such damages, as shall be legally assessed, with costs of suit; for which
execution may issue for such party in due form, and in case such party
shall fail to recover in the suit, judgment shall be rendered and execu-
tion may issue for costs in favour of the defendant or defendants against
the party who shall have instituted the suit; and the United States shall
in no case be liable for the same.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the said bonds shall, after
any judgment or judgments rendered thereon, remain as a security, for
the benefit of any person, persons, or body politic, injured by breach of
the condition of the same, until the whole penalty shall have been re-
covered; and the proceedings shall be always in the same manner, and as
herein before directed.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That all suits on marshals' bonds,
if the right of action has already accrued, shall be commenced and pro-
secuted within three years after the passage of this act, and not after-
wards. And all such suits, in case the right of action shall accrue here-
after, shall be commenced and prosecuted within six years after the said
right of action shall have accrued, and not afterwards; saving, neverthe-
less, the rights of infants, feme coverts, and persons non compos mentis,
so that they sue within three years after their disabilities are removed.

APPROVED, April 10, 1806.

STATUTE I.

April 10, 1806.

Chap. XXII.—An Act regulating the currency of foreign coins in the United
States. (a)

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United
States of America in Congress assembled, That from and after the pas-
sage of this act, foreign gold and silver coins shall pass current as money
within the United States, and be a legal tender for the payment of all
debts and demands, at the several and respective rates following, and not
otherwise, viz:
The gold coins of Great Britain and Portugal, of their present stan-
dard, at the rate of one hundred cents, for every twenty-seven grains of
the actual weight thereof; the gold coins of France, Spain, and the
dominions of Spain, of their present standard, at the rate of one hun-
dred cents, for every twenty-seven grains and two-fifths of a grain, of
the actual weight thereof. Spanish milled dollars, at the rate of one
hundred cents for each, the actual weight whereof shall not be less than
seventeen pennyweights and seven grains, and in proportion for the
parts of a dollar. Crowns of France at the rate of one hundred and
ten cents, for each crown, the actual weight whereof shall not be less
than eighteen pennyweights and seven grains, and in proportion for the
parts of a crown. And it shall be the duty of the Secretary of the
Treasury, to cause assays of the foreign gold and silver coins made cur-
rent by this act, to be had at the mint, &c. and to make report of the
result to Congress.

An act regulating foreign coins, and for other purposes, February 9, 1793, vol. 1. 300.
An act supplementary to "an act regulating foreign coins, and for other purposes," February 1, 1798,
chap. 11, vol. 1. 539.
An act to regulate the duties on imports and tonnage, March 2, 1799, chap. 22, sec. 61, vol. 1. 673.
Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That the first section of the act, intituled "An act regulating foreign coins, and for other purposes," passed the ninth day of February, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-three, be, and the same is hereby repealed. And the operation of the second section of the same act shall be, and is hereby suspended for, and during the space of, three years from the passage of this act.

Approved, April 10, 1806.

CHAP. XXIII.—An Act to regulate and fix the compensations of the officers of the Senate and House of Representatives.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the officers of the Senate and House of Representatives herein after mentioned, shall be, and hereby are entitled to receive, in lieu of their compensations fixed by law, the following sums, that is to say: The secretary of the Senate, and clerk of the House of Representatives, two thousand dollars each; their principal clerks, one thousand three hundred dollars each; and each of their engrossing clerks, one thousand dollars per annum.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That the sergeant at arms of the Senate, who also performs the duty of a doorkeeper, the sergeant at arms, and the doorkeeper of the House of Representatives, shall be, and they are hereby entitled to receive, nine hundred and fifty dollars per annum, each; and that the assistant doorkeeper of the Senate, and the assistant doorkeeper of the House of Representatives, shall be, and they are hereby entitled to receive nine hundred dollars, per annum, each.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That any appropriation which shall be made by the Senate, or House of Representatives, out of the contingent fund of either house, towards the compensation of any of the officers of the Senate, or House of Representatives, shall be taken and considered as a part of the salary allowed by this act.

Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That the compensations provided for in this act, shall commence and take effect from and after the thirty-first day of March, one thousand eight hundred and six.

Sec. 5. And be it further enacted, That the act intituled "An act to regulate and fix the compensations of the officers of the Senate and House of Representatives," passed on the twenty-ninth of April, one thousand eight hundred and two, one thousand eight hundred and two, shall, from and after the thirty-first of March, one thousand eight hundred and six, be, and the same is hereby repealed.

Approved, April 10, 1806.

CHAP. XXIV.—An Act directing the Secretary of the Treasury to cause the coast of North Carolina, between Cape Hatteras and Cape Fear, to be surveyed.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby directed, to cause the coast of North Carolina to be correctly surveyed, between Cape Hatteras and Cape Fear; together with the shoals lying off and between these respective capes, or head lands, and to report at the next session of Congress on the practicability of erecting a lighthouse, lighted beacon or buoy, on or near the extreme point of these shoals, or either of them. And the sum of five thousand dollars is hereby appropriated for the purpose of defraying any expense which may be incurred in making such survey, to be paid out of any money in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

Approved, April 10, 1806.