by section 37 of Public Act Numbered 320, Seventy-fourth Congress, entitled “An Act to amend the Agricultural Adjustment Act, and for other purposes”, is authorized to be made available for the purposes enumerated in said Acts until June 30, 1937. The authorization, which is limited to June 30, 1936, contained in section 37 of Public Act Numbered 320, Seventy-fourth Congress, is likewise extended so that the funds therein authorized are authorized to be made available until June 30, 1937.

Sec. 4. The sum of $2,000,000 of the unobligated balance of the appropriation for relief purposes contained in the Emergency Relief Appropriation Act of 1935, approved April 8, 1935, is hereby made available to the Secretary of Agriculture for allocation and payment to the States in the Southern Great Plains area, or to farmers therein, for wind erosion control, under plans to be approved by the Secretary of Agriculture.

Sec. 5. Section 22 of the Agricultural Adjustment Act, as amended, is amended by inserting after the words “this title” wherever they appear the following: “or the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act, as amended”; and by striking out the words “an adjustment” wherever they appear and inserting in lieu thereof the word “any”.

Approved, February 29, 1936.

[CHAPTER 105.]

JOINT RESOLUTION

Postponing the effective date of certain permit and labeling provisions of the Federal Alcohol Administration Act.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 3 (c) of the Federal Alcohol Administration Act, approved August 29, 1935, is amended by striking out “March 1, 1936” and inserting in lieu thereof “July 1, 1936”.

Sec. 2. Section 5 (e) of such Act is amended by striking out “March 1, 1936” and inserting in lieu thereof “August 15, 1936, in the case of distilled spirits, and December 15, 1936, in the case of wine and malt beverages”.

Approved, February 29, 1936.

[CHAPTER 106.]

JOINT RESOLUTION

Extending and amending the joint resolution (Public Resolution Numbered 67, Seventy-fourth Congress), approved August 31, 1935.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 1 of the joint resolution (Public Resolution Numbered 67, Seventy-fourth Congress) approved August 31, 1935, be, and the same hereby is, amended by striking out in the first section, on the second line, after the word “assembled” the following words: “That upon the outbreak or during the progress of war between”, and inserting therefor the words: “Whenever the President shall find that there exists a state of war between”; and by striking out the word “may” after the word “President” and before the word “from” in the twelfth line, and inserting in lieu thereof the word “shall”; and by substituting for the last paragraph of said section the following paragraph: “except with respect to offenses committed, or forfeitures incurred prior to May 1, 1937, this section and all proclamations issued thereunder shall not be effective after May 1, 1937.”
Sec. 2. There are hereby added to said joint resolution two new sections, to be known as sections 1a and 1b, reading as follows:

"Sec. 1a. Whenever the President shall have issued his proclamation as provided for in section 1 of this Act, it shall thereafter during the period of the war be unlawful for any person within the United States to purchase, sell, or exchange bonds, securities, or other obligations of the government of any belligerent country, or of any political subdivision thereof, or of any person acting for or on behalf of such government, issued after the date of such proclamation, or to make any loan or extend any credit to any such government or person: Provided, That if the President shall find that such action will serve to protect the commercial or other interests of the United States or its nationals, he may, in his discretion, and to such extent and under such regulation as he may prescribe, except from the operation of this section ordinary commercial credits and short-time obligations in aid of legal transactions and of a character customarily used in normal peace-time commercial transactions.

"The provisions of this section shall not apply to a renewal or adjustment of such indebtedness as may exist on the date of the President's proclamation.

"Whoever shall violate the provisions of this section or of any regulations issued hereunder shall, upon conviction thereof, be fined not more than $50,000 or imprisoned for not more than five years, or both. Should the violation be by a corporation, organization, or association, each officer or agent thereof participating in the violation may be liable to the penalty herein prescribed.

"When the President shall have revoked his proclamation as provided for in section 1 of this Act, the provisions of this section and of any regulations issued by the President hereunder shall thereupon cease to apply.

"Sec. 1b. This Act shall not apply to an American republic or republics engaged in war against a non-American state or states, provided the American republic is not cooperating with a non-American state or states in such war."

Sec. 3. Section 9 of said joint resolution is amended to read as follows:

"There is hereby authorized to be appropriated from time to time, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, such amounts as may be necessary to carry out the provisions and accomplish the purposes of this Act."

Approved, February 29, 1936.

[CHAPTER 111.]

AN ACT

To provide for enforcing the lien of the District of Columbia upon real estate bid off in its name when offered for sale for arrears of taxes and assessments, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That whenever any real estate in the District of Columbia has been, or shall hereafter be, offered for sale for nonpayment of taxes or assessments of any kind whatsoever, and shall have been bid off in the name of the District of Columbia, and more than two years shall have elapsed since such property was bid off as aforesaid and the same has not been redeemed as provided by law, the Commissioners of said District may, in the name of the District aforesaid, petition the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, sitting in equity, to enforce the lien of said District for taxes or other assessments on the aforesaid real estate.