MOST-FAVORED-NATION TREATMENT
IN CUSTOMS MATTERS

Exchange of notes at Washington December 23, 1925
Lithuanian ratification notified to the United States July 10, 1926
Entered into force July 10, 1926
Modified by notes of July 10 and 11, 1951

Treaty Series 742

The Secretary of State to the Lithuanian Minister

DEPARTMENT OF STATE
Washington, December 23, 1925

SIR:

I have the honor to make the following statement of my understanding of the agreement reached through recent conversations held at Washington on behalf of the Government of the United States and the Government of Lithuania with reference to the treatment which the United States shall accord to the commerce of Lithuania and which Lithuania shall accord to the commerce of the United States.

These conversations have disclosed a mutual understanding between the two Governments which is that, in respect of import and export duties and other duties and charges affecting commerce, as well as in respect of transit, warehousing and other facilities, and the treatment of commercial travelers' samples, the United States will accord to Lithuania, and Lithuania will accord to the United States, its territories and possessions, unconditional most-favored-nation treatment; and that in the matter of licensing or prohibitions of imports and exports, each country, so far as it at any time maintains such a system, will accord to the commerce of the other treatment as favorable, with respect to commodities, valuations and quantities, as may be accorded to the commerce of any other country.

1 Not printed. The Lithuanian Minister, in his note of July 11, 1951, acquiesced in the application of controls by the Government of the United States to trade between the United States and the territory of Lithuania "while the latter is under Soviet domination or control."
It is understood that

No higher or other duties shall be imposed on the importation into or dis- position in the United States, its territories or possessions, of any articles the produce or manufacture of Lithuania than are or shall be payable on like articles the produce or manufacture of any foreign country;

No higher or other duties shall be imposed on the importation into or dis- position in Lithuania of any articles the produce or manufacture of the United States, its territories or possessions, than are or shall be payable on like articles the produce or manufacture of any foreign country;

Similarly, no higher or other duties shall be imposed in the United States, its territories or possessions, or in Lithuania, on the exportation of any articles to the other or to any territory or possession of the other, than are payable on the exportation of like articles to any foreign country;

Every concession with respect to any duty, charge or regulation affecting commerce now accorded or that may hereafter be accorded by the United States or by Lithuania, by law, proclamation, decree or commercial treaty or agreement, to the products of any third country will become immediately applicable without request and without compensation to the commerce of Lithuania and of the United States and its territories and possessions, respectively;

Provided that this understanding does not relate to

(1) The treatment which the United States accords or may hereafter accord to the commerce of Cuba or any of the territories or possessions of the United States or the Panama Canal Zone, or to the treatment which is or may hereafter be accorded to the commerce of the United States with any of its territories or possessions or to the commerce of its territories or possess- ions with one another.

(2) The treatment which Lithuania accords or may hereafter accord to the commerce of Finland, Estonia, Latvia and/or Russia, so long as such special treatment is not accorded to any other State.

(3) Prohibitions or restrictions of a sanitary character or designed to pro- tect human, animal or plant life or regulations for the enforcement of police or revenue laws.

The present arrangement shall become operative on the day when the ratification thereof by the Lithuanian Seimas shall be notified to the Govern- ment of the United States, and, unless sooner terminated by mutual agree- ment, shall continue in force until thirty days after notice of its termination shall have been given by either party; but should either party be prevented by future action of its legislature from carrying out the terms of this arrange- ment, the obligations thereof shall thereupon lapse.
I shall be glad to have your confirmation of the accord thus reached. 
Accept, Sir, the renewed assurances of my highest consideration.

FRANK B. KELLOGG

Mr. Kazys Bizauskas
Minister of Lithuania

The Lithuanian Minister to the Secretary of State

LITHUANIAN LEGATION
Washington, D.C., December 23, 1925

Sir:

I have the honor to make the following statement of my understanding of the agreement reached through recent conversations held at Washington on behalf of the Government of Lithuania and the Government of the United States with reference to the treatment which the United States shall accord to the commerce of Lithuania and which Lithuania shall accord to the commerce of the United States.

[For statement of understanding, see U.S. note, above.]

I shall be glad to have your confirmation of the accord thus reached.
Accept, Sir, the renewed assurances of my highest consideration.

K. Bizauskas

His Excellency
The Honorable Frank B. Kellogg
Secretary of State
Washington, D.C.