REVISION OF CHINESE CUSTOMS TARIFF

Treaty signed at Washington February 6, 1922
Senate advice and consent to ratification March 30, 1922
Ratified by the President of the United States June 9, 1923
Procès-verbal of deposit of ratifications (including that of the United States) at Washington dated August 5, 1925
Entered into force August 5, 1925
Proclaimed by the President of the United States August 5, 1925

44 Stat. 2122; Treaty Series 724

The United States of America, Belgium, the British Empire, China, France, Italy, Japan, The Netherlands and Portugal:

With a view to increasing the revenues of the Chinese Government, have resolved to conclude a treaty relating to the revision of the Chinese customs tariff and cognate matters, and to that end have appointed as their Plenipotentiaries:

The President of the United States of America:
  Charles Evans Hughes,
  Henry Cabot Lodge,
  Oscar W. Underwood,
  Elihu Root,
  citizens of the United States;

His Majesty the King of the Belgians:
  Baron de Cartier de Marchienne, Commander of the Order of Leopold and of the Order of the Crown, His Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary at Washington;

His Majesty the King of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, Emperor of India:
  The Right Honourable Arthur James Balfour, O.M., M.P., Lord President of His Privy Council;
  The Right Honourable Baron Lee of Fareham, G.B.E., K.C.B., First Lord of His Admiralty;
  The Right Honourable Sir Auckland Campbell Geddes, K.C.B., His Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary to the United States of America;
and
for the Dominion of Canada:
The Right Honourable Sir Robert Laird Borden, G. C. M. G., K. C.;
for the Commonwealth of Australia:
Senator the Right Honourable George Foster Pearce, Minister for Home
and Territories;
for the Dominion of New Zealand:
The Honourable Sir John William Salmond, K.C., Judge of the Su­preme Court of New Zealand;
for the Union of South Africa:
The Right Honourable Arthur James Balfour, O.M., M.P.;
for India:
The Right Honourable Valingman Sankaranarayana Srinivasa Sastri,
Member of the Indian Council of State;
The President of the Republic of China:
Mr. Sao-Ke Alfred Sze, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary
at Washington;
Mr. V. K. Wellington Koo, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Pleni­potentiary at London;
Mr. Chung-Hui Wang, former Minister of Justice;
The President of the French Republic:
Mr. Albert Sarraut, Deputy, Minister of the Colonies;
Mr. Jules J. Jusserand, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary to
the United States of America, Grand Cross of the National Order of
the Legion of Honour;
His Majesty the King of Italy:
The Honourable Carlo Schanzer, Senator of the Kingdom;
The Honourable Vittorio Rolandi Ricci, Senator of the Kingdom, His
Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary at Washington;
The Honourable Luigi Albertini, Senator of the Kingdom;
His Majesty the Emperor of Japan:
Baron Tomosaburo Kato, Minister for the Navy, Junii, a member of the
First Class of the Imperial Order of the Grand Cordon of the Rising
Sun with the Paulownia Flower;
Baron Kijuro Shidehara, His Ambassador Extraordinary and Pleni­potentiary at Washington, Joshi, a member of the First Class of the Im­perial Order of the Rising Sun;
Mr. Masanao Hanihara, Vice Minister for Foreign Affairs, Jushii, a mem­ber of the Second Class of the Imperial Order of the Rising Sun;
Her Majesty the Queen of The Netherlands:
Jonkeer Frans Beelaerts van Blokland, Her Envoy Extraordinary and
Minister Plenipotentiary;
The representatives of the Contracting Powers having adopted, on the fourth day of February, 1922, in the City of Washington, a Resolution, which is appended as an Annex to this Article, with respect to the revision of Chinese Customs duties, for the purpose of making such duties equivalent to an effective 5 per centum ad valorem, in accordance with existing treaties concluded by China with other nations, the Contracting Powers hereby confirm the said Resolution and undertake to accept the tariff rates fixed as a result of such revision. The said tariff rates shall become effective as soon as possible but not earlier than two months after publication thereof.

ANNEX

With a view to providing additional revenue to meet the needs of the Chinese Government, the Powers represented at this Conference, namely the United States of America, Belgium, the British Empire, China, France, Italy, Japan, The Netherlands, and Portugal agree:

That the customs schedule of duties on imports into China adopted by the Tariff Revision Commission at Shanghai on December 19, 1918,¹ shall forthwith be revised so that the rates of duty shall be equivalent to 5 per cent. effective, as provided for in the several commercial treaties to which China is a party.

A Revision Commission shall meet at Shanghai, at the earliest practicable date, to effect this revision forthwith and on the general lines of the last revision.

This Commission shall be composed of representatives of the Powers above named and of representatives of any additional Powers having Governments at present recognized by the Powers represented at this Conference and who have treaties with China providing for a tariff on imports and exports not to exceed 5 per cent. ad valorem and who desire to participate therein.

The revision shall proceed as rapidly as possible with a view to its completion within four months from the date of the adoption of this Resolution by the Conference on the Limitation of Armament and Pacific and Far Eastern Questions.

The revised tariff shall become effective as soon as possible but not earlier than two months after its publication by the Revision Commission.

The Government of the United States, as convener of the present Conference, is requested forthwith to communicate the terms of this Resolution to

¹ For text, see John V. A. MacMurray, Treaties and Agreements With and Concerning China, 1894–1919, vol. II, p. 1456.
the Governments of Powers not represented at this Conference but who participated in the Revision of 1918, aforesaid.

**Article II**

Immediate steps shall be taken, through a Special Conference, to prepare the way for the speedy abolition of likin and for the fulfillment of the other conditions laid down in Article VIII of the Treaty of September 5th, 1902, between Great Britain and China, in Articles IV and V of the Treaty of October 8th, 1903, between the United States and China, and in Article I of the Supplementary Treaty of October 8th, 1903, between Japan and China, with a view to levying the surtaxes provided for in those articles.

The Special Conference shall be composed of representatives of the Signatory Powers, and of such other Powers as may desire to participate and may adhere to the present Treaty, in accordance with the provisions of Article VIII, in sufficient time to allow their representatives to take part. It shall meet in China within three months after the coming into force of the present Treaty, on a day and at a place to be designated by the Chinese Government.

**Article III**

The Special Conference provided for in Article II shall consider the interim provisions to be applied prior to the abolition of likin and the fulfillment of the other conditions laid down in the articles of the treaties mentioned in Article II; and it shall authorize the levying of a surtax on dutiable imports as from such date, for such purposes, and subject to such conditions as it may determine.

The surtax shall be at a uniform rate of 2½ per centum ad valorem, provided, that in case of certain articles of luxury which, in the opinion of the Special Conference, can bear the greater increase without unduly impeding trade, the total surtax may be increased but may not exceed 5 per centum ad valorem.

**Article IV**

Following the immediate revision of the customs schedule of duties on imports into China, mentioned in Article I, there shall be a further revision thereof to take effect at the expiration of four years following the completion of the aforesaid immediate revision, in order to ensure that the customs duties shall correspond to the ad valorem rates fixed by the Special Conference provided for in Article II.

Following this further revision there shall be, for the same purpose, periodical revisions of the customs schedule of duties on imports into China every seven years, in lieu of the decennial revision authorized by existing treaties with China.

---

2 TS 430, post.
In order to prevent delay, any revision made in pursuance of this Article shall be effected in accordance with rules to be prescribed by the Special Conference provided for in Article II.

**Article V**

In all matters relating to customs duties there shall be effective equality of treatment and of opportunity for all the Contracting Powers.

**Article VI**

The principle of uniformity in the rates of customs duties levied at all the land and maritime frontiers of China is hereby recognized. The Special Conference provided for in Article II shall make arrangements to give practical effect to this principle; and it is authorized to make equitable adjustments in those cases in which a customs privilege to be abolished was granted in return for some local economic advantage.

In the meantime, any increase in the rates of customs duties resulting from tariff revision, or any surtax hereafter imposed in pursuance of the present Treaty, shall be levied at a uniform rate ad valorem at all land and maritime frontiers of China.

**Article VII**

The charge for transit passes shall be at the rate of $2\frac{1}{2}$ per centum ad valorem until the arrangements provided for by Article II come into force.

**Article VIII**

Powers not signatory to the present Treaty whose Governments are at present recognized by the Signatory Powers, and whose present treaties with China provide for a tariff on imports and exports not to exceed 5 per centum ad valorem, shall be invited to adhere to the present Treaty.

The Government of the United States undertakes to make the necessary communications for this purpose and to inform the Governments of the Contracting Powers of the replies received. Adherence by any Power shall become effective on receipt of notice thereof by the Government of the United States.

**Article IX**

The provisions of the present Treaty shall override all stipulations of treaties between China and the respective Contracting Powers which are inconsistent therewith, other than stipulations according most favored nation treatment.

**Article X**

The present Treaty shall be ratified by the Contracting Powers in accordance with their respective constitutional methods and shall take effect on the date of the deposit of all the ratifications, which shall take place at Wash-
Washington as soon as possible. The Government of the United States will transmit to the other Contracting Powers a certified copy of the procès-verbal of the deposit of ratifications.

The present Treaty, of which the French and English texts are both authentic, shall remain deposited in the archives of the Government of the United States, and duly certified copies thereof shall be transmitted by that Government to the other Contracting Powers.

In faith whereof the above-named Plenipotentiaries have signed the present Treaty.

Done at the City of Washington the sixth day of February, One Thousand Nine Hundred and Twenty-two.

[For the United States:]
Charles Evans Hughes [seal]
Henry Cabot Lodge [seal]
Oscar W. Underwood [seal]
Elihu Root [seal]

[For Belgium:]
Baron de Cartier de Marchienne [seal]

[For the United Kingdom:]
Arthur James Balfour [seal]
Lee of Fareham [seal]
A. C. Geddes [seal]

[For the Dominion of Canada:]
R. L. Borden [seal]

[For the Commonwealth of Australia:]
G. F. Pearce [seal]

[For the Dominion of New Zealand:]
John W. Salmond [seal]

[For the Union of South Africa:]
Arthur James Balfour [seal]

[For India:]
V. S. Srinivasa Sastri [seal]

[For China:]
Sao-Ke Alfred Sze [seal]
V. K. Wellington Koo [seal]
Chung-Hui Wang [seal]

[For France:]
A. Sarraut [seal]
Jusserand [seal]

[For Italy:]
Carlo Schanzer [seal]
V. Rolandi Ricci [seal]
Luigi Albertini [seal]

[For Japan:]
T. Kato [seal]
K. Shidehara [seal]
M. Hanihara [seal]

[For the Netherlands:]
Beelaerts van Blokland [seal]
W. de Beaufort [seal]

[For Portugal:]
Alte [seal]
Ernesto de Vasconcellos [seal]

[The following statement on behalf of China was included in the records of the conference at the sixth plenary meeting February 4:

““The Chinese Delegation has the honor to inform the Committee on Far Eastern Questions of the Conference on the Limitation of Armament that the Chinese Government have no intention to effect any change which may disturb the present administration of the Chinese Maritime Customs.”]