any port or place in the United States or its possessions in violation
of any order of detention made pursuant to section 7, he shall, in
respect of each offense, be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be
punished by a fine not to exceed $500 or by imprisonment not to
exceed three months, or both such fine and imprisonment, in the
discretion of the court.

(e) If any person shall conceal, remove, alter, deface, or obliterate
or shall suffer any person under his control to conceal, remove, alter,
deface, or obliterate any mark or marks placed on a vessel pursuant
to this Act or to the regulations established thereunder, except in
the event of lawful change of said marks, or to prevent capture
by an enemy, he shall in respect of each offense be guilty of
a misdemeanor and shall be punished by a fine not to exceed $1,000,
or by imprisonment not to exceed one year, or both such fine
and imprisonment, in the discretion of the court.

(f) Whenever the owner, manager, agent, or master of a vessel
shall become subject to a fine or penalty by way of money payment
pursuant to the provisions of this Act, the vessel shall also be liable
therefor and may be seized and proceeded against in the district
court of the United States in any district in which such vessel may
be found.

SEC. 9. The provisions of this Act shall become effective as to
vessels of four thousand gross tons and upwards, not later than
three months, and as to all other vessels subject hereto, not later
than twelve months from and after the date of approval thereof.
This Act may be cited as the "Coastwise Load Line Act, 1935".

Approved, August 27, 1935.

[CHAPTER 748.]

AN ACT
To promote the development of Indian arts and crafts and to create a board to
assist therein, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the
United States of America in Congress assembled, That a board is
hereby created in the Department of the Interior to be known as
"Indian Arts and Crafts Board", and hereinafter referred to as
the Board. The Board shall be composed of five commissioners,
who shall be appointed by the Secretary of the Interior as soon as
possible after the passage of this Act and shall continue in office,
two for a term of two years, one for a term of three years, and two
for a term of four years from the date of their appointment, the
term of each to be designated by the Secretary of the Interior, but
their successors shall be appointed for a term of four years except
that any person chosen to fill a vacancy shall be appointed for the
unexpired term of the commissioner whom he succeeds. Both pub-
lic officers and private citizens shall be eligible for membership on
the Board. The Board shall elect one of the commissioners as
chairman. One or two vacancies on the Board shall not impair the
right of the remaining commissioners to exercise all the powers of
the Board.

The commissioners shall serve without compensation: Provided,
that each Commissioner shall be reimbursed for all actual expenses,
including travel expenses, subsistence and office overhead, which
the Board shall certify to have been incurred as properly incidental
to the performance of his duties as a member of the Board.

SEC. 2. It shall be the function and the duty of the Board to
promote the economic welfare of the Indian tribes and the Indian
wards of the Government through the development of Indian arts
and crafts and the expansion of the market for the products of
Extending markets for products. Indian art and craftsmanship. In the execution of this function the Board shall have the following powers: (a) To undertake market research to determine the best opportunity for the sale of various products; (b) to engage in technical research and give technical advice and assistance; (c) to engage in experimentation directly or through selected agencies; (d) to correlate and encourage the activities of the various governmental and private agencies in the field; (e) to offer assistance in the management of operating groups for the furtherance of specific projects; (f) to make recommendations to appropriate agencies for loans in furtherance of the production and sale of Indian products; (g) to create Government trade marks of genuineness and quality for Indian products and the products of particular Indian tribes or groups; to establish standards and regulations for the use of such trade marks; to license corporations, associations, or individuals to use them; and to charge a fee for their use; to register them in the United States Patent Office without charge; (h) to employ executive officers, including a general manager, and such other permanent and temporary personnel as may be found necessary, and prescribe the authorities, duties, responsibilities, and tenure and fix the compensation of such officers and other employees: Provided, That the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, shall be applicable to all permanent employees except executive officers, and that all employees other than executive officers shall be appointed in accordance with the civil-service laws from lists of eligibles to be supplied by the Civil Service Commission; (i) as a Government agency to negotiate and execute in its own name contracts with operating groups to supply management, personnel, and supervision at cost, and to negotiate and execute in its own name such other contracts and to carry on such other business as may be necessary for the accomplishment of the duties and purposes of the Board: Provided, That nothing in the foregoing enumeration of powers shall be construed to authorize the Board to borrow or lend money or to deal in Indian goods.

Sec. 3. The Board shall prescribe from time to time rules and regulations governing the conduct of its business and containing such provisions as it may deem appropriate for the effective execution and administration of the powers conferred upon it by this Act: Provided, That before prescribing any procedure for the disbursement of money the Board shall advise and consult with the General Accounting Office: Provided further, That all rules and regulations proposed by the Board shall be submitted to the Secretary of the Interior and shall become effective upon his approval.

Sec. 4. There is hereby authorized to be appropriated out of any sums in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated such sums as may be necessary to defray the expenses of the Board and carry out the purposes and provisions of this Act. All income derived by the Board from any source shall be covered into the Treasury of the United States and shall constitute a special fund which is hereby appropriated and made available until expended for carrying out the purposes and provisions of this Act. Out of the funds available to it at any time the Board may authorize such expenditures, consistent with the provisions of this Act, as it may determine to be necessary for the accomplishment of the purposes and objectives of this Act.

Sec. 5. Any person who shall counterfeit or colorably imitate any Government trade mark used or devised by the Board as provided in section 2 of this Act, or shall, except as authorized by the Board, affix any such Government trade mark, or shall knowingly, willfully, and corruptly affix any reproduction, counterfeit, copy, or colorable imitation thereof upon any products, Indian or otherwise,
or to any labels, signs, prints, packages, wrappers, or receptacles intended to be used upon or in connection with the sale of such products, or any person who shall knowingly make any false statement for the purpose of obtaining the use of any such Government trade mark, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be enjoined from further carrying on the act or acts complained of and shall be subject to a fine not exceeding $2,000, or imprisonment not exceeding six months, or both such fine and imprisonment.

Sec. 6. Any person who shall willfully offer or display for sale any goods, with or without any Government trade mark, as Indian products or Indian products of a particular Indian tribe or group, resident within the United States or the Territory of Alaska, when such person knows such goods are not Indian products or are not Indian products of the particular Indian tribe or group, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and be subject to a fine not exceeding $2,000 or imprisonment not exceeding six months, or both such fine and imprisonment.

It shall be the duty of each district attorney, to whom the Board shall report in writing any violation of the provisions of this section which has occurred within his jurisdiction, to cause appropriate proceedings to be commenced and prosecuted in the proper courts of the United States for the enforcement of the penalties herein provided.

Approved, August 27, 1935.

[CHAPTER 749.]

AN ACT

To amend the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the collection and publication of statistics of tobacco by the Department of Agriculture", approved January 14, 1929, as amended.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 1 of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the collection and publication of statistics of tobacco by the Department of Agriculture", approved January 14, 1929, as amended, is hereby further amended to read as follows:

"That the Secretary of Agriculture be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to collect and publish statistics of the quantity of leaf tobacco in all forms in the United States and Puerto Rico, owned by or in the possession of dealers, manufacturers, quasi-manufacturers, growers' cooperative associations, warehousemen, brokers, holders, or owners, other than the original growers of tobacco. The statistics shall show the quantity of tobacco in such detail as to types, groups of grades, and such other subdivisions as to quality, color, and/or grade for particular types, as the Secretary of Agriculture shall deem to be practical and necessary for the purposes of this Act, shall be summarized as of January 1, April 1, July 1, and October 1 of each year, and an annual report on tobacco statistics shall be issued: Provided, That the Secretary of Agriculture shall not be required to collect statistics of leaf tobacco from any manufacturer of tobacco who, in the first three quarters of the preceding calendar year, according to the returns of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue or the record of the Treasurer of Puerto Rico, manufactured less than thirty-five thousand pounds of tobacco, or from any manufacturer of cigars who, during the first three quarters of the preceding calendar year, manufactured less than one hundred and eighty-five thousand cigars, or from any manufacturer of cigarettes who, during the first three quarters of the preceding year,