RELATIONS IN TUNIS

Treaty signed for the United States and France at Washington
March 15, 1904
Senate advice and consent to ratification March 24, 1904
Ratified by France April 3, 1904
Ratified by the President of the United States May 6, 1904
Ratifications exchanged at Washington May 7, 1904
Entered into force May 7, 1904
Proclaimed by the President of the United States May 9, 1904 ¹

33 Stat. 2263; Treaty Series 434

The President of the United States of America and the President of the
French Republic, acting in his own name as well as in that of His Highness
the Bey of Tunis, desiring to determine the relations between the United
States and France in Tunis, and desiring to define the treaty situation of
the United States in the Regency, have named for that purpose the following
plenipotentiaries:

The President of the United States of America, John Hay, Secretary of
State of the United States; and

The President of the French Republic, J. J. Jusserand, Ambassador Ex-
traordinary and Plenipotentiary of France at Washington;

Who, after communicating to each other their full powers, which were
found in good and due form, have agreed upon the following Articles:

ARTICLE I

The Government of the United States declares that it renounces the right
of invoking in Tunis the stipulations of the treaties made between the United
States and the Bey of Tunis in August 1797,² and in February 1824,³ and

¹A general convention between France and Tunisia signed June 3, 1955, provided,
inter alia, (1) for the recognition of the primacy of international conventions and treaties
over internal law (art. 3) and (2) that Tunisia would take, within the framework of its
internal autonomy, measures necessary for rendering applicable treaties concerning Tunisia
and for assuring their execution (art. 8). In a protocol between France and Tunisia signed
Mar. 20, 1956, France recognized the independence of Tunisia.
²TS 360, post, TUNIS.
³TS 361, post, TUNIS.
that it will refrain from claiming for its Consuls and citizens in Tunis other
rights and privileges than those which belong to them in virtue of inter-
national law or which belong to them in France by reason of treaties in
existence between the United States and France.

The Government of the French Republic agrees on its side to assure these
rights and privileges in Tunis to the Consuls and citizens of the United States
and to extend to them the advantage of all treaties and conventions existing
between the United States and France.

Article II

The present convention shall be ratified and the ratifications shall be ex-
changed at Washington as soon as possible.

In witness whereof, the respective Plenipotentiaries have signed the fore-
going Articles and have affixed their seals.

Done in duplicate at Washington, in the English and French languages,
the 15th day of March, in the year 1904.

John Hay

Jusserand

[seal]

[seal]