TREATY OF COMMERCE

Treaty signed at Addis Ababa June 27, 1914
Senate advice and consent to ratification September 15, 1914
Ratified by the President of the United States September 19, 1914
Effective from September 19, 1914
Ratification notified to Prince Lidj Yassou December 20, 1914
Proclaimed by the President of the United States August 9, 1920
Modified by agreement of May 4 and July 4, 1946
Replaced October 8, 1953, by treaty of September 7, 1951

41 Stat. 1711; Treaty Series 647

His Royal Highness, Prince Lidj Yassou, successor of Menelik II, King of Kings of Ethiopia and the United States of America, having agreed to regulate the commercial relations between the two countries and develop them, and render them more and more advantageous to the two contracting Powers:

His Royal Highness, Prince Lidj Yassou in the name of the Empire and John Q. Wood, in the name of the United States of America, have agreed and stipulated that which follows:

ARTICLE I

The citizens of the two Powers, like the citizens of other countries, shall be able freely to travel and to transact business throughout the extent of the territories of the two contracting Powers.

ARTICLE II

In order to facilitate commercial relations, the two Governments shall assure, throughout the extent of their respective territories, the security of those engaged in business therein, and of their property.

ARTICLE III

The two contracting Governments shall reciprocally grant to all citizens of the United States of America and to the citizens of Ethiopia, all the advant-

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1 TIAS 1572, post, p. 676.
2 4 UST 2134; TIAS 2864.
tages which they shall accord to the most favored Power in respect to customs
duties, imposts and jurisdiction.

**Article IV**

Throughout the extent of the Ethiopian Empire, the citizens of the United
States of America shall have the use of the telegraphs, posts and all other
means of transportation upon the same terms as the citizens of Ethiopia or
of the most favored foreign Power.

**Article V**

In order to perpetuate and strengthen the friendly relations which exist
between Ethiopia and the United States of America, the two Governments
agree to receive reciprocally, representatives acceptable to the two Govern­
ments; Diplomatic representatives appointed by either Government who
are not acceptable to the Government to which they are accredited shall be
replaced.

**Article VI**

This treaty shall continue in force for a period of four years after the date
of its ratification by the Government of the United States. If neither of the
contracting parties, one year before the expiration of that period, notifies
officially its determination to terminate the treaty, it shall remain in force
for a further period of ten years; and so on thereafter unless notice is given
officially by one of the contracting Powers, one year before the expiration of
said period, of its intention to terminate said treaty.

**Article VII**

The present treaty shall take effect if ratified by the Government of the
United States; and if this ratification shall be notified to His Royal Highness
Prince Lidj Yassou, successor of Menelik II, King of Kings of Ethiopia
within the period of six months.

His Royal Highness Prince Lidj Yassou in the name of his Empire; and
John Q. Wood in virtue of his full powers, in the name of the United States
of America, have signed the present treaty, written in double text, Amharic
and English and in identical terms.

Done at Addis-Abeba, this twenty seventh day of June, one thousand nine
hundred and fourteen, in the year of our Lord.

John Q. Wood
[Seal of Prince Lidj Yassou]