[CHAPTER 833]  JOINT RESOLUTION

To provide for an extension of time within which the Joint Committee on Labor-Management Relations shall make its final report.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 403 of title IV of the Labor-Management Relations Act, 1947, is amended by striking out the words “January 2, 1949” and inserting in lieu thereof the words “March 1, 1949”.

Approved August 10, 1948.

[CHAPTER 834]  JOINT RESOLUTION

To authorize the President, following appropriation of the necessary funds by the Congress, to bring into effect on the part of the United States the loan agreement of the United States of America and the United Nations signed at Lake Success, New York, March 23, 1948.

Whereas the Congress of the United States, in H. Con. Res. 75, passed unanimously by the House of Representatives December 10, 1945, and agreed to unanimously by the Senate December 11, 1945, invited the United Nations “to locate the seat of the United Nations Organizations within the United States”; and

Whereas the General Assembly on December 14, 1946, resolved “that the permanent headquarters of the United Nations shall be established in New York City in the area bounded by First Avenue, East Forty-eighth Street, the East River, and East Forty-second Street”; and

Whereas, pursuant to authorization of the Congress in Public Law 357 of the Eightieth Congress, the “Agreement Between the United Nations and the United States of America Regarding the Headquarters of the United Nations” was brought into effect November 21, 1947, defining the rights and obligations of the United States and the United Nations with respect to the above-mentioned site; and

Whereas plans have been prepared for construction on said site of permanent headquarters of the United Nations to cost not more than $65,000,000, and the United Nations is ready to proceed with such construction as soon as financing can be provided; and

Whereas the present temporary headquarters of the United Nations are inadequate for the efficient functioning of the Organization and retention of its headquarters in the United States can be assured only by the erection of adequate permanent facilities; and

Whereas owing to the current critical dollar shortage, the other member nations are not able to provide in cash at present their respective shares of the cost of constructing the permanent headquarters; other methods of borrowing the necessary funds have been found impracticable; and the permanent establishment of the headquarters of the United Nations in this country will result directly and indirectly in substantial economic benefits to the United States from the expenditures of the Organization and its member nations; and

Whereas in view of the foregoing considerations, the United States representative at the seat of the United Nations, in response to an inquiry of the Secretary-General of the United Nations regarding the possibility of a United States Government loan, informed the Secretary-General, with the authorization of the President, by note dated October 29, 1947, that the President would recommend to the Congress the authorization of a loan from the United States to the United Nations for the construction of the headquarters in an amount not exceeding $65,000,000; and