jurisdiction to the county courts aforesaid, over any civil cause, which
may arise in any of those revenue districts, for the collection of duties
payable to the United States; or of bonds or securities given for the
security and payment of duties to the United States.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the county courts aforesaid,
or the first judge of each of said courts, shall be, and hereby are further
authorized to exercise all and every power in the cases of a criminal
nature, cognizable before them by virtue of the first section of this act,
for the purpose of obtaining a mitigation or remission of any fine,
penalty, or forfeiture, which may be exercised by the judges of the dis-
trict courts, in cases depending before them by virtue of the law of the
United States, passed on the third of March, one thousand seven hun-
dred and ninety-seven, intituled "An act to provide for mitigating or
remitting the forfeitures, penalties, and disabilities, accruing in certain
cases therein mentioned." And in the exercise of the authority, by this
section given to said county courts, or to the first judges thereof, they
shall be governed in every respect by the regulations, restrictions and
provisoes of the law of the United States, passed on the third of
March, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-seven, aforesaid; with
this difference only, that instead of notifying the district attorneys,
respectively, said county courts, or the first judges thereof, as the case
may be, shall, before exercising said authorities, cause reasonable notice
to be given to the attorney who may have been appointed and sworn or
affirmed to prosecute for the United States, in such court, that he may
have an opportunity of showing cause against the mitigation or remis-
sion of such fine, penalty, or forfeiture.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That this act shall remain in force
during the term of one year, from its passage, and from thence to the
end of the next session of Congress thereafter, and no longer. (a)

APPROVED, March 8, 1806.

CHAP. XV.—An Act declaring the town of Jersey, in the state of New Jersey, to
be a port of delivery; and for erecting a Lighthouse on Wood Island, or
Fletcher's neck, in the state of Massachusetts.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United
States of America in Congress assembled, That the town, or landing
place of Jersey, in the state of New Jersey, shall be a port of delivery, portof delivery.
to be annexed to the district of Perth Amboy, and shall be subject to 1
the same regulations and restrictions as other ports of delivery in the ,se. 7.'

And there shall be appointed a surveyor to reside at
the said port of delivery, who shall be entitled to receive, in addition to
the other emoluments allowed by law, a salary of one hundred dollars,
annually.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of the Treas-
ury shall be, and he is hereby authorized and required, to cause a good
and sufficient lighthouse to be erected on Wood island, or on Fletcher's
neck, in the district of Maine, (selecting: either place, as the President
of the United States may deem most eligible) and to appoint a keeper,
and otherwise provide for such lighthouse, at the expense of the United
States: Provided, that sufficient land for the accommodation of such
lighthouse can be obtained at a reasonable price, and the legislature of
Massachusetts shall cede the jurisdiction over the same to the United
States. And the sum of five thousand dollars is hereby appropriated
for the erection of said lighthouse, to be paid out of any monies in the
treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

APPROVED, March 8, 1806.

(a) By an act passed April 21, 1808, chap. 51, the provisions of this law are made perpetual and ex-
tended to the ports and harbors in Ohio.