FOREIGN ARMED FORCES IN CHINA

Resolution adopted by the Conference on the Limitation of Armament at Washington February 1, 1922


RESOLUTION REGARDING FOREIGN ARMED FORCES IN CHINA

Whereas
The Powers have from time to time stationed armed forces, including police and railway guards, in China to protect the lives and property of foreigners lawfully in China;
And whereas
It appears that certain of these armed forces are maintained in China without the authority of any treaty or agreement;
And whereas
The Powers have declared their intention to withdraw their armed forces now on duty in China without the authority of any treaty or agreement, whenever China shall assure the protection of the lives and property of foreigners in China;
And whereas
China has declared her intention and capacity to assure the protection of the lives and property of foreigners in China;

Now
To the end that there may be clear understanding of the conditions upon which in each case the practical execution of those intentions must depend;

It is resolved:
That the Diplomatic Representatives in Peking of the Powers now in conference at Washington, to wit, the United States of America, Belgium, the British Empire, France, Italy, Japan, the Netherlands and Portugal, will be instructed by their respective Governments whenever China shall so request, to associate themselves with three representatives of the Chinese Government to conduct collectively a full and impartial inquiry into the issues raised by the
foregoing declarations of intention made by the Powers and by China and shall thereafter prepare a full and comprehensive report setting out without reservation their findings of fact and their opinions with regard to the matter hereby referred for inquiry, and shall furnish a copy of their report to each of the nine Governments concerned which shall severally make public the report with such comment as each may deem appropriate. The Representatives of any of the Powers may make or join in minority reports stating their differences, if any, from the majority report.

That each of the Powers above named shall be deemed free to accept or reject all or any of the findings of fact or opinions expressed in the report but that in no case shall any of the said Powers make its acceptance of all or any of the findings of fact or opinions either directly or indirectly dependent on the granting by China of any special concession, favor, benefit or immunity, whether political or economic.

[For parties, see bracketed note p. 331.]