property and shall pay to the city of Newark as liquidated damages a sum equal to 3 per centum per annum on the amount theretofore paid on the purchase price of the said property by the said city during each year or part thereof that the said property is occupied under such taking by the United States, the said property to be returned to the city of Newark upon the expiration of such war or national emergency.

Sec. 2. In the event the city of Newark shall not elect to acquire said property as provided in section 1 of this Act, then the Secretary of War is authorized to offer said property at public sale to the highest responsible bidder on terms and conditions to be prescribed by him, which terms and conditions shall not be less favorable to the United States than those prescribed in section 1 of this Act: Provided, That if the highest responsible bidder shall fail to enter into and consummate a contract of sale, the Secretary of War may award the contract to the next highest responsible bidder or, in his discretion, readvertise said property for sale in like manner.

Sec. 3. Any contract of sale shall be subject to the conditions that if the purchaser shall fail to pay any installment of the purchase price and interest, if any, as and when the same are due, or shall fail to comply with the other terms and conditions of the sale, then the Secretary of War may, at his election, declare such purchaser in default and reenter and repossess said property in the name of the United States and he may thereafter cause said property to be readvertised and resold at public sale in accordance with the provisions of this Act.

Sec. 4. During any interval of time that the property may be in the custody of the Secretary of War, he may, in a manner that will best conserve the interests of the United States, lease said property, or, if unable to lease the same, on satisfactory terms, may maintain and operate the same, or, in the discretion of the President, the property may be transferred by Executive order to the Department of Commerce for administration under the provisions of the Merchant Marine Act of June 5, 1920, as amended.

Sec. 5. All sums received as a result of the sale of said property, after deducting therefrom any costs of appraisal and other necessary expenses incident to sale, shall be deposited in the Treasury of the United States as miscellaneous receipts.

Approved, June 20, 1936.

[CHAPTER 637.]

AN ACT

June 20, 1936.
[Public, No. 731.]

To amend an Act entitled "An Act to divide the eastern district of South Carolina into four divisions and the western district into five divisions" by adding a new division to the eastern district and providing for terms of said court to be held at Orangeburg, South Carolina.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the eastern district of South Carolina is divided into five divisions, to be known as the Aiken, Charleston, Columbia, Florence, and Orangeburg divisions. The Aiken division shall include the territory embraced in the counties of Aiken, Allendale, Barnwell, and Hampton. The Charleston division shall include the territory embraced in the counties of Beaufort, Berkeley, Charleston, Clarendon, Colleton, Dorchester, and Jasper. The Columbia division shall include the territory embraced in the counties of Kershaw, Lee, Lexington, Richland, and Sumter. The Florence division shall include the territory embraced in the counties of Chesterfield, Darlington, Dillon, Florence, George-
town, Horry, Marion, Marlboro, and Williamsburg. The Orangeburg division shall include the territory embraced in the counties of Calhoun, Bamberg, and Orangeburg. The terms of the district court for the Aiken division shall be held at Aiken, for the Charleston division at Charleston, for the Columbia division at Columbia, for the Florence division at Florence, and for the Orangeburg division at Orangeburg.

Sec. 2. That the divisions of the western district of South Carolina, as now provided by law, shall remain unchanged and are not affected by this Act, and all other provisions of the said Act remain unchanged, as now provided by law.

Sec. 3. That the terms of the District Court for the Eastern District of South Carolina, in addition to the times and places now provided by law, shall be held at Orangeburg, in the county of Orangeburg, in the State of South Carolina, on the third Monday in November and the second Monday in April of each year hereafter: Provided, That facilities for holding court at Orangeburg are furnished free of expense to the United States.

Approved, June 20, 1936.

[CHAPTER 638.]

AN ACT

To authorize the operation of stands in Federal buildings by blind persons, to enlarge the economic opportunities of the blind, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That for the purpose of providing blind persons with remunerative employment, enlarging the economic opportunities of the blind, and stimulating the blind to greater efforts in striving to make themselves self-supporting blind persons licensed under the provisions of this Act shall be authorized to operate vending stands in any Federal building where, in the discretion of the head of the department or agency in charge of the maintenance of the building, such vending stands may be properly and satisfactorily operated by blind persons.

Sec. 2. (a) The Office of Education in the Department of the Interior, subject to the direction of the Commissioner of Education and such rules and regulations as he may, with the approval of the Secretary of the Interior, prescribe, shall—

(1) Make surveys of concession-stand opportunities for blind persons in Federal and other buildings in the United States;

(2) Make surveys throughout the United States of industries with a view to obtaining information that will assist blind persons to obtain employment;

(3) Make available to the public, and especially to persons and organizations engaged in work for the blind, information obtained as a result of such surveys;

(4) Designate as provided in section 3 of this Act the State commission for the blind in each State, or, in any State in which there is no such commission some other public agency to issue licenses to blind persons who are citizens of the United States and at least twenty-one years of age for the operating of vending stands in Federal and other buildings in such State for the vending of newspapers, periodicals, confections, tobacco products, and such other articles as may be approved for each building by the custodian thereof and the State licensing agency; and

(5) Take such other steps as may be necessary and proper to carry out the provisions of this Act.