incurred under this section for demolition of the building, shall be paid from the proceeds of the sale; and the funds of the Public Buildings Administration shall be reimbursed from such proceeds for any of such costs which shall have been paid from the funds of such Administration. The balance of the proceeds of the sale shall be covered into the Treasury to the credit of the account of the Holmes fund.

Sec. 9. There are hereby authorized to be appropriated, out of the money in the Treasury to the credit of the Holmes fund, such sums as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of sections 3 and 5 of this joint resolution; and there are hereby authorized to be appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, such sums as may be necessary to carry out the other provisions of this joint resolution.

Sec. 10. Upon the transmission to the Congress of the final report of the committee, any money in the Treasury to the credit of the account of the Holmes fund shall be covered into the general fund of the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts.

Approved, October 22, 1940.

[CHAPTER 910]
JOINT RESOLUTION
To authorize the acquisition of a suitable frame for the painting of the signing of the Constitution to be used in mounting said painting in the Capitol Building.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Architect of the Capitol be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to cause to be constructed or to purchase, without reference to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes (U. S. C., 1934 edition, title 41, sec. 5), at a price not exceeding $1,500, a suitable frame for the painting of the scene at the signing of the Constitution by Howard Chandler Christy now on view in the Capitol Building. Such frame shall be subject to the approval of the Joint Committee on the Library, and, when so approved, shall be used for mounting the said painting in the Capitol Building as required by Public Resolution Numbered 11, Seventy-sixth Congress, approved April 20, 1939.

Approved, October 29, 1940.

[CHAPTER 914]
AN ACT
To amend the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That paragraph (15) of subsection (b) of section 301 of subtitle A of title III of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended, is amended by striking out the words—

"Fire-cured and dark air-cured tobacco, comprising types 21, 22, 23, 24, 35, 36, and 37;"

and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"Fire-cured tobacco comprising types 21, 22, 23, and 24;
"Dark air-cured tobacco, comprising types 35 and 36;
"Virginia sun-cured tobacco, comprising type 37;".

Sec. 2. That section 312 of subtitle B of title III of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended, is amended by striking out subsections (b), (d), (e), and (f) of such section, by striking out all of the second sentence in subsection (c) of such section, and by changing the subsection designation "(c)" therein to "(b)".
SEC. 3. The last sentence of section 301 (a) (1) of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended, is hereby amended to read as follows:

"The base period in case of all agricultural commodities except tobacco shall be the period August 1909 to July 1914. In the case of all kinds of tobacco except Burley and flue-cured such base period shall be the period August 1919 to July 1929, and, in the case of Burley and flue-cured tobacco, shall be the period August 1934 to July 1939; except that the August 1919–July 1929 base period shall be used in allocating any funds appropriated prior to September 1, 1940."

SEC. 4. That section 301 (b) (15) of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended, is amended by striking out the period at the end of the last sentence thereof and adding a colon and the following: "Provided, That any one or more of the types comprising any such kind of tobacco shall be treated as a 'kind of tobacco' for the purposes of this Act if the Secretary finds there is a difference in supply and demand conditions as among such types of tobacco which results in a difference in the adjustments needed in the marketings thereof in order to maintain supplies in line with demand."

SEC. 5. That section 312 of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended, is amended by striking out subsection (b) thereof.

Approved, November 22, 1940.

[CHAPTER 915]

AN ACT

To add certain lands to the Siuslaw National Forest in the State of Oregon.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That all lands conveyed or relinquished to the United States, under the provisions of the National Industrial Recovery Act, approved June 16, 1933 (48 Stat. 195), the Emergency Relief Appropriation Act, approved April 8, 1935 (49 Stat. 115), or the Bankhead-Jones Farm Tenant Act, approved July 22, 1937 (50 Stat. 522), within the western Oregon land project, situated in Lane, Lincoln, Tillamook, and Yamhill Counties, Oregon, are hereby added to and made parts of the Siuslaw National Forest, Oregon, and shall hereafter be subject to the rules and regulations applicable to national-forest lands acquired under the Act of March 1, 1911 (36 Stat. 961) as amended, but special provisions included in conveyance of title to the United States, valid and subsisting at the date of this Act and thereafter legally maintained, shall not be affected by this Act: Provided, That this Act shall not affect any revested Oregon and California Railroad Grant Land, title to which has not passed out of the United States, or any public-domain land which is not embraced in relinquishments purchased under the Acts hereinafter mentioned.

Approved, November 25, 1940.

[CHAPTER 916]

AN ACT

To authorize the disposal of tools and equipment on the New England hurricane damage project.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That upon completion or discontinuance of the Federal Government's work in rehabilitating and reestablishing forest-protection improvements and in the