

SEC. 2. The Secretary is hereby authorized to collect and publish statistics of the quantity of peanuts picked or threshed by any person owning or operating peanut picking or threshing machines.

Picking or threshing machines.

SEC. 3. It shall be the duty of every warehouseman, broker, cleaner, or sheller, dealer, growers' cooperative association, owner or operator of peanut picking or threshing machines to furnish promptly upon request of the Secretary, within the time prescribed by him, completely and correctly to the best of his knowledge, a report of the quantity of peanuts on hand and in the case of an operator of peanut picking and threshing machines the quantity picked or threshed, segregating in accordance with forms furnished for the purpose by the Secretary. Any person required by this Act, or the regulations promulgated thereunder, to furnish reports or information, and any officer, agent, or employee thereof who shall refuse or willfully give answers that are false and misleading, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be fined not less than \$300 nor more than \$1,000, or imprisoned not more than one year, or to¹ be subject to both such fine and imprisonment.

Duty of dealers, etc., to furnish reports.

Penalty for failure to comply.

SEC. 4. The Secretary is hereby authorized to establish and promulgate grades and standards for the classification of peanuts, whenever in his discretion he may see fit.

Grades and standards to be established, etc.

SEC. 5. That the information furnished under the provisions of this Act shall be used only for the statistical purposes for which it is supplied. No publication shall be made by the Secretary whereby the data furnished by any person can be identified, nor shall the Secretary permit anyone other than the sworn employees of the Department of Agriculture to examine the individual reports.

Use of information furnished.

SEC. 6. The Secretary may make rules and regulations as may be necessary in the administration of this Act and may cooperate with any department or agency of the Government, any State, Territory, District, or possession, or department, agency, or political subdivision thereof, or any person; and shall have the power to appoint, remove, and fix the compensation of such officers and employees not in conflict with existing law, and make such expenditures for rent outside the District of Columbia, printing, binding, telegrams, telephones, law books, books of reference, publications, furniture, stationery, office equipment, travel, and other supplies and expenses, including reporting services, as shall be necessary to the administration of this Act in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, and as may be appropriated for by Congress; and there is hereby authorized to be appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, such sums as may be necessary for such purpose.

Administrative rules, etc.

Cooperation with other agencies.

Employees.

Rent, etc.

Sums authorized.

SEC. 7. That when used in this Act—

Defaultions.

(1) The term "person" includes individuals, partnerships, corporations, and associations;

"Person."

(2) The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of Agriculture.

"Secretary."

Approved, June 24, 1936.

[CHAPTER 746.]

AN ACT

Making it a felony to transport in interstate or foreign commerce persons to be employed to obstruct or interfere with the right of peaceful picketing during labor controversies.

June 24, 1936.
[S. 2039.]
[Public, No. 776.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That whoever shall knowingly transport or cause to be transported, or aid or abet in transporting, in interstate or foreign commerce, any person

Interstate transportation of strike breakers, etc.

¹ So in original.

Penalty.

with intent to employ such person to obstruct or interfere, in any manner, with the right of peaceful picketing during any labor controversy affecting wages, hours, or conditions of labor, or the right of organization for the purpose of collective bargaining, shall be deemed guilty of a felony and shall be punishable by a fine not exceeding \$5,000, or by imprisonment not exceeding two years, or both, in the discretion of the court.

Approved, June 24, 1936.

[CHAPTER 747.]

AN ACT

June 24, 1936.
[S. 2460.]

[Public, No. 777.]

To amend the Act of June 6, 1924, entitled "An Act to amend in certain particulars the National Defense Act of June 3, 1916, as amended, and for other purposes."

National Defense
Act, amendment.
Vol. 43, p. 472.
U. S. C., pp. 277,
1573.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 8 of the Act of June 6, 1924 (43 Stat. 472, U. S. C., title 10, sec. 981, and title 34, sec. 999) be, and it is hereby, amended by inserting after the words "in the" in line eight, the words "military or", so that said section as thus amended will read as follows:

Retired enlisted men
with commissioned
service in World War;
retirement pay.
Army.

"SEC. 8. That retired enlisted men of the Army heretofore or hereafter retired who served honorably as commissioned officers of the Army of the United States or as commissioned officers, regular, temporary, or reserved¹, of the Navy or Marine Corps at some time between April 6, 1917, and November 11, 1918 shall be entitled to receive the pay of retired warrant officers of the Army; and retired enlisted men of the Regular Navy and Marine Corps heretofore or hereafter retired who served honorably as commissioned officers, regular, temporary, or reserve, in the military or naval service at some time between the aforesaid dates, and who at the time of their retirement were members of the Regular Navy or Marine Corps, shall be entitled to receive the pay of retired warrant officers of the Navy and Marine Corps, respectively: *Provided*, That such enlisted man retired prior to July 1, 1922, shall be entitled to receive the pay provided by law for retired warrant officers of equal length of service retired prior to that date, and that any such enlisted man retired subsequent to June 30, 1922, shall be entitled to receive the pay provided by law for retired warrant officers of equal length of service retired subsequent to that date: *Provided further*, That nothing in this Act shall operate to prevent any person from receiving the pay and allowances of his grade, rank, or rating on the retired list when such pay and allowances exceed the pay to which he would be entitled under this Act by virtue of his commissioned service."

Approved, June 24, 1936.

Regular Navy and
Marine Corps.

Provisos.
If retired prior to
July 1, 1922.

Subsequent retire-
ment.

Higher pay not pre-
cluded.

June 24, 1936.
[S. 3907.]

[Public, No. 778.]

[CHAPTER 748.]

AN ACT

For the relief of the State of Nevada.

Nevada.
Issue of duplicate
check to Treasurer of,
in lieu of lost original.
R. S., sec. 3646, p. 717.
U. S. C., p. 1395.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That notwithstanding the provisions of section 3646, as amended, of the Revised Statutes of the United States, the Chief Disbursing Officer of the Treasury Department is authorized and directed to issue, without the requirement of an indemnity bond, a duplicate of original check numbered 81257, drawn September 6, 1935, in favor of "State Treasurer of Nevada, trust fund" for \$3,978.97 and lost after delivery.

Approved, June 24, 1936.

¹ So in original.