1143), and December 21, 1855 (12 Stat. 981), may have against the United States; and (b) any and all legal and equitable claims arising under or growing out of the original Indian title, claim, or rights in, to, or upon the whole or any part of the lands and their appurtenances occupied by the